

# Converting Colors

XYZ(75.8714, 75.9896, 79.0788)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(75.8714, 75.9896, 79.0788)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(75.8697, 75.9880,  
79.0750)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	F3DDDD
RGB	243, 221, 221
RGB Percent	95%, 87%, 87%
CMY	0.0471, 0.1333, 0.1333
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.09, 0.05
HSL	0°, 48%, 91%
HSV	0°, 9%, 95%
XYZ	75.8697, 75.9880, 79.0750
YIQ	227.5780, 13.1120, 4.6640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

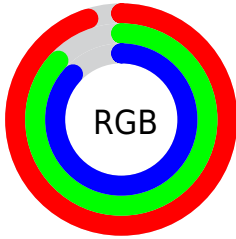
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	243, 221, 221
Decimal	15982045
CIE Lab	89.85, 7.55, 2.73
CIE LCh	90, 8.031, 19.905
Yxy	75.9880, 0.3285, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294172125 (0xFF3D3D)
YUV	227.5780, -3.2430, 13.5251
Hunter-Lab	87.1711, 2.8087, 7.2364

# Details

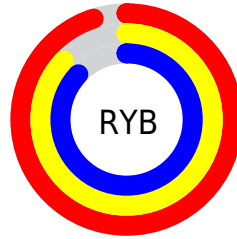
The XYZ color **75.8697, 75.9880, 79.0750** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **78.0467, 85.9428, 97.2700**, and the grayscale version is **73.4526, 77.2778, 84.1555**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **41.0127, 40.5904, 41.7495** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.9069, 62.8735, 61.2536**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86.2337, 91.1531, 99.6772**.

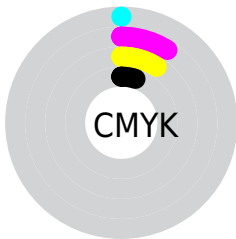
# Distribution



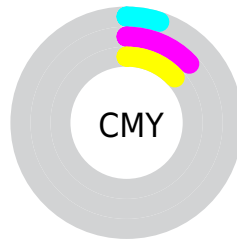
- Red (95%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (5%)




- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (13%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 75.8697, 75.9880, 79.0750 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 75.8697, 75.9880, 79.0750 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 75.8697, 75.9880,  
79.0750

 75.8697, 75.9880,  
79.0750

469.8528,  
481.3066, 511.4344

 56.6223, 56.4227,  
58.4358


126.5240,  
127.7099, 133.8641

 40.9411, 40.5419,  
41.7421


158.6617,  
160.6353, 168.8510

 28.4605, 27.9613,  
28.5753

195.8269,  
198.7829, 209.4576

 18.8153, 18.2965,  
18.5170

238.3850,  
242.5370, 256.1024

 11.6401, 11.1631,  
11.1485

286.7012,  
292.2820, 309.2039

 6.5696, 6.1766,  
6.0514

341.1411,

 3.2383, 2.9528,

348.4024, 369.1807

2.8071

402.0698,  
411.2824, 436.4514

■ 1.2810, 1.1071,  
0.9970

■ 0.1689, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 75.8697, 75.9880,  
79.0750

■ 75.8697, 75.9880,  
79.0750

■ 66.9069, 62.8735,  
61.2536

■ 86.2337, 91.1531,  
99.6772

■ 59.2791, 51.7121,  
46.0892

■ 90.7725, 97.7949,  
108.6998

■ 52.9244, 42.4134,  
33.4562

■ 47.7736, 34.8763,  
23.2168

■ 43.7507, 28.9895,  
15.2200

■ 40.7713, 24.6294,  
9.2978

■ 38.7390, 21.6552,  
5.2586

■ 37.5395, 19.8997,  
2.8753

■ 37.0006, 19.1108,  
1.8047

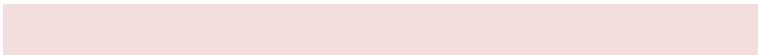
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.0443, 75.9880, 84.6672



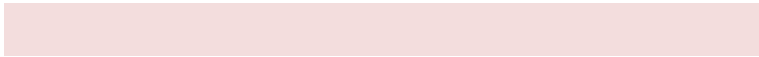
75.8697, 75.9880, 79.0750



74.7084, 75.9880, 74.6612

# Triad

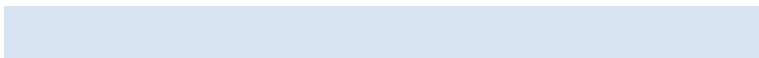
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.8697, 75.9880, 79.0750



69.3461, 75.9880, 75.9013



71.5579, 75.9880, 93.9632

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75.8697, 75.9880, 79.0750



78.0467, 85.9428, 97.2700

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.7959, 75.9880, 91.3773



75.8697, 75.9880, 79.0750



68.5345, 75.9880, 80.8384

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75.8697, 75.9880, 79.0750



70.9337, 75.9880, 72.8878



68.6976, 75.9880, 86.5124



73.5305, 75.9880, 93.4380



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75.8697, 75.9880, 79.0750



73.5425, 75.9880, 72.8992



68.6976, 75.9880, 86.5124



70.9220, 75.9880, 93.4245

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.8718, 75.9913, 79.0766



91.4509, 94.7337, 101.7446



78.9972, 77.2397, 95.5400



19.3736, 19.9833, 21.3786



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

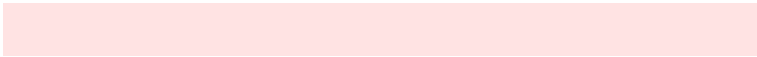


# Same Dimension

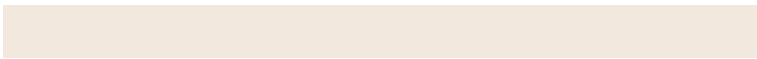
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.8718, 75.9913, 79.0766



82.5551, 81.7170, 84.0587



78.8708, 81.9894, 80.0763



16.4995, 16.4830, 17.1095



20.2865, 10.4587, 0.9495



1.7831, 0.9194, 0.0835



# Inverse Universe

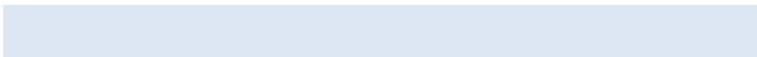
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78.0467, 85.9428, 97.2700



85.4711, 95.0594, 108.4512



74.8541, 79.5575, 96.2057



16.9965, 18.7573, 21.2673



26.4620, 38.7177, 52.6166

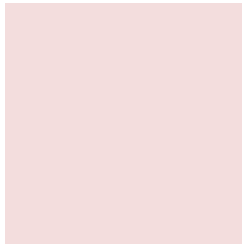


2.3258, 3.4031, 4.6245



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 75.8697, 75.9880, 79.0750 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

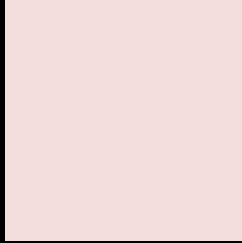
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 75.8697, 75.9880, 79.0750 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

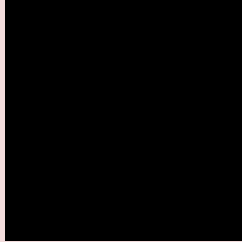
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

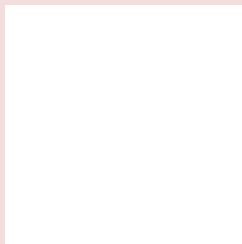
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 75.8697, 75.9880, 79.0750**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 75.8697, 75.9880, 79.0750.



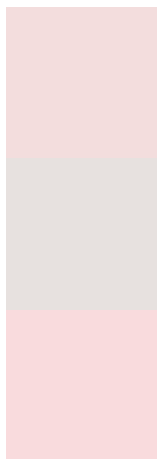
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 75.8697, 75.9880,

79.0750.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

75.8697, 75.9880, 79.0750

### Protanopia

73.1995, 76.1671, 80.6557

### Deuteranopia

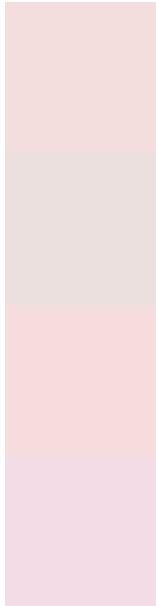
77.4496, 76.0232, 78.9985



## Tritanopia

78.1280, 76.1316, 89.9340

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

75.8697, 75.9880, 79.0750

## Protanomaly

74.1014, 76.2474, 79.9189

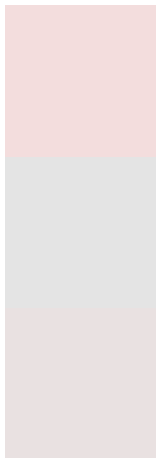
## Deuteranomaly

77.0021, 76.1810, 79.0526

## Tritanomaly

77.3252, 76.1890, 86.2318

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

75.8697, 75.9880, 79.0750

## Achromatopsia

73.7419, 77.5822, 84.4870

## Achromatomaly

74.1201, 76.6103, 82.1149

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 75.8697, 75.9880, 79.0750 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(243, 221, 221) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 221, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 221, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 221, 221) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 75.8697, 75.9880, 79.0750 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 221, 221) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 221, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 221, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 221, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 221, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 221,  
221) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 75.8697, 75.9880, 79.0750 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 221, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
221, 221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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