

# Converting Colors

XYZ(75.2497, 81.9624, 73.4833)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(75.2497, 81.9624, 73.4833)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(75.3576, 82.0177, 73.4872)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(75.3576, 82.0177,  
73.4872)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E9ECD3
RGB	233, 236, 211
RGB Percent	91%, 93%, 83%
CMY	0.0863, 0.0745, 0.1725
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.11, 0.07
HSL	67°, 40%, 88%
HSV	67°, 11%, 93%
XYZ	75.3576, 82.0177, 73.4872
YIQ	232.2530, 6.2370, -8.4110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

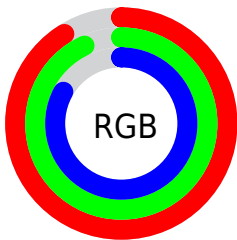
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">211, 236, 214</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15330515</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">92.58, -5.26, 11.78</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">93, 12.898, 114.057</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">82.0177, 0.3264, 0.3553</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4293520595</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFE9ECD3</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">232.2530, -10.4777, 0.6551</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">90.5636, -9.9573, 15.2841</a>

# Details

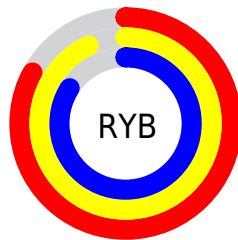
The XYZ color **75.3576, 82.0177, 73.4872** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **66.1693, 66.9430, 88.7951**, and the grayscale version is **76.9659, 80.9741, 88.1808**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **40.4535, 44.3899, 37.8885** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.6959, 80.4496, 58.9887**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **79.4731, 83.7744, 90.2778**.

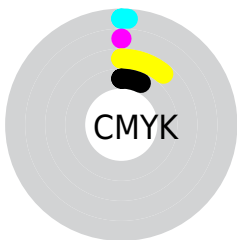
# Distribution



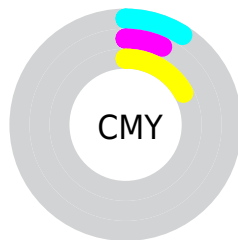
- Red (91%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (17%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 75.3576, 82.0177, 73.4872 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 75.3576, 82.0177, 73.4872 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 75.3576, 82.0177,  
73.4872

■ 75.3576, 82.0177,  
73.4872

468.1240,  
501.7069, 491.8176

■ 56.2011, 61.3801,  
53.8802

125.8036,  
136.1988, 125.8959

■ 40.6018, 44.5320,  
38.1134

157.8239,  
170.5112, 159.5347

■ 28.1944, 31.0890,  
25.7682

194.8628,  
210.1505, 198.6879

■ 18.6134, 20.6666,  
16.4261

237.2856,  
255.5014, 243.7739

■ 11.4936, 12.8805,  
9.6685

285.4578,  
306.9480, 295.2113

■ 6.4696, 7.3463,  
5.0770

339.7447,

■ 3.1760, 3.6796,

364.8749, 353.4187

2.2330

400.5117,  
429.6664, 418.8147

■ 1.2475, 1.4960,  
0.6933

■ 0.1434, 0.2859,  
0.0000

■ 75.3576, 82.0177,  
73.4872

■ 75.3576, 82.0177,  
73.4872

■ 71.6959, 80.4496,  
58.9887

■ 79.4731, 83.7744,  
90.2778

■ 68.4624, 79.0518,  
46.6778

■ 83.5335, 85.5081,  
106.7098

■ 65.6390, 77.8198,  
36.4495

■ 84.4968, 86.0047,  
106.7549

■ 63.2037, 76.7447,  
28.1884

■ 85.4752, 86.5091,  
106.8006

61.1324, 75.8168,  
21.7678

86.4688, 87.0214,  
106.8471

59.3981, 75.0255,  
17.0460

87.4776, 87.5414,  
106.8944

57.9700, 74.3583,  
13.8612

88.5017, 88.0694,  
106.9423

56.8113, 73.8005,  
12.0197

89.2871, 88.4742,  
106.9790

55.9099, 73.3528,  
11.2117

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78.6246, 82.0177, 72.1744



75.3576, 82.0177, 73.4872



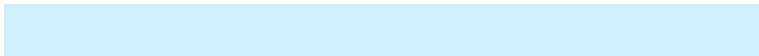
72.8532, 82.0177, 78.9014

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.3576, 82.0177, 73.4872



74.2333, 82.0177, 105.0954



84.5428, 82.0177, 91.2281

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75.3576, 82.0177, 73.4872



66.1693, 66.9430, 88.7951

# Split Complementary

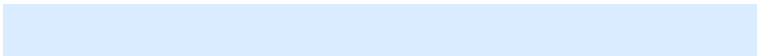
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.2903, 82.0177, 100.5815



75.3576, 82.0177, 73.4872



77.2900, 82.0177, 108.9482

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



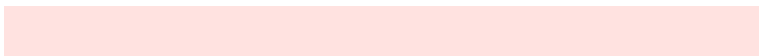
75.3576, 82.0177, 73.4872



72.2172, 82.0177, 97.0406



80.6122, 82.0177, 107.2401



83.9897, 82.0177, 81.9887



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75.3576, 82.0177, 73.4872



71.9212, 82.0177, 84.3287



80.6122, 82.0177, 107.2401



84.3179, 82.0177, 94.4698

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.3598, 82.0213, 73.4890



93.5052, 99.3431, 102.5260



70.3781, 70.5892, 71.5449



19.9274, 21.2267, 21.5894



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

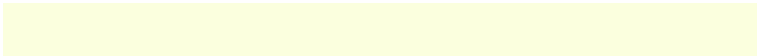


# Same Dimension

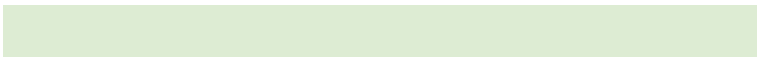
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.3598, 82.0213, 73.4890



88.7143, 97.2982, 83.1066



71.4483, 80.0048, 73.3059



16.1634, 17.5298, 16.0504



30.8904, 40.4691, 6.1832



2.4759, 3.2037, 0.4879



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.1693, 66.9430, 88.7951



75.4433, 75.5248, 105.2092



69.9320, 68.8827, 88.9712



14.3993, 14.6356, 18.9883



8.6712, 3.5061, 43.9627

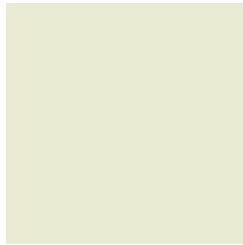


0.7359, 0.3037, 3.4547



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 75.3576, 82.0177, 73.4872 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

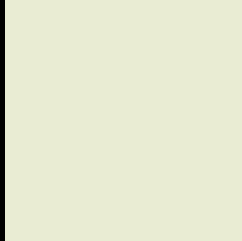
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 75.3576, 82.0177, 73.4872 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

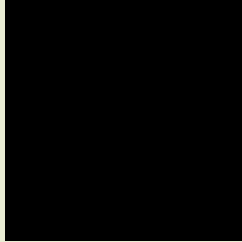
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

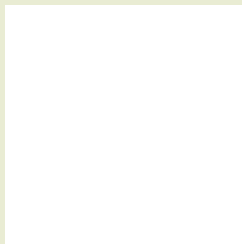
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 75.3576, 82.0177, 73.4872**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 75.3576, 82.0177, 73.4872.



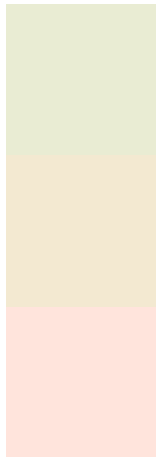
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 75.3576, 82.0177,

73.4872.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

75.3576, 82.0177, 73.4872

### Protanopia

77.6097, 81.9360, 72.0464

### Deuteranopia

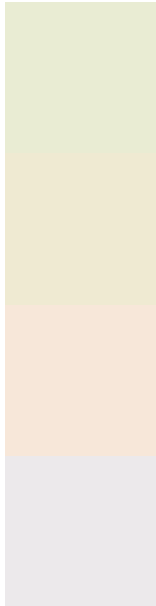
81.9017, 81.9141, 79.2045



## Tritanopia

80.9347, 82.1685, 101.2169

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

75.3576, 82.0177, 73.4872

## Protanomaly

76.6523, 81.8495, 72.7313

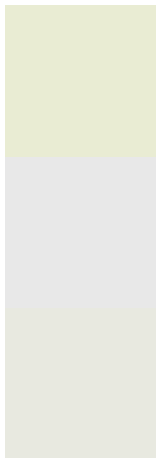
## Deuteranomaly

79.4581, 81.9357, 77.2729

## Tritanomaly

78.7264, 82.1089, 90.2965

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

75.3576, 82.0177, 73.4872

## Achromatopsia

76.7008, 80.6952, 87.8771

## Achromatomaly

75.8722, 80.8155, 82.1211

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 75.3576, 82.0177, 73.4872 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(233, 236, 211)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 236, 211)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 236, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 236, 211) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 75.3576, 82.0177, 73.4872 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 236, 211) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 236, 211) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(233, 236, 211)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(233, 236, 211); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 236, 211);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 236,  
211) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 75.3576, 82.0177, 73.4872 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 236, 211) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233,  
236, 211) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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