

# Converting Colors

XYZ(75.2331, 80.0835, 75.1112)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(75.2331, 80.0835, 75.1112)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(75.2552, 80.2304,  
75.1380)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	<a href="#">EBE8D6</a>
RGB	<a href="#">235, 232, 214</a>
RGB Percent	<a href="#">92%, 91%, 84%</a>
CMY	<a href="#">0.0784, 0.0902, 0.1608</a>
CMYK	<a href="#">0.00, 0.01, 0.09, 0.08</a>
HSL	<a href="#">51°, 34%, 88%</a>
HSV	<a href="#">51°, 9%, 92%</a>
XYZ	<a href="#">75.2552, 80.2304, 75.1380</a>
YIQ	<a href="#">230.8450, 7.5660, -4.9620</a>

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

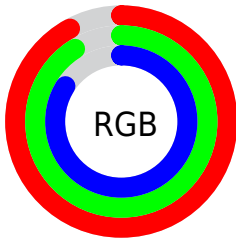
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	218, 235, 214
Decimal	15460566
CIE Lab	91.79, -2.04, 9.10
CIE LCh	92, 9.330, 102.647
Yxy	80.2304, 0.3263, 0.3479
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293650646 (0xFFE8E8D6)
YUV	230.8450, -8.3046, 3.6439
Hunter-Lab	89.5714, -6.7797, 12.9639

# Details

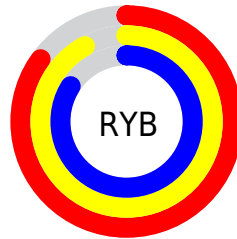
The XYZ color **75.2552, 80.2304, 75.1380** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **67.5399, 69.9190, 88.5342**, and the grayscale version is **75.8981, 79.8507, 86.9574**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **40.3737, 43.1376, 38.9993** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.5340, 77.2490, 60.1435**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **79.4318, 83.4281, 92.4225**.

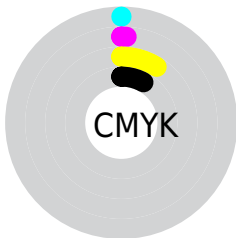
# Distribution



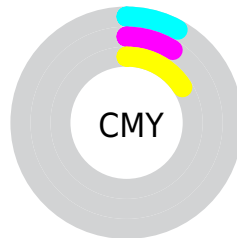
- Red (92%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 75.2552, 80.2304, 75.1380 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 75.2552, 80.2304, 75.1380 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 75.2552, 80.2304,  
75.1380

■ 75.2552, 80.2304,  
75.1380

467.7779,  
495.7090, 497.6598

■ 56.1169, 59.9080,  
55.2235

125.6595,  
133.6896, 128.2566

■ 40.5340, 43.3445,  
39.1809

157.6562,  
167.5952, 162.2978

■ 28.1412, 30.1555,  
26.5916

194.6698,  
206.7973, 201.8850

■ 18.5731, 19.9566,  
17.0370

237.0656,  
251.6802, 247.4367

■ 11.4644, 12.3635,  
10.0986

285.2090,  
302.6285, 299.3715

■ 6.4497, 6.9918,  
5.3580

339.4652,

■ 3.1636, 3.4569,

360.0264, 358.1080

2.3964

400.1998,  
424.2585, 424.0645

■ 1.2409, 1.3747,  
0.7845

■ 0.1383, 0.1980,  
0.0000

■ 75.2552, 80.2304,  
75.1380

■ 75.2552, 80.2304,  
75.1380

■ 71.5340, 77.2490,  
60.1435

■ 79.4318, 83.4281,  
92.4225

■ 68.2432, 74.4657,  
47.3365

■ 83.0932, 86.4460,  
106.9140

■ 65.3650, 71.8759,  
36.6145

■ 84.0822, 88.4241,  
107.2437

■ 62.8779, 69.4710,  
27.8649

■ 85.0895, 90.4387,  
107.5795

■ 60.7584, 67.2412,  
20.9642

■ 86.1153, 92.4902,  
107.9214

■ 58.9803, 65.1760,  
15.7751

■ 87.1595, 94.5786,  
108.2694

■ 57.5139, 63.2633,  
12.1412

■ 88.0714, 96.4024,  
108.5734

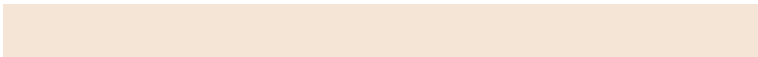
■ 56.3238, 61.4889,  
9.8773

■ 55.3567, 59.8311,  
8.7027

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.6351, 80.2304, 75.3912



75.2552, 80.2304, 75.1380



73.1864, 80.2304, 78.0326

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.2552, 80.2304, 75.1380



72.9271, 80.2304, 96.5774



80.7261, 80.2304, 91.3406

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75.2552, 80.2304, 75.1380



67.5399, 69.9190, 88.5342

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79.4115, 80.2304, 97.3967



75.2552, 80.2304, 75.1380



74.8945, 80.2304, 100.5269

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



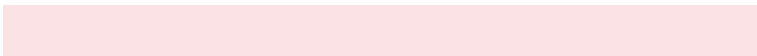
75.2552, 80.2304, 75.1380



71.8612, 80.2304, 90.2696



77.2668, 80.2304, 100.8343



80.8276, 80.2304, 84.5083



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75.2552, 80.2304, 75.1380



72.2485, 80.2304, 81.4502



77.2668, 80.2304, 100.8343



80.4102, 80.2304, 93.5432

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.2574, 80.2339, 75.1397



93.4954, 98.8227, 102.4261



70.8525, 70.7741, 75.6756



19.9248, 21.0856, 21.5624



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

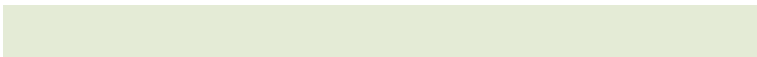
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.2574, 80.2339, 75.1397



89.5950, 95.7967, 86.4053



73.7310, 80.7096, 75.3120



16.1581, 17.2393, 15.9946



30.8262, 33.3466, 4.8118



2.4708, 2.7189, 0.3946



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67.5399, 69.9190, 88.5342



78.2751, 80.6674, 106.0526



68.9686, 69.5197, 88.3818



14.4045, 14.8955, 19.0382



8.7112, 4.0694, 44.0693

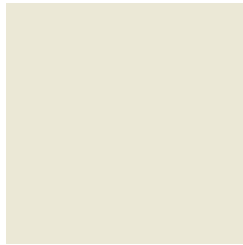


0.7382, 0.4280, 3.4786



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 75.2552, 80.2304, 75.1380 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

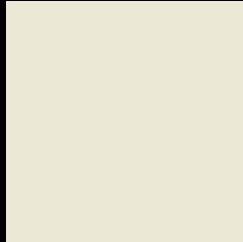
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 75.2552, 80.2304, 75.1380 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

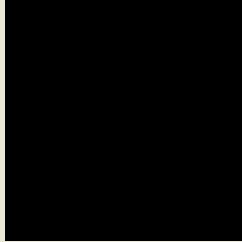
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

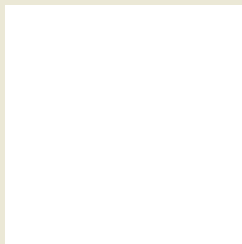
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 75.2552, 80.2304, 75.1380

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 75.2552, 80.2304, 75.1380.



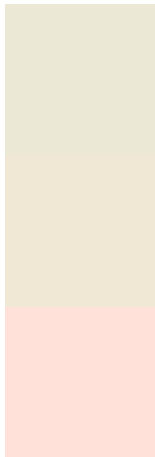
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 75.2552, 80.2304,

75.1380.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

75.2552, 80.2304, 75.1380

### Protanopia

76.5213, 80.4812, 74.4521

### Deuteranopia

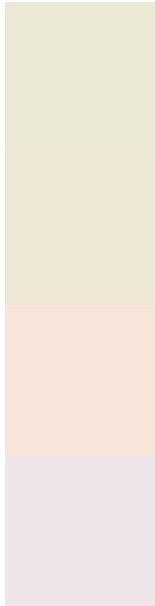
80.8201, 80.1724, 77.5448



## **Tritanopia**

79.8857, 80.0560, 97.6281

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

75.2552, 80.2304, 75.1380

## Protanomaly

75.8460, 80.1331, 74.4205

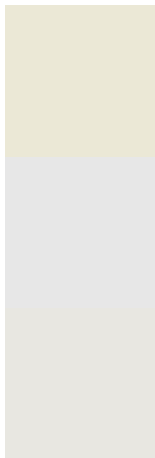
## Deuteranomaly

78.9792, 80.4530, 77.0120

## Tritanomaly

78.1305, 80.1563, 89.1957

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

75.2552, 80.2304, 75.1380

## Achromatopsia

75.9547, 79.9103, 87.0223

## Achromatomaly

75.4452, 79.7439, 82.6499

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 75.2552, 80.2304, 75.1380 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(235, 232, 214) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 232, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 232, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 232, 214) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 75.2552, 80.2304, 75.1380 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 232, 214) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 232, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 232, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 232, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 232, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 232,  
214) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 75.2552, 80.2304, 75.1380 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 232, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
232, 214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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