

# Converting Colors

XYZ(75.5709, 80.2288, 84.1172)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(75.5709, 80.2288, 84.1172)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(75.6767, 80.2482,  
84.1739)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E7E8E3
RGB	231, 232, 227
RGB Percent	91%, 91%, 89%
CMY	0.0941, 0.0902, 0.1098
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.02, 0.09
HSL	72°, 10%, 90%
HSV	72°, 2%, 91%
XYZ	75.6767, 80.2482, 84.1739
YIQ	231.1310, 1.0090, -1.7670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">227, 232, 228</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15198435</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">91.80, -1.22, 2.30</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">92, 2.600, 117.855</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">80.2482, 0.3152, 0.3342</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4293388515 (0xFFE7E8E3)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">231.1310, -2.0366, -0.1149</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">89.5814, -5.9738, 6.9959</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **75.6767, 80.2482, 84.1739** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **74.0326, 77.2605, 87.3589**, and the grayscale version is **76.0692, 80.0308, 87.1535**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **40.6509, 43.1432, 45.2147** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.2057, 78.2910, 68.3605**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80.6238, 82.4055, 102.2653**.

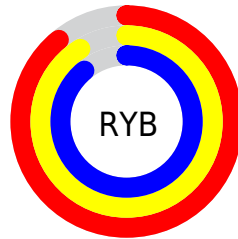
# Distribution



Red (91%)

Green (91%)

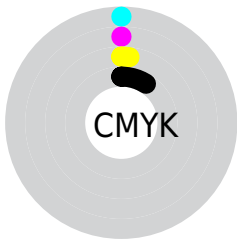
Blue (89%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (91%)

Blue (89%)

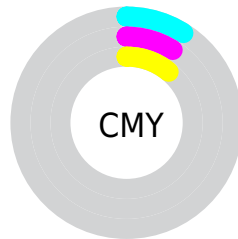


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (9%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 75.6767, 80.2482, 84.1739 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 75.6767, 80.2482, 84.1739 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 75.6767, 80.2482,  
84.1739

■ 75.6767, 80.2482,  
84.1739

469.2017,  
495.7689, 528.9637

■ 56.4636, 59.9226,  
62.6128

126.2526,  
133.7146, 141.0823

■ 40.8132, 43.3563,  
45.0891

158.3461,  
167.6243, 177.2667

■ 28.3602, 30.1647,  
31.1841

195.4637,  
206.8307, 219.1626

■ 18.7392, 19.9637,  
20.4795

237.9708,  
251.7184, 267.1885

■ 11.5848, 12.3686,  
12.5565

286.2329,  
302.6716, 321.7631

■ 6.5318, 6.9953,  
6.9968

340.6151,

■ 3.2148, 3.4591,

360.0749, 383.3048

3.3817

401.4829,  
424.3125, 452.2321

■ 1.2683, 1.3759,  
1.2927

■ 0.1593, 0.1988,  
0.0558

■ 75.6767, 80.2482,  
84.1739

■ 75.6767, 80.2482,  
84.1739

■ 71.2057, 78.2910,  
68.3605

■ 80.6238, 82.4055,  
102.2653

■ 67.1865, 76.5166,  
54.7295

■ 82.9502, 83.5167,  
106.3561

■ 63.6029, 74.9210,  
43.1866

■ 84.5542, 84.3436,  
106.4312

■ 60.4349, 73.4961,  
33.6281

■ 86.1991, 85.1916,  
106.5082

■ 57.6608, 72.2332,  
25.9420

■ 87.8852, 86.0608,  
106.5871

■ 55.2569, 71.1229,  
20.0045

■ 88.1482, 86.1964,  
106.5994

■ 53.1965, 70.1544,  
15.6775

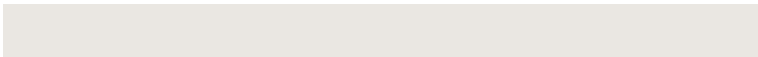
■ 51.4493, 69.3155,  
12.8019

■ 49.9783, 68.5914,  
11.1861

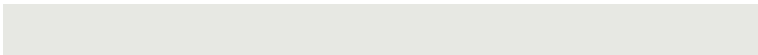
# Harmonies

## Analogous

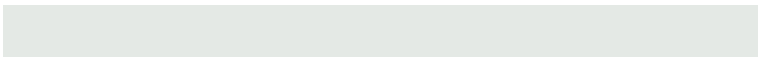
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.3214, 80.2482, 83.7626



75.6767, 80.2482, 84.1739



75.1943, 80.2482, 85.4397

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.6767, 80.2482, 84.1739



75.5942, 80.2482, 90.5190



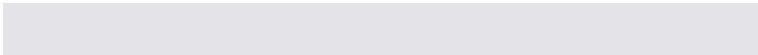
77.5604, 80.2482, 87.5140

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75.6767, 80.2482, 84.1739



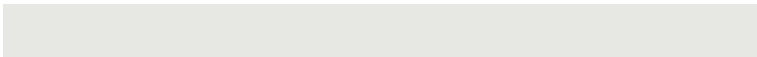
74.0326, 77.2605, 87.3589

# Split Complementary

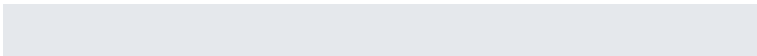
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.3630, 80.2482, 89.3426



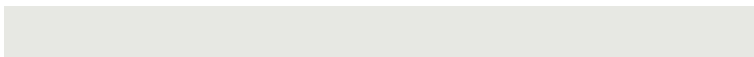
75.6767, 80.2482, 84.1739



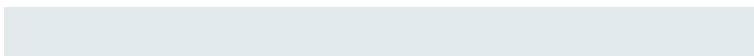
76.2256, 80.2482, 91.0932

# Square

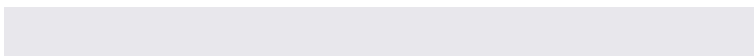
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



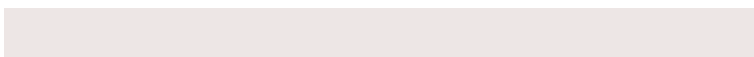
75.6767, 80.2482, 84.1739



75.1468, 80.2482, 89.1016



76.8734, 80.2482, 90.6596



77.4114, 80.2482, 85.6741

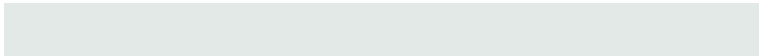


# Rectangle

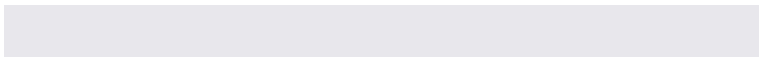
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



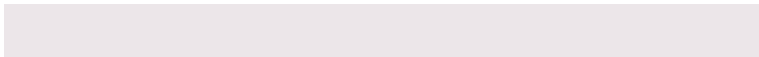
75.6767, 80.2482, 84.1739



75.0284, 80.2482, 86.6073



76.8734, 80.2482, 90.6596



77.5324, 80.2482, 88.1505

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.6790, 80.2517, 84.1756



94.4541, 99.7399, 106.7433



74.8900, 78.1910, 83.8195



20.2233, 21.3512, 22.8702



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

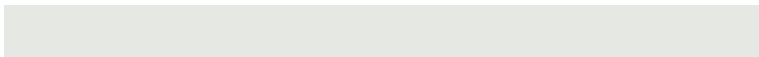
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.6790, 80.2517, 84.1756



93.2800, 99.2270, 102.5155



74.8782, 79.8389, 84.1382



15.8426, 16.8997, 17.2245



27.2914, 37.8507, 5.8675

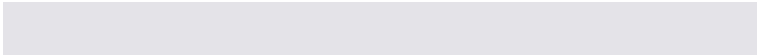


2.0889, 2.8342, 0.4370



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.0326, 77.2605, 87.3589



90.4440, 94.0745, 107.9990



74.8311, 77.6722, 87.3963



15.2391, 15.8033, 18.3915



8.8077, 3.6064, 42.6151

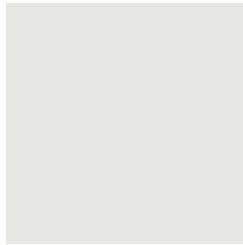


0.7257, 0.3051, 3.1526



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 75.6767, 80.2482, 84.1739 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

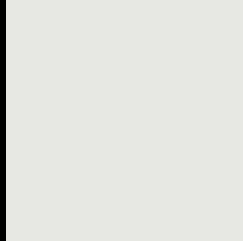
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 75.6767, 80.2482, 84.1739 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

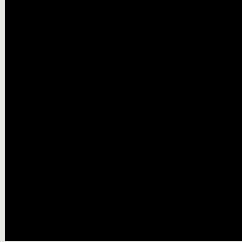
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

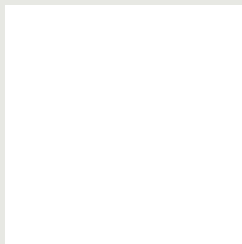
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 75.6767, 80.2482, 84.1739**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 75.6767, 80.2482, 84.1739.



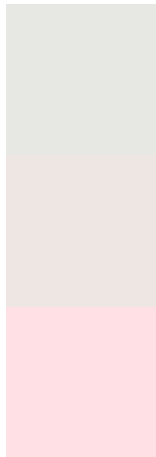
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 75.6767, 80.2482,

84.1739.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

75.6767, 80.2482, 84.1739

### Protanopia

76.9493, 80.0891, 83.3546

### Deuteranopia

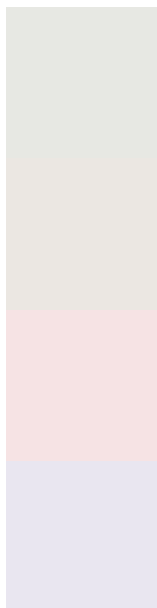
82.0385, 80.2285, 85.2905



## Tritanopia

78.7395, 80.2464, 99.3348

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

75.6767, 80.2482, 84.1739

## Protanomaly

76.5643, 80.3050, 83.4165

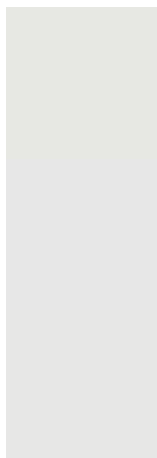
## Deuteranomaly

79.4787, 80.1324, 84.6769

## Tritanomaly

77.6293, 80.2085, 93.8284

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

75.6767, 80.2482, 84.1739

## Achromatopsia

75.9547, 79.9103, 87.0223

## Achromatomaly

75.8138, 79.8539, 86.2804

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 75.6767, 80.2482, 84.1739 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(231, 232, 227) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(231, 232, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(231, 232, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(231, 232, 227) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 75.6767, 80.2482, 84.1739 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(231, 232, 227) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(231, 232, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(231, 232, 227)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(231, 232, 227); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 232, 227);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 232,  
227) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 75.6767, 80.2482, 84.1739 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(231, 232, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(231,  
232, 227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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