

# Converting Colors

XYZ(75.1196, 68.9976, 59.2609)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(75.1196, 68.9976, 59.2609)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(71.8750, 67.3068,  
59.0725)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFCAC0
RGB	255, 202, 192
RGB Percent	100%, 79%, 75%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2078, 0.2471
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.25, 0.00
HSL	10°, 100%, 88%
HSV	10°, 25%, 100%
XYZ	71.8750, 67.3068, 59.0725
YIQ	216.7070, 34.7980, 8.1260

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

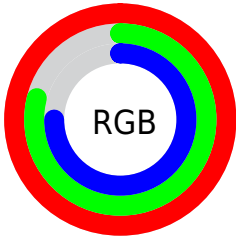
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 204, 192
Decimal	16763584
CIE Lab	85.66, 17.35, 12.15
CIE LCh	86, 21.180, 35.019
Yxy	67.3068, 0.3625, 0.3395
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294953664 (0xFFFFCAC0)
YUV	216.7070, -12.1806, 33.5830
Hunter-Lab	82.0407, 12.8107, 14.7374

# Details

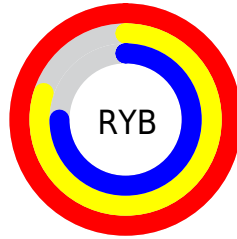
The XYZ color **71.8750, 67.3068, 59.0725** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **72.4397, 83.7287, 106.9510**, and the grayscale version is **65.8182, 69.2458, 75.4087**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.9433, 99.5573, 103.0721**, and **38.2761, 34.9142, 29.1478** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64.6027, 56.8990, 43.8958**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80.3396, 79.3156, 77.0633**.

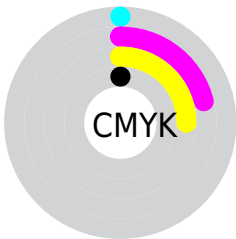
# Distribution



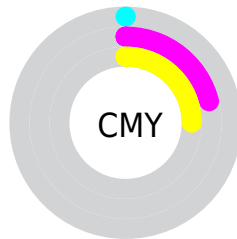
- Red (100%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (25%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 71.8750, 67.3068, 59.0725 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 71.8750, 67.3068, 59.0725 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 71.8750, 67.3068,  
59.0725

 71.8750, 67.3068,  
59.0725


456.2708,  
451.0360, 438.8799

 53.3417, 49.3340,  
42.2511


 120.8906,  
115.3599, 105.0132

 38.3042, 34.8845,  
28.9709


152.1035,  
146.2090, 134.9695

 26.3971, 23.5739,  
18.8134


188.2737,  
182.1190, 170.1413

 17.2552, 15.0179,  
11.3601

229.7665,  
223.4743, 210.9470

 10.5130, 8.8319,  
6.1924

276.9472,  
270.6592, 257.8051

 5.8053, 4.6317,  
2.8917

330.1813,

 2.7666, 2.0328,

324.0582, 311.1343

1.0396

389.8340,  
384.0557, 371.3531

■ 1.0316, 0.6264,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 71.8750, 67.3068,  
59.0725

■ 71.8750, 67.3068,  
59.0725

■ 64.6027, 56.8990,  
43.8958

■ 80.3396, 79.3156,  
77.0633

■ 58.4641, 48.0156,  
31.3865

■ 90.0422, 92.9797,  
97.9964

■ 53.4025, 40.5875,  
21.3909

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 49.3545, 34.5362,  
13.7381

■ 46.2498, 29.7761,  
8.2354

■ 44.0088, 26.2116,  
4.6594

■ 42.5374, 23.7333,  
2.7370

■ 42.0156, 22.8112,  
2.1885

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73.6663, 67.3068, 70.9857



71.8750, 67.3068, 59.0725



67.9713, 67.3068, 51.7449

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.8750, 67.3068, 59.0725



55.9273, 67.3068, 62.6287



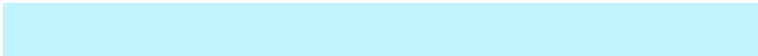
64.7882, 67.3068, 103.0652

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71.8750, 67.3068, 59.0725



72.4397, 83.7287, 106.9510

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.1349, 67.3068, 100.1021



71.8750, 67.3068, 59.0725



55.1698, 67.3068, 75.6348

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71.8750, 67.3068, 59.0725



58.7959, 67.3068, 53.6101



56.6727, 67.3068, 89.6133



69.4456, 67.3068, 97.2677



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71.8750, 67.3068, 59.0725



64.7819, 67.3068, 49.8767



56.6727, 67.3068, 89.6133



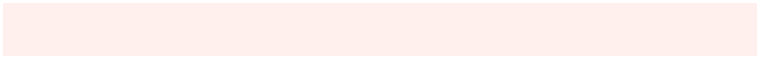
63.1711, 67.3068, 103.0671

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.8766, 67.3098, 59.0739



87.7036, 89.6944, 92.9260



76.6556, 65.5862, 95.4465



18.6429, 19.0165, 19.6102



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.8766, 67.3098, 59.0739



67.8805, 61.6030, 50.6961



79.8795, 83.3157, 61.7415



18.2423, 18.4527, 18.7446



22.0225, 12.0563, 1.1664

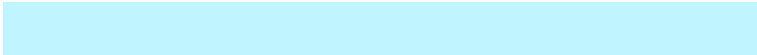


2.2080, 1.3014, 0.1348



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72.4397, 83.7287, 106.9510



68.5311, 80.7564, 106.5833



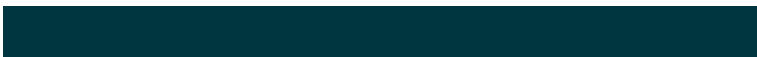
63.8481, 66.5456, 104.0872



18.2948, 19.9611, 23.1386



22.1551, 29.2198, 53.9069



2.2201, 2.9710, 5.2697



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 71.8750, 67.3068, 59.0725 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

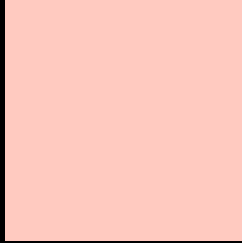
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 71.8750, 67.3068, 59.0725 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

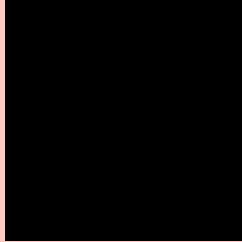
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 71.8750, 67.3068, 59.0725

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 71.8750, 67.3068, 59.0725.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 71.8750, 67.3068,

59.0725.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

71.8750, 67.3068, 59.0725

### Protanopia

64.3638, 67.6999, 63.1011

### Deuteranopia

69.0250, 67.6203, 58.7042



## Tritanopia

74.0319, 67.4236, 72.7305

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

71.8750, 67.3068, 59.0725

## Protanomaly

66.9421, 67.5711, 61.7389

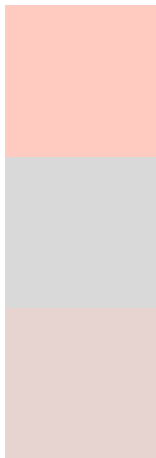
## Deuteranomaly

69.9467, 67.3807, 58.6094

## Tritanomaly

73.2672, 67.4895, 67.5577

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

71.8750, 67.3068, 59.0725

## Achromatopsia

65.9525, 69.3872, 75.5626

## Achromatomaly

67.8836, 68.6300, 69.3436

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 71.8750, 67.3068, 59.0725 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 202, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 202, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 202, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 202, 192) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 71.8750, 67.3068, 59.0725 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 202, 192) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 202, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 202, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 202, 192); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 202, 192); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 202, 192) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 71.8750, 67.3068, 59.0725 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 202, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
202, 192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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