

# Converting Colors

XYZ(75.1444, 78.6185, 84.1865)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(75.1444, 78.6185, 84.1865)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(75.1632, 78.7405,  
83.9100)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E8E5E3
RGB	232, 229, 227
RGB Percent	91%, 90%, 89%
CMY	0.0902, 0.1019, 0.1098
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.02, 0.09
HSL	24°, 10%, 90%
HSV	24°, 2%, 91%
XYZ	75.1632, 78.7405, 83.9100
YIQ	229.6690, 2.4300, 0.0140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	232, 230, 227
Decimal	15263203
CIE Lab	91.12, 0.66, 1.32
CIE LCh	91, 1.477, 63.339
Yxy	78.7405, 0.3161, 0.3311
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293453283 (0xFFE8E5E3)
YUV	229.6690, -1.3158, 2.0443
Hunter-Lab	88.7358, -4.0903, 6.0495

# Details

The XYZ color **75.1632, 78.7405, 83.9100** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **74.5410, 78.7498, 87.6166**, and the grayscale version is **74.9793, 78.8840, 85.9047**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **40.4869, 42.4808, 45.0954** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68.4813, 70.1599, 66.9349**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82.5891, 88.1167, 103.2638**.

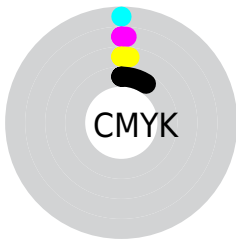
# Distribution



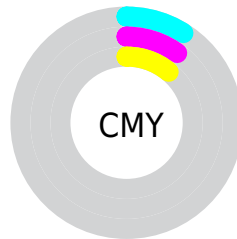
- Red (91%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 75.1632, 78.7405, 83.9100 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 75.1632, 78.7405, 83.9100 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 75.1632, 78.7405,  
83.9100

■ 75.1632, 78.7405,  
83.9100

467.4669,  
490.6780, 528.0646

■ 56.0412, 58.6825,  
62.3962

125.5300,  
131.5935, 140.7099

■ 40.4731, 42.3576,  
44.9150

157.5056,  
165.1572, 176.8330

■ 28.0935, 29.3814,  
31.0480

194.4964,  
203.9916, 218.6630

■ 18.5369, 19.3695,  
20.3767

236.8679,  
248.4812, 266.6184

■ 11.4382, 11.9376,  
12.4824

284.9853,  
299.0102, 321.1177

■ 6.4318, 6.7012,  
6.9466

339.2140,

■ 3.1525, 3.2759,

355.9631, 382.5794

3.3508

399.9194,  
419.7242, 451.4222

■ 1.2349, 1.2774,  
1.2764

■ 0.1337, 0.1236,  
0.0423

■ 75.1632, 78.7405,  
83.9100

■ 75.1632, 78.7405,  
83.9100

■ 68.4813, 70.1599,  
66.9349

■ 82.5891, 88.1167,  
103.2638

■ 62.5126, 62.3433,  
52.2406

■ 87.0892, 95.8961,  
108.5274

■ 57.2333, 55.2721,  
39.7302

■ 52.6163, 48.9229,  
29.2977

■ 48.6321, 43.2710,  
20.8281

■ 45.2488, 38.2902,  
14.1952

■ 42.4314, 33.9523,  
9.2576

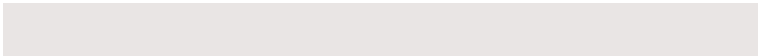
■ 40.1402, 30.2265,  
5.8533

■ 38.3291, 27.0786,  
3.7874

# Harmonies

## Analogous

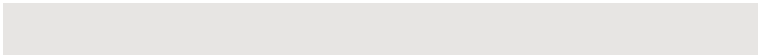
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75.4421, 78.7405, 84.6096



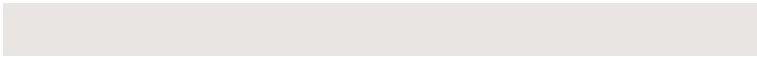
75.1632, 78.7405, 83.9100



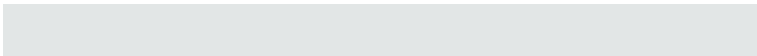
74.7987, 78.7405, 83.6980

# Triad

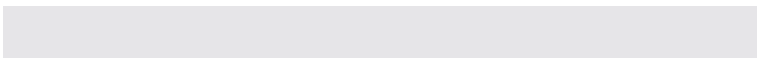
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.1632, 78.7405, 83.9100



74.1258, 78.7405, 85.8549



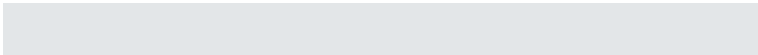
75.2359, 78.7405, 87.4649

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



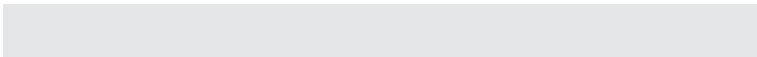
75.1632, 78.7405, 83.9100



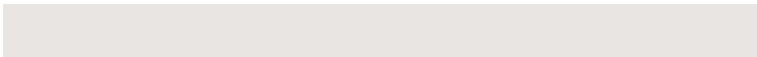
74.5410, 78.7498, 87.6166

# Split Complementary

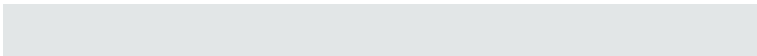
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.8823, 78.7405, 87.8048



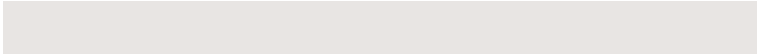
75.1632, 78.7405, 83.9100



74.2421, 78.7405, 86.8704

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



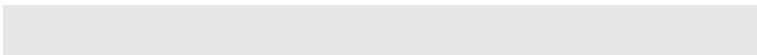
75.1632, 78.7405, 83.9100



74.2005, 78.7405, 84.8154



74.5187, 78.7405, 87.5863



75.4841, 78.7405, 86.6612

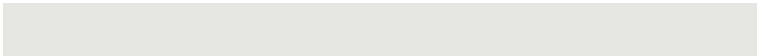


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



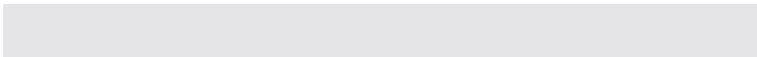
75.1632, 78.7405, 83.9100



74.5563, 78.7405, 83.8603



74.5187, 78.7405, 87.5863



75.1254, 78.7405, 87.6374

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.1654, 78.7439, 83.9117



94.1566, 98.8658, 106.5902



75.0319, 77.8084, 85.9280



20.1628, 21.1733, 22.8390



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

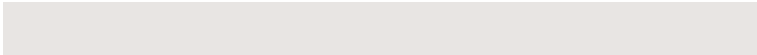


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

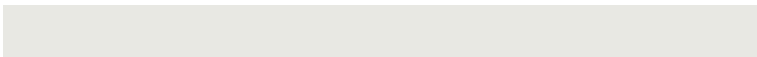
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.1654, 78.7439, 83.9117



92.3976, 96.6271, 102.0601



75.8611, 80.1352, 84.1436



15.6547, 16.3454, 17.1275



20.7628, 14.0997, 1.6272

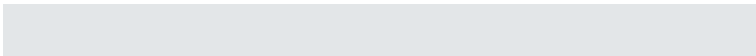


1.6232, 1.2198, 0.1499



# Inverse Universe

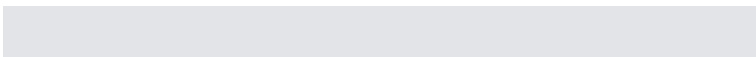
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.5410, 78.7498, 87.6166



91.3210, 96.6372, 108.4475



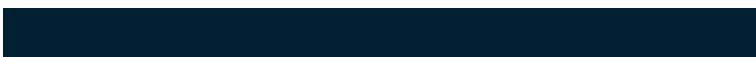
73.8513, 77.3705, 87.3867



15.4256, 16.3476, 18.4867



13.3397, 13.7415, 44.3325

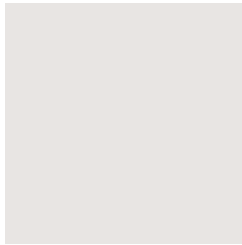


1.0761, 1.1962, 3.3061



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 75.1632, 78.7405, 83.9100 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

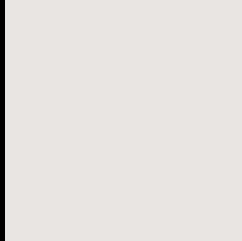
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 75.1632, 78.7405, 83.9100 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

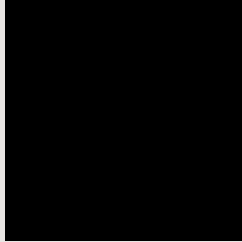
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

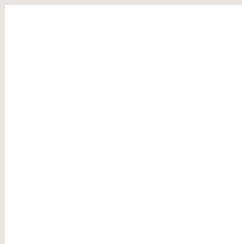
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 75.1632, 78.7405, 83.9100

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 75.1632, 78.7405, 83.9100.



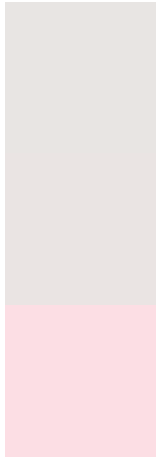
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 75.1632, 78.7405,

83.9100.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

75.1632, 78.7405, 83.9100

### Protanopia

75.5402, 78.5253, 83.8485

### Deuteranopia

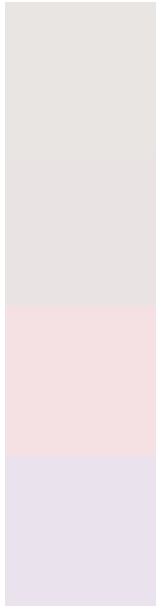
80.2698, 78.5394, 84.3277



## Tritanopia

77.7864, 78.5865, 96.6569

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

75.1632, 78.7405, 83.9100

## Protanomaly

75.2128, 78.3565, 83.8332

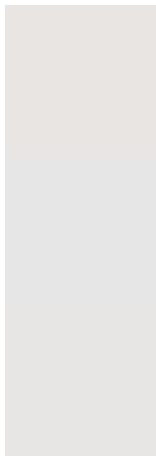
## Deuteranomaly

78.5850, 78.8643, 84.4793

## Tritanomaly

76.8334, 78.6036, 92.0114

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

75.1632, 78.7405, 83.9100

## Achromatopsia

75.2129, 79.1298, 86.1723

## Achromatomaly

75.3947, 79.2397, 85.4498

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 75.1632, 78.7405, 83.9100 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(232, 229, 227) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(232, 229, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(232, 229, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(232, 229, 227) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 75.1632, 78.7405, 83.9100 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(232, 229, 227) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(232, 229, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(232, 229, 227)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(232, 229, 227); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 229, 227);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 229,  
227) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 75.1632, 78.7405, 83.9100 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(232, 229, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(232,  
229, 227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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