

# Converting Colors

XYZ(75.5184, 70.0064, 80.6016)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(75.5184, 70.0064, 80.6016)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(75.8068, 70.2743,  
80.8030)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| <b>Format</b> | <b>Color</b>               |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex           | FCCEE1                     |
| RGB           | 252, 206, 225              |
| RGB Percent   | 99%, 81%, 88%              |
| CMY           | 0.0118, 0.1921, 0.1176     |
| CMYK          | 0.00, 0.18, 0.11, 0.01     |
| HSL           | 335°, 88%, 90%             |
| HSV           | 335°, 18%, 99%             |
| XYZ           | 75.8068, 70.2743, 80.8030  |
| YIQ           | 221.9200, 21.3170, 15.6610 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

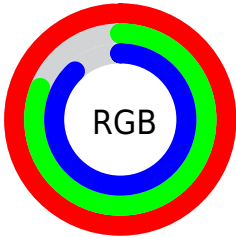
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                 |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R <sub>Y</sub> B                    | 252, 206, 225                |
| Decimal                             | 16568033                     |
| CIE Lab                             | 87.13, 19.16, -3.26          |
| CIE LCh                             | 87, 19.433, 350.343          |
| Yxy                                 | 70.2743, 0.3341,<br>0.3097   |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4294758113<br>(0xFFFCCEE1)   |
| YUV                                 | 221.9200, 1.5184,<br>26.3802 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 83.8298, 14.7145,<br>1.5316  |

# Details

The XYZ color **75.8068, 70.2743, 80.8030** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **74.9748, 88.6277, 90.2503**, and the grayscale version is **69.3555, 72.9673, 79.4614**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **40.9896, 36.9609, 43.0040** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68.2886, 58.3280, 68.7683**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84.4765, 84.2419, 94.0858**.

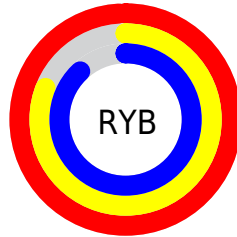
# Distribution



Red (99%)

Green (81%)

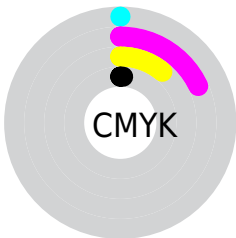
Blue (88%)



Red (99%)

Yellow (81%)

Blue (88%)

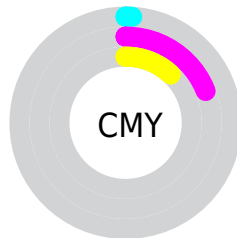


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (1%)

Magenta (19%)


Yellow (12%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 75.8068, 70.2743, 80.8030 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 75.8068, 70.2743, 80.8030 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 75.8068, 70.2743,  
80.8030

 75.8068, 70.2743,  
80.8030


469.6406,  
461.5125, 517.4128

 56.5706, 51.7502,  
59.8493


126.4356,  
119.5998, 136.3157

 40.8994, 36.8060,  
42.8727

158.5589,  
151.1701, 171.7118

 28.4278, 25.0573,  
29.4546

195.7086,  
187.8578, 212.7591

 18.7905, 16.1198,  
19.1764

238.2500,  
230.0474, 259.8762

 11.6221, 9.6089,  
11.6197

286.5486,  
278.1233, 313.4815

 6.5573, 5.1405,  
6.3659

340.9697,

 3.2306, 2.3299,

332.4698, 373.9938

2.9965

401.8786,  
393.4714, 441.8313

■ 1.2769, 0.7895,  
1.0928

■ 0.1658, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 75.8068, 70.2743,  
80.8030

■ 75.8068, 70.2743,  
80.8030

■ 68.2886, 58.3280,  
68.7683

■ 84.4765, 84.2419,  
94.0858

■ 61.8651, 48.2994,  
57.9387

■ 93.8888, 99.4091,  
108.4989

■ 56.4838, 40.0898,  
48.2746

■ 93.9553, 99.4357,  
108.8488

■ 52.0852, 33.5877,  
39.7327

■ 48.6033, 28.6693,  
32.2662

■ 45.9636, 25.1941,  
25.8242

■ 44.0786, 22.9959,  
20.3503

■ 42.8290, 21.8457,  
15.7754

■ 42.6477, 21.6966,  
15.0563

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73.7671, 70.2743, 93.6702



75.8068, 70.2743, 80.8030



75.3484, 70.2743, 68.1227

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.8068, 70.2743, 80.8030



63.7945, 70.2743, 55.3221



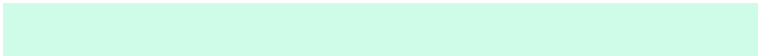
61.3577, 70.2743, 97.5016

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75.8068, 70.2743, 80.8030



74.9748, 88.6277, 90.2503

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.9122, 70.2743, 85.5735



75.8068, 70.2743, 80.8030



60.2741, 70.2743, 61.5968

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



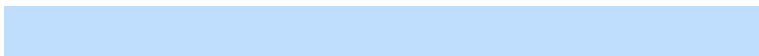
75.8068, 70.2743, 80.8030



68.2739, 70.2743, 54.3538



58.5248, 70.2743, 72.3849



65.3348, 70.2743, 104.0090

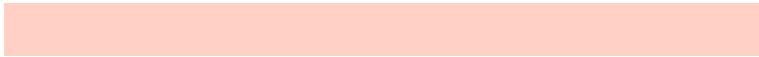


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75.8068, 70.2743, 80.8030



73.6952, 70.2743, 61.3982



58.5248, 70.2743, 72.3849



60.3370, 70.2743, 93.9334

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.8088, 70.2774, 80.8045



89.9348, 91.6605, 101.3656



73.1945, 68.4699, 101.4546



19.1012, 19.3777, 21.4755



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

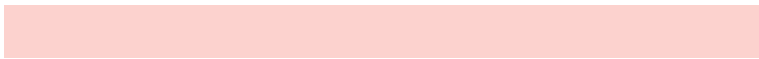
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.8088, 70.2774, 80.8045



74.8344, 67.3385, 78.2089



74.2934, 71.1658, 68.2170



17.5418, 17.3441, 19.4431



22.2846, 11.3296, 8.2070



2.1153, 1.0698, 1.0303



# Inverse Universe

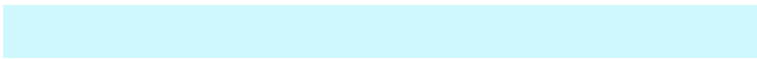
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.8088, 70.2774, 80.8045



74.8344, 67.3385, 78.2089



76.6452, 87.3893, 104.9245



17.5418, 17.3441, 19.4431



22.2846, 11.3296, 8.2070

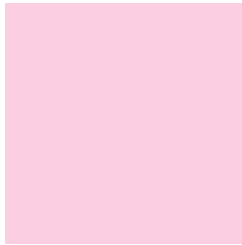


2.1153, 1.0698, 1.0303



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 75.8068, 70.2743, 80.8030 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

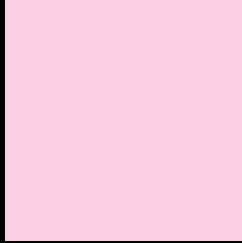
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 75.8068, 70.2743, 80.8030 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 75.8068, 70.2743, 80.8030**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 75.8068, 70.2743, 80.8030.



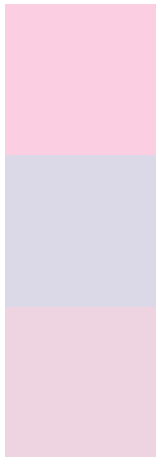
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 75.8068, 70.2743,

80.8030.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

75.8068, 70.2743, 80.8030

### Protanopia

68.5918, 70.5120, 86.3389

### Deuteranopia

71.9231, 70.4733, 80.3330



## Tritanopia

75.4010, 70.1120, 78.6661

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

75.8068, 70.2743, 80.8030

## Protanomaly

70.8921, 70.2346, 83.9490

## Deuteranomaly

73.1191, 70.3523, 80.2466

## Tritanomaly

75.5355, 70.1658, 79.3742

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

75.8068, 70.2743, 80.8030

## Achromatopsia

69.4303, 73.0461, 79.5472

## Achromatomaly

71.4794, 71.7631, 79.8963

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 75.8068, 70.2743, 80.8030 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(252, 206, 225)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 206, 225)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 206, 225) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 206, 225) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 75.8068, 70.2743, 80.8030 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 206, 225) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 206, 225) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(252, 206, 225)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(252, 206, 225); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 206, 225);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 206,  
225) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 75.8068, 70.2743, 80.8030 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 206, 225) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252,  
206, 225) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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