

# Converting Colors

XYZ(74.8605, 79.1971, 86.1595)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(74.8605, 79.1971, 86.1595)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(74.8538, 79.3590,  
86.2355)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E4E7E6
RGB	228, 231, 230
RGB Percent	89%, 91%, 90%
CMY	0.1059, 0.0941, 0.0980
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	160°, 6%, 90%
HSV	160°, 1%, 91%
XYZ	74.8538, 79.3590, 86.2355
YIQ	229.9890, -1.4670, -0.9470

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

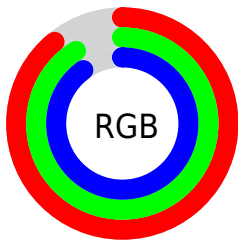
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	228, 230, 231
Decimal	15001574
CIE Lab	91.40, -1.18, 0.12
CIE LCh	91, 1.185, 174.011
Yxy	79.3590, 0.3113, 0.3300
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293191654 (0xFFE4E7E6)
YUV	229.9890, 0.0054, -1.7444
Hunter-Lab	89.0837, -5.9093, 4.9642

# Details

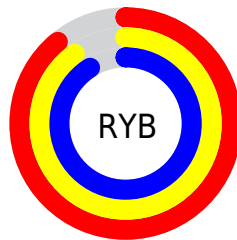
The XYZ color **74.8538, 79.3590, 86.2355** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **74.8443, 78.1350, 85.2697**, and the grayscale version is **75.2084, 79.1251, 86.1672**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **40.3014, 42.6393, 46.6635** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.9496, 75.4090, 80.3319**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83.7897, 83.8398, 92.4413**.

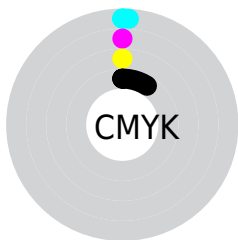
# Distribution



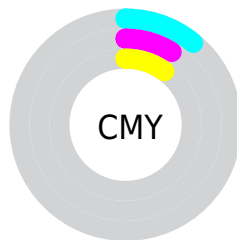
- Red (89%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (10%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 74.8538, 79.3590, 86.2355 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 74.8538, 79.3590, 86.2355 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 74.8538, 79.3590,  
86.2355

■ 74.8538, 79.3590,  
86.2355

466.4198,  
492.7700, 535.9583

■ 55.7869, 59.1910,  
64.3067

125.0944,  
132.4641, 143.9875

■ 40.2684, 42.7669,  
46.4514

156.9988,  
166.1701, 180.6479

■ 27.9330, 29.7023,  
32.2509

193.9131,  
205.1575, 223.0558

■ 18.4154, 19.6127,  
21.2868

236.2025,  
249.8107, 271.6298

■ 11.3501, 12.1138,  
13.1405

284.2326,  
300.5142, 326.7886

■ 6.3719, 6.8213,  
7.3935

338.3686,

■ 3.1153, 3.3506,

357.6523, 388.9505

3.6273

398.9759,  
421.6094, 458.5342

■ 1.2150, 1.3174,  
1.4232

■ 0.1182, 0.1546,  
0.1597

■ 74.8538, 79.3590,  
86.2355

■ 74.8538, 79.3590,  
86.2355

■ 66.9496, 75.4090,  
80.3319

■ 83.7897, 83.8398,  
92.4413

■ 60.0312, 71.9595,  
74.7204

■ 86.3664, 85.0345,  
98.6017

■ 54.0592, 68.9924,  
69.3973

■ 87.5729, 85.5171,  
104.9549

■ 48.9887, 66.4848,  
64.3573

■ 87.8674, 85.6349,  
106.5058

■ 44.7713, 64.4117,  
59.5947

■ 41.3539, 62.7458,  
55.1036

■ 38.6769, 61.4565,  
50.8775

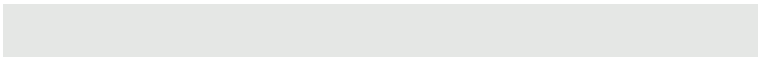
■ 36.6723, 60.5089,  
46.9097

■ 35.2587, 59.8609,  
43.1927

# Harmonies

## Analogous

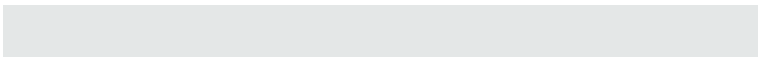
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.9607, 79.3590, 85.4374



74.8538, 79.3590, 86.2355



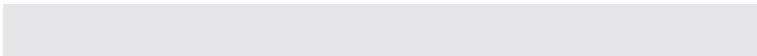
74.9005, 79.3590, 87.0852

# Triad

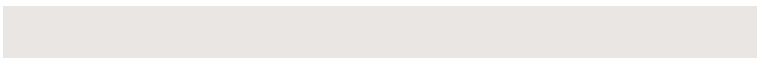
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.8538, 79.3590, 86.2355



75.6643, 79.3590, 87.9325



75.7692, 79.3590, 85.0733

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74.8538, 79.3590, 86.2355



74.8443, 78.1350, 85.2697

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



75.9586, 79.3590, 85.7353



74.8538, 79.3590, 86.2355



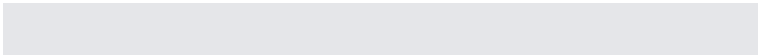
75.8979, 79.3590, 87.3868

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



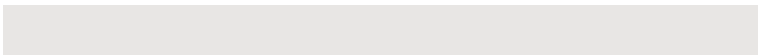
74.8538, 79.3590, 86.2355



75.3679, 79.3590, 88.0686



76.0058, 79.3590, 86.5817



75.4888, 79.3590, 84.7693

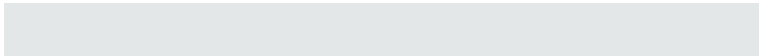


# Rectangle

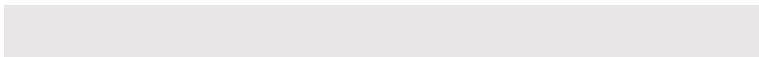
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



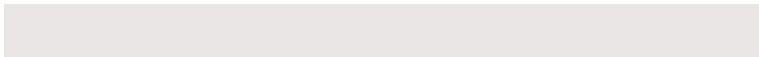
74.8538, 79.3590, 86.2355



75.0126, 79.3590, 87.5661



76.0058, 79.3590, 86.5817



75.8457, 79.3590, 85.2611

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.8560, 79.3624, 86.2372

95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000



74.9113, 79.4231, 84.7820



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.8560, 79.3624, 86.2372



92.9253, 98.9362, 107.3745



74.8715, 79.1671, 86.9400



15.8787, 16.8937, 18.3384



19.3406, 33.3683, 22.8255



1.4719, 2.4829, 1.9117



# Inverse Universe

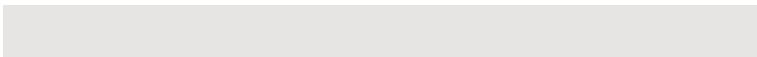
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.8443, 78.1350, 85.2697



92.9026, 96.5723, 105.5110



74.8286, 78.3274, 84.5748



15.8751, 16.5142, 18.0392



19.2815, 9.8468, 5.1116

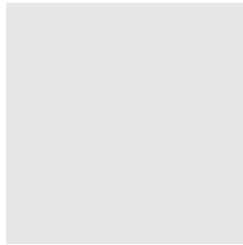


1.4668, 0.7444, 0.5985



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 74.8538, 79.3590, 86.2355 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

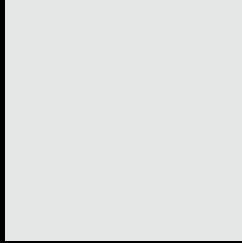
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 74.8538, 79.3590, 86.2355 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

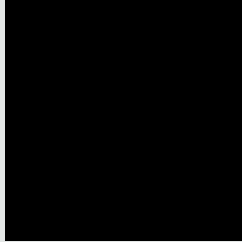
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

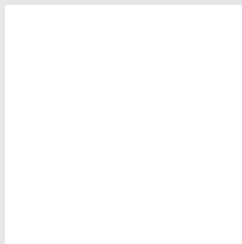


**XYZ 74.8538, 79.3590, 86.2355**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 74.8538, 79.3590, 86.2355.



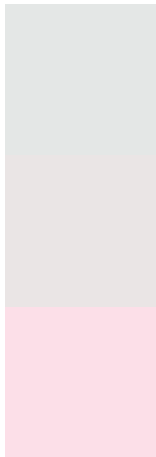
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 74.8538, 79.3590,

86.2355.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.8538, 79.3590, 86.2355

### Protanopia

76.0939, 79.1882, 85.4030

### Deuteranopia

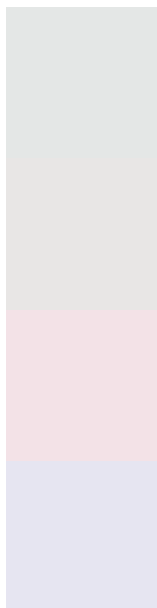
81.0980, 79.2970, 87.3755



## Tritanopia

77.4869, 79.1911, 99.1971

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

74.8538, 79.3590, 86.2355

## Protanomaly

75.7184, 79.4066, 85.4650

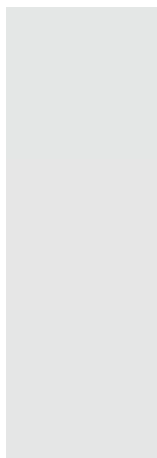
## Deuteranomaly

78.5823, 79.2169, 86.7500

## Tritanomaly

76.5296, 79.2125, 94.4751

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

74.8538, 79.3590, 86.2355

## Achromatopsia

75.2129, 79.1298, 86.1723

## Achromatomaly

74.8928, 78.9648, 86.1574

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 74.8538, 79.3590, 86.2355 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(228, 231, 230) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 231, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 231, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 231, 230) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 74.8538, 79.3590, 86.2355 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 231, 230) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 231, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(228, 231, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(228, 231, 230); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 231, 230);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 231,  
230) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 74.8538, 79.3590, 86.2355 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 231, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228,  
231, 230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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