

# Converting Colors

XYZ(75.1393, 86.6086,  
101.5638)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(75.1393, 86.6086, 101.5638)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(75.1393, 86.6086,  
101.5638)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CBF8F8
RGB	203, 248, 248
RGB Percent	80%, 97%, 97%
CMY	0.2039, 0.0274, 0.0274
CMYK	0.18, 0.00, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	180°, 76%, 88%
HSV	180°, 18%, 97%
XYZ	75.1393, 86.6086, 101.5638
YIQ	234.5450, -26.8200, -9.5400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

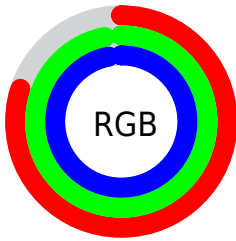
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	203, 226, 248
Decimal	13367544
CIE Lab	94.57, -14.28, -4.77
CIE LCh	95, 15.056, 198.482
Yxy	86.6086, 0.2854, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291557624 (0xFFC8F8F8)
YUV	234.5450, 6.6333, -27.6650
Hunter-Lab	93.0637, -18.7413, 0.4393

# Details

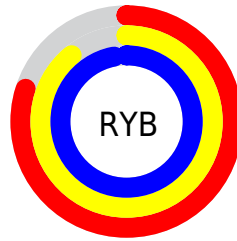
The XYZ color **75.1393, 86.6086, 101.5638** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **70.8499, 66.9826, 65.6984**, and the grayscale version is **78.5877, 82.6804, 90.0389**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **40.5768, 47.8009, 56.9571** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68.9187, 83.4041, 101.2731**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82.4453, 90.3772, 101.9090**.

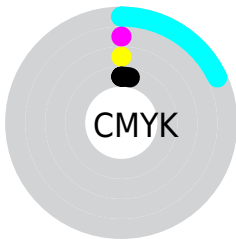
# Distribution



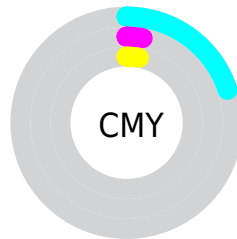
- Red (80%)
- Green (97%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (3%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 75.1393, 86.6086, 101.5638 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 75.1393, 86.6086, 101.5638 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



75.1393, 86.6086,  
101.5638

75.1393, 86.6086,  
101.5638

467.3860,  
516.9359, 586.4843

56.0216, 65.1714,  
76.9830

125.4964,  
142.6185, 165.3751

40.4573, 47.6000,  
56.7275

157.4665,  
177.9599, 205.4428

28.0811, 33.5103,  
40.3786

194.4514,  
218.7048, 251.5098

18.5276, 22.5176,  
27.5178

236.8165,  
265.2376, 303.9947

11.4314, 14.2377,  
17.7266

284.9272,  
317.9428, 363.3160

6.4272, 8.2862,  
10.5865

339.1487,

3.1496, 4.2786,

377.2046, 429.8924

5.6789

399.8466,  
443.4075, 504.1423

■ 1.2334, 1.8306,  
2.5852

■ 0.1325, 0.5061,  
0.8848

■ 75.1393, 86.6086,  
101.5638

■ 75.1393, 86.6086,  
101.5638

■ 68.9187, 83.4041,  
101.2731

■ 82.4453, 90.3772,  
101.9090

■ 63.7247, 80.7265,  
101.0285

■ 90.8769, 94.7238,  
102.3050

■ 59.5044, 78.5509,  
100.8296

■ 91.7533, 95.1756,  
102.3475

■ 56.1972, 76.8460,  
100.6733

■ 91.7536, 95.1757,  
102.3490

■ 53.7355, 75.5770,  
100.5567

■ 91.7539, 95.1758,  
102.3505

■ 52.0429, 74.7044,  
100.4760

■ 91.7541, 95.1759,  
102.3519

■ 51.0286, 74.1816,  
100.4271

■ 91.7544, 95.1761,  
102.3534

■ 50.5678, 73.9441,  
100.4041

■ 91.7547, 95.1762,  
102.3549

■ 50.5102, 73.9144,  
100.4011

■ 91.7550, 95.1763,  
102.3563

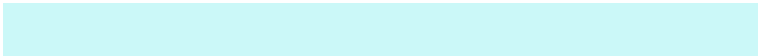
# Harmonies

## Analogous

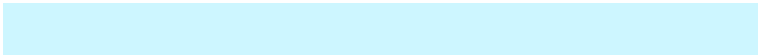
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.9087, 86.6086, 89.9109



75.1393, 86.6086, 101.5638



77.2552, 86.6086, 112.0400

# Triad

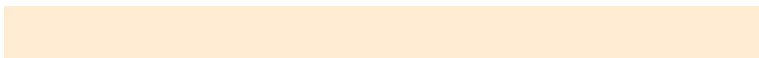
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.1393, 86.6086, 101.5638



88.2995, 86.6086, 109.9007



83.8864, 86.6086, 74.0597

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



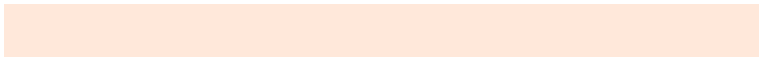
75.1393, 86.6086, 101.5638



70.8499, 66.9826, 65.6984

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.5991, 86.6086, 78.5426



75.1393, 86.6086, 101.5638



90.2023, 86.6086, 98.8339

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75.1393, 86.6086, 101.5638



84.8169, 86.6086, 117.1192



89.9418, 86.6086, 87.3949

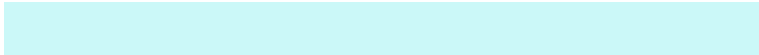


79.8704, 86.6086, 74.6593

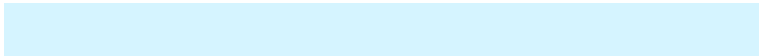


# Rectangle

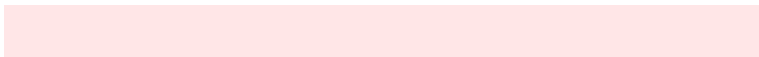
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



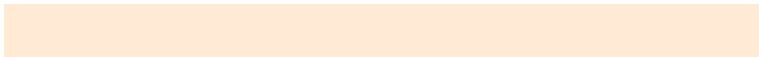
75.1393, 86.6086, 101.5638



79.4904, 86.6086, 116.6521



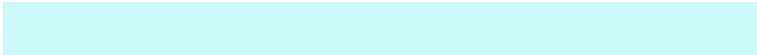
89.9418, 86.6086, 87.3949



85.2136, 86.6086, 75.0062

# Sweetspot

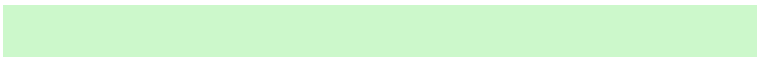
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.1418, 86.6122, 101.5658



90.5137, 97.6615, 108.6869



69.1829, 84.2522, 69.1176



19.2425, 20.8359, 23.2573



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

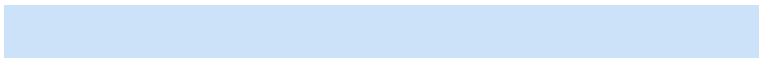
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.1418, 86.6122, 101.5658



77.3360, 90.8682, 108.0676



68.8388, 74.0054, 99.4673



17.7658, 19.6086, 22.2335



27.2844, 39.9268, 54.2344



2.5270, 3.6979, 5.0231



# Inverse Universe

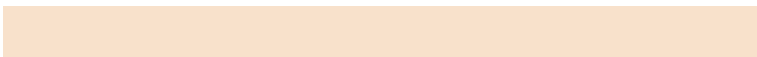
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.8499, 66.9826, 65.6984



71.9381, 66.1799, 62.9569



76.3517, 77.9867, 67.5304



17.2447, 17.2253, 17.8786



20.9120, 10.7805, 0.9791

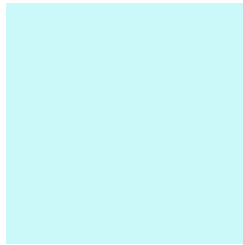


1.9368, 0.9985, 0.0908



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 75.1393, 86.6086, 101.5638 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

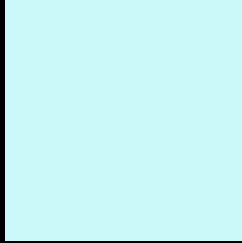
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 75.1393, 86.6086, 101.5638 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

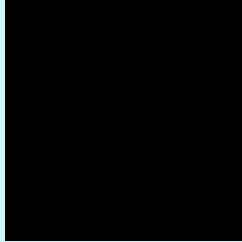
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 75.1393, 86.6086, 101.5638

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 75.1393, 86.6086, 101.5638.



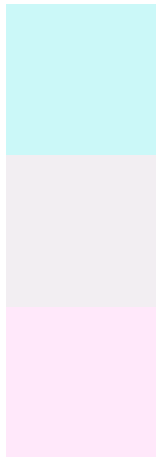
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 75.1393, 86.6086,

101.5638.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

75.1393, 86.6086, 101.5638

### Protanopia

83.2195, 86.4371, 96.3023

### Deuteranopia

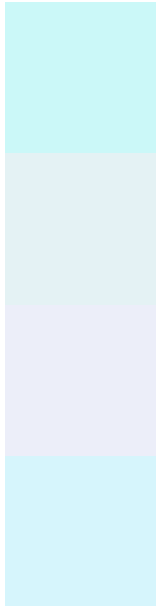
87.3519, 85.8754, 102.4141



## Tritanopia

79.6158, 86.5368, 107.1148

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

75.1393, 86.6086, 101.5638

## Protanomaly

80.0762, 86.5299, 98.0694

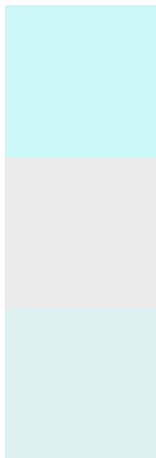
## Deuteranomaly

82.2655, 85.8215, 101.8519

## Tritanomaly

77.9547, 86.6292, 104.7079

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

75.1393, 86.6086, 101.5638

## Achromatopsia

78.9647, 83.0770, 90.4708

## Achromatomaly

77.3197, 84.2994, 94.6343

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 75.1393, 86.6086, 101.5638 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(203, 248, 248)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 248, 248)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 248, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 248, 248) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 75.1393, 86.6086, 101.5638 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 248, 248) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 248, 248) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(203, 248, 248)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(203, 248, 248); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 248, 248);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 248,  
248) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 75.1393, 86.6086, 101.5638 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 248, 248) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
248, 248) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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