

# Converting Colors

XYZ(75.0293, 77.6705,  
105.6452)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(75.0293, 77.6705, 105.6452)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(75.0068, 77.7669,  
105.6650)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DBE4FF
RGB	219, 228, 255
RGB Percent	86%, 89%, 100%
CMY	0.1412, 0.1059, 0.0000
CMYK	0.14, 0.11, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	225°, 100%, 93%
HSV	225°, 14%, 100%
XYZ	75.0068, 77.7669, 105.6650
YIQ	228.3870, -14.0310, 6.4890

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

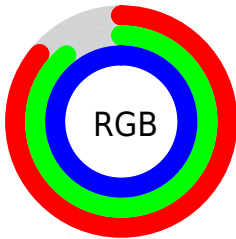
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	219, 226, 255
Decimal	14411007
CIE Lab	90.67, 2.25, -14.09
CIE LCh	91, 14.269, 279.083
Yxy	77.7669, 0.2902, 0.3009
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292601087 (0xFFDBE4FF)
YUV	228.3870, 13.1202, -8.2324
Hunter-Lab	88.1855, -2.5003, -9.3121

# Details

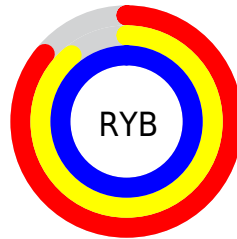
The XYZ color **75.0068, 77.7669, 105.6650** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **86.9814, 92.2844, 80.2476**, and the grayscale version is **73.9422, 77.7929, 84.7165**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **40.4465, 41.8569, 59.3735** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62.9422, 64.1669, 103.6758**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88.8326, 93.1427, 107.9041**.

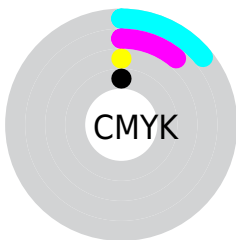
# Distribution



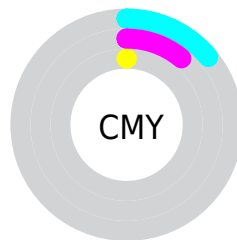
- Red (86%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 75.0068, 77.7669, 105.6650 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 75.0068, 77.7669, 105.6650 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 75.0068, 77.7669,  
105.6650

■ 75.0068, 77.7669,  
105.6650

466.9378,  
487.3748, 599.6076

■ 55.9127, 57.8825,  
80.3968

125.3098,  
130.2215, 171.0402

■ 40.3696, 41.7142,  
59.5169

157.2495,  
163.5604, 211.9842

■ 28.0123, 28.8776,  
42.6066

194.2016,  
202.1531, 258.9907

■ 18.4755, 18.9882,  
29.2474

236.5316,  
246.3838, 312.4781

■ 11.3936, 11.6618,  
19.0209

284.6049,  
296.6369, 372.8649

■ 6.4015, 6.5138,  
11.5084

338.7868,

■ 3.1337, 3.1600,

353.2968, 440.5698

6.2914

399.4426,  
416.7480, 516.0111

■ 1.2248, 1.2158,  
2.9515

■ 0.1259, 0.0746,  
1.0699

■ 75.0068, 77.7669,  
105.6650

■ 75.0068, 77.7669,  
105.6650

■ 62.9422, 64.1669,  
103.6758

■ 88.8326, 93.1427,  
107.9041

■ 52.5604, 52.2681,  
101.9263

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 43.7862, 42.0044,  
100.4076

■ 36.5361, 33.3014,  
99.1099

■ 30.7186, 26.0789,  
98.0224

■ 26.2322, 20.2489,  
97.1336

■ 22.9605, 15.7129,  
96.4305

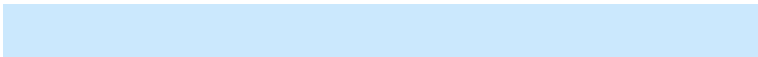
■ 20.7648, 12.3571,  
95.8985

■ 19.8707, 10.8614,  
95.6569

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.4854, 77.7669, 104.4507



75.0068, 77.7669, 105.6650



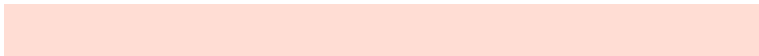
78.3390, 77.7669, 100.9129

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.0068, 77.7669, 105.6650



79.3865, 77.7669, 72.8478



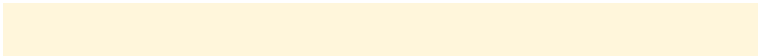
67.6716, 77.7669, 77.8319

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75.0068, 77.7669, 105.6650



86.9814, 92.2844, 80.2476

# Split Complementary

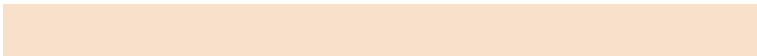
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.6610, 77.7669, 70.2796



75.0068, 77.7669, 105.6650



76.3992, 77.7669, 67.5674

# Square

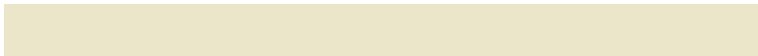
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75.0068, 77.7669, 105.6650



80.9207, 77.7669, 81.6016



72.8341, 77.7669, 66.6667



67.3260, 77.7669, 87.8245



# Rectangle

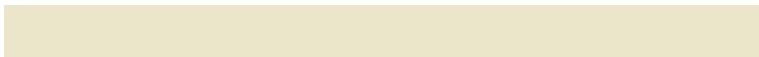
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75.0068, 77.7669, 105.6650



79.9774, 77.7669, 95.2099



72.8341, 77.7669, 66.6667



68.1671, 77.7669, 74.9472

# Sweetspot

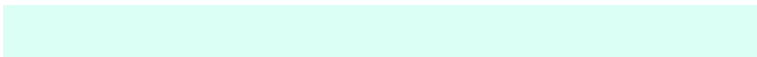
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.0089, 77.7700, 105.6655



89.0046, 93.3329, 107.9318



81.5168, 93.1975, 100.3997



18.8143, 19.7157, 23.0638



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.0089, 77.7700, 105.6655



71.3526, 73.6692, 105.0666



75.1875, 74.2805, 104.9825



17.3721, 18.1157, 22.8310



10.4816, 5.8727, 50.0157



1.1028, 0.7362, 4.8973



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80.5764, 77.5259, 84.1197



77.9469, 73.4725, 79.5266



86.7635, 96.3362, 81.0412



18.1957, 18.0616, 19.6477



22.0788, 11.3208, 3.7995

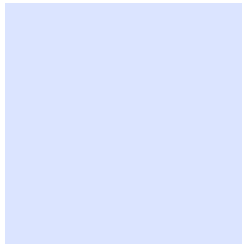


2.1912, 1.1189, 0.5885



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 75.0068, 77.7669, 105.6650 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

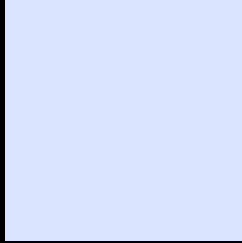
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 75.0068, 77.7669, 105.6650 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

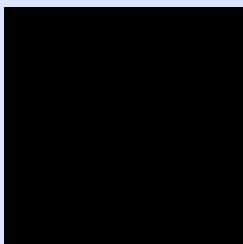
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 75.0068, 77.7669, 105.6650

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 75.0068, 77.7669, 105.6650.



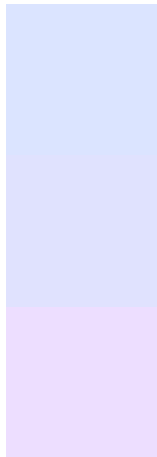
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 75.0068, 77.7669,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

75.0068, 77.7669, 105.6650

### Protanopia

75.8262, 77.3958, 104.7083

### Deuteranopia

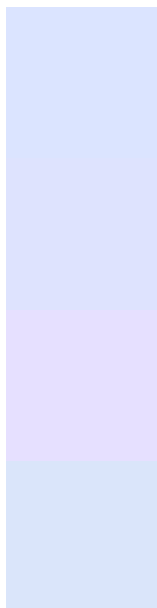
79.0963, 77.4671, 105.3916



## **Tritanopia**

73.7213, 77.6594, 99.0999

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

75.0068, 77.7669, 105.6650

## Protanomaly

75.4827, 77.6235, 104.7704

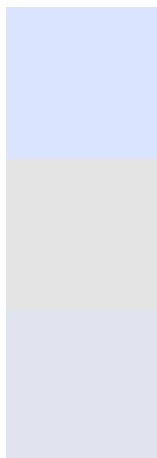
## Deuteranomaly

77.3388, 77.3543, 105.4624

## Tritanomaly

74.1881, 77.8462, 101.5582

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

75.0068, 77.7669, 105.6650

## Achromatopsia

73.7419, 77.5822, 84.4870

## Achromatomaly

74.2274, 77.6674, 91.9680

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 75.0068, 77.7669, 105.6650 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 228, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 228, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 228, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 228, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 75.0068, 77.7669, 105.6650 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 228, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 228, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 228, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(219, 228, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 228, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 228,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 75.0068, 77.7669, 105.6650 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 228, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219,  
228, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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