

Converting Colors

XYZ(75.3440, 77.5535, 50.0290)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(75.3440, 77.5535, 50.0290)
contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| XYZ(75.3420, 77.5499, 50.0274) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**XYZ(75.3420, 77.5499,
50.0274)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | FFE0AC |
| RGB | 255, 224, 172 |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 88%, 67% |
| CMY | 0.0000, 0.1215, 0.3255 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.12, 0.33, 0.00 |
| HSL | 38°, 100%, 84% |
| HSV | 38°, 33%, 100% |
| XYZ | 75.3420, 77.5499, 50.0274 |
| YIQ | 227.3410, 35.1680, -9.6000 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

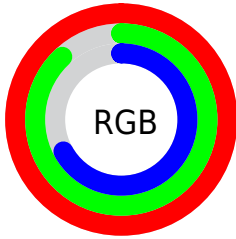
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 221, 255, 172 |
| Decimal | 16769196 |
| CIE Lab | 90.57, 3.37, 29.42 |
| CIE LCh | 91, 29.612, 83.469 |
| Yxy | 77.5499, 0.3713, 0.3822 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294959276 (0xFFFFE0AC) |
| YUV | 227.3410, -27.2831, 24.2569 |
| Hunter-Lab | 88.0624, -1.3932, 27.9616 |

Details

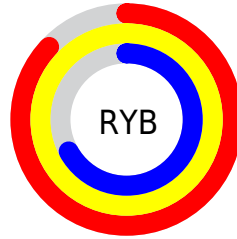
The XYZ color **75.3420, 77.5499, 50.0274** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **56.4185, 58.7005, 102.9644**, and the grayscale version is **73.4381, 77.2626, 84.1390**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.0036, 98.3814, 87.5919**, and **40.5437, 41.5782, 23.3413** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.6367, 71.6896, 37.5138**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80.6645, 83.8920, 65.0667**.

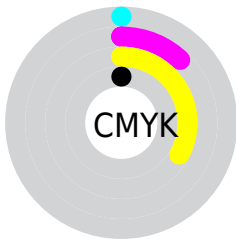
Distribution



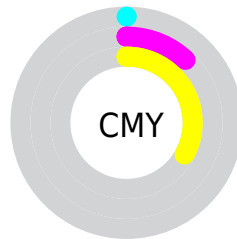
- Red (100%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 75.3420, 77.5499, 50.0274 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 75.3420, 77.5499, 50.0274 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 75.3420, 77.5499,
50.0274

 75.3420, 77.5499,
50.0274


468.0713,
486.6369, 403.5112

 56.1883, 57.7043,
35.0638


 125.7817,
129.9154, 91.6122

 40.5915, 41.5710,
23.4281


157.7983,
163.2042, 119.0705

 28.1863, 28.7655,
14.7017


194.8334,
201.7427, 151.5308

 18.6073, 18.9035,
8.4660

237.2521,
245.9155, 189.4117

 11.4892, 11.6006,
4.3025

285.4199,
296.1069, 233.1316

 6.4666, 6.4723,
1.7927

339.7022,

 3.1742, 3.1344,

352.7014, 283.1091

0.4232

400.4642,
416.0832, 339.7628

■ 1.2465, 1.2023,
0.0000

■ 0.1426, 0.0636,
0.0000

■ 75.3420, 77.5499,
50.0274

■ 75.3420, 77.5499,
50.0274

■ 70.6367, 71.6896,
37.5138

■ 80.6645, 83.8920,
65.0667

■ 66.5135, 66.2850,
27.3785

■ 86.6254, 90.7196,
82.7584

■ 62.9422, 61.3229,
19.4656

■ 93.2520, 98.0500,
103.2264

■ 59.8870, 56.7853,
13.5990

■ 95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 57.3070, 52.6515,
9.5750

■ 55.1530, 48.8979,
7.1475

■ 53.7722, 46.3244,
6.1074

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82.5236, 77.5499, 55.7000



75.3420, 77.5499, 50.0274



68.1764, 77.5499, 52.2551

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.3420, 77.5499, 50.0274



61.3916, 77.5499, 101.7627



85.7663, 77.5499, 111.1446

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75.3420, 77.5499, 50.0274



56.4185, 58.7005, 102.9644

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79.5327, 77.5499, 127.6931



75.3420, 77.5499, 50.0274



65.5453, 77.5499, 121.6730

Square

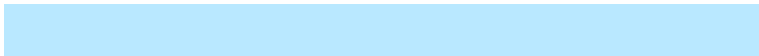
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75.3420, 77.5499, 50.0274



60.4346, 77.5499, 79.8802



72.0995, 77.5499, 131.8376



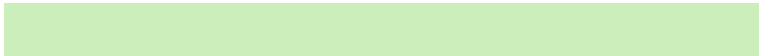
88.7971, 77.5499, 89.1674

Rectangle

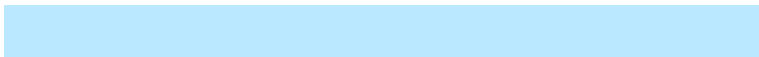
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75.3420, 77.5499, 50.0274



64.3308, 77.5499, 58.1414



72.0995, 77.5499, 131.8376



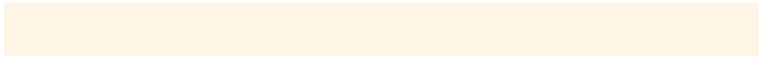
83.9567, 77.5499, 117.6662

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.3440, 77.5535, 50.0290



88.2499, 92.5394, 87.7059



66.8701, 55.1167, 64.1264



18.6962, 19.5916, 18.1838



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.3440, 77.5535, 50.0290



72.2386, 73.7169, 41.6745



80.9734, 93.9681, 52.9006



18.9578, 19.8838, 18.9831



28.2452, 24.5016, 3.2406



2.8550, 2.5955, 0.3505

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.4185, 58.7005, 102.9644



50.6742, 52.2447, 102.0212



52.0200, 46.6326, 100.8669



17.5587, 18.4889, 22.8932



11.7114, 8.3323, 50.4256



1.2410, 1.0126, 4.9433

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 75.3420, 77.5499, 50.0274 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

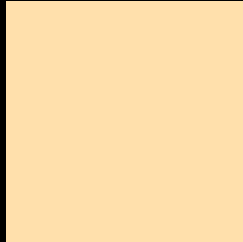
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 75.3420, 77.5499, 50.0274 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

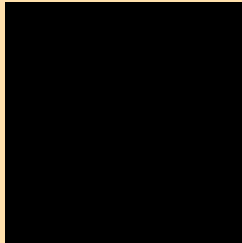
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 75.3420, 77.5499, 50.0274

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 75.3420, 77.5499, 50.0274.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 75.3420, 77.5499,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

75.3420, 77.5499, 50.0274

Protanopia

72.6916, 77.7759, 51.2254

Deuteranopia

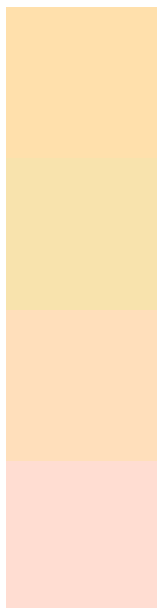
77.2116, 77.4427, 62.5082



Tritanopia

81.1370, 77.7492, 87.0747

Trichromacy



Original Color

75.3420, 77.5499, 50.0274

Protanomaly

73.7233, 77.9118, 50.6880

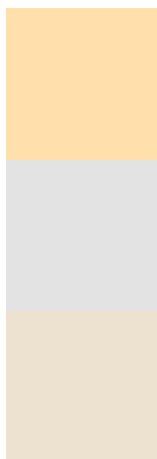
Deuteranomaly

76.5973, 77.6232, 57.9594

Tritanomaly

78.7293, 77.6260, 71.8066

Monochromacy



Original Color

75.3420, 77.5499, 50.0274

Achromatopsia

73.0128, 76.8151, 83.6517

Achromatomaly

73.3839, 76.9022, 70.0074

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 75.3420, 77.5499, 50.0274 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 224, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 224, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 224, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 224, 172) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 75.3420, 77.5499, 50.0274 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 224, 172) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 224, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 224, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 224, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 224, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 224,  
172) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 75.3420, 77.5499, 50.0274 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 224, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
224, 172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor