

Converting Colors

XYZ(75.5871, 96.2171,
159.8155)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(75.5871, 96.2171, 159.8155)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(61.0125, 82.4530,
107.3071)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	74FFFF
RGB	116, 255, 255
RGB Percent	45%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.5451, 0.0000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.55, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 100%, 73%
HSV	180°, 55%, 100%
XYZ	61.0125, 82.4530, 107.3071
YIQ	213.4390, -82.8440, -29.4680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

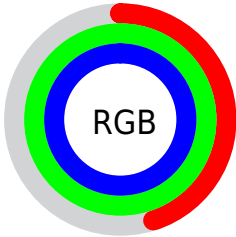
Format	Color
R _Y B	116, 186, 255
Decimal	7667711
CIE Lab	92.77, -37.54, -11.49
CIE LCh	93, 39.257, 197.016
Yxy	82.4530, 0.2433, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285857791 (0xFF74FFFF)
YUV	213.4390, 20.4896, -85.4540
Hunter-Lab	90.8036, -38.9692, -6.5034

Details

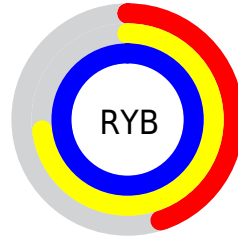
The XYZ color **61.0125, 82.4530, 107.3071** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **50.6390, 35.0135, 20.6145**, and the grayscale version is **63.4473, 66.7515, 72.6923**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72.4004, 88.3237, 107.8400**, and **31.2622, 44.9165, 60.4481** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.0759, 80.9392, 107.1696**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.8809, 84.4473, 107.4881**.

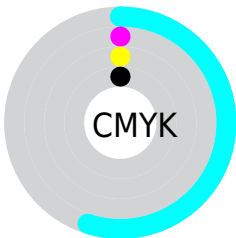
Distribution



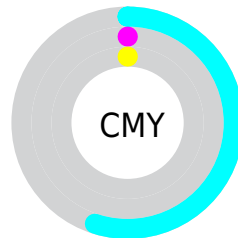
- Red (45%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 61.0125, 82.4530, 107.3071 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 61.0125, 82.4530, 107.3071 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

61.0125, 82.4530,
107.3071

61.0125, 82.4530,
107.3071

418.0950,
503.1617, 604.8200

44.4878, 61.7390,
81.7661

105.3950,
136.8091, 173.3023

31.2538, 44.8218,
60.6380

133.9836,
171.2200, 214.5935

20.9449, 31.3171,
43.5045

167.3242,
210.9652, 261.9719

13.1960, 20.8404,
29.9468

205.7822,
256.4293, 315.8560

7.6416, 13.0074,
19.5465

249.7229,
307.9966, 376.6643

3.9163, 7.4337,
11.8850

299.5117,

1.6549, 3.7348,

366.0515, 444.8154

6.5439

355.5140,
430.9784, 520.7278

0.4278, 1.5263,
3.1044

0.0000, 0.3071,
1.1482

61.0125, 82.4530,
107.3071

61.0125, 82.4530,
107.3071

58.0759, 80.9392,
107.1696

64.8809, 84.4473,
107.4881

55.9904, 79.8641,
107.0720

69.7479, 86.9563,
107.7159

54.6660, 79.1813,
107.0101

75.6769, 90.0128,
107.9934

53.9912, 78.8334,
106.9785

82.7256, 93.6465,
108.3232

■ 53.8100, 78.7400,
106.9700

■ 90.9474, 97.8850,
108.7080

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.7096, 82.4530, 77.6973



61.0125, 82.4530, 107.3071



65.6995, 82.4530, 137.6577

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.0125, 82.4530, 107.3071



93.6699, 82.4530, 133.9610



82.8755, 82.4530, 45.2850

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.0125, 82.4530, 107.3071



50.6390, 35.0135, 20.6145

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.5710, 82.4530, 54.5278



61.0125, 82.4530, 107.3071



99.1587, 82.4530, 103.0487

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.0125, 82.4530, 107.3071



84.2722, 82.4530, 155.1965



98.7398, 82.4530, 74.2688



72.7483, 82.4530, 45.9387

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.0125, 82.4530, 107.3071



70.9312, 82.4530, 152.3232



98.7398, 82.4530, 74.2688



86.3096, 82.4530, 47.2349

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.0134, 82.4535, 107.3071



81.6000, 93.0663, 108.2705



46.1162, 76.4946, 28.8595



17.1427, 19.7535, 23.1592



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.0134, 82.4535, 107.3071



57.9539, 80.8762, 107.1639



42.7079, 45.8425, 101.2053



18.5550, 20.4815, 23.2253



28.1169, 41.1433, 55.8941



2.7376, 4.0060, 5.4422

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.5362, 40.9724, 99.0621



62.8832, 35.6664, 98.1777



61.8473, 57.4301, 24.3506



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



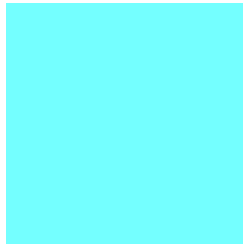
30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 61.0125, 82.4530, 107.3071 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

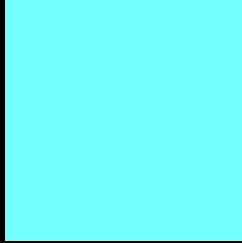
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 61.0125, 82.4530, 107.3071 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

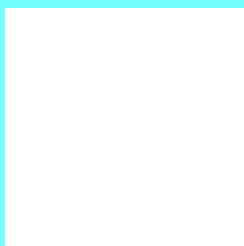
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 61.0125, 82.4530, 107.3071

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 61.0125, 82.4530, 107.3071.

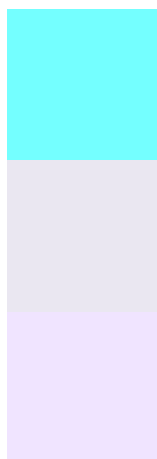


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 61.0125, 82.4530,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61.0125, 82.4530, 107.3071

Protanopia

78.3848, 80.9951, 94.7214

Deuteranopia

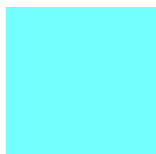
81.7286, 81.2321, 105.9795



Tritanopia

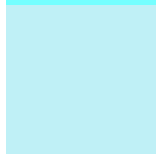
69.8678, 81.5115, 106.6586

Trichromacy



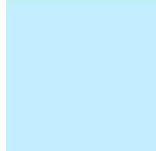
Original Color

61.0125, 82.4530, 107.3071



Protanomaly

69.2805, 80.0504, 98.9886



Deuteranomaly

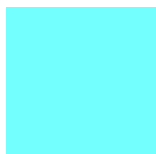
71.1302, 79.9712, 106.2948



Tritanomaly

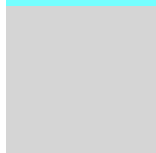
65.6088, 81.1125, 106.8061

Monochromacy



Original Color

61.0125, 82.4530, 107.3071



Achromatopsia

63.2451, 66.5387, 72.4607



Achromatomaly

60.1071, 70.5532, 83.8489

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 61.0125, 82.4530, 107.3071 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(116, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 255, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 61.0125, 82.4530, 107.3071 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 255, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(116, 255, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(116, 255, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 255, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 255,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 61.0125, 82.4530, 107.3071 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116,  
255, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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