

Converting Colors

XYZ(75.9072, 80.7493, 85.7035)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(75.9072, 80.7493, 85.7035)
contains.

XYZ(75.9149, 80.7580, 85.7154)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(75.9149, 80.7580,
85.7154)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E6E9E5
RGB	230, 233, 229
RGB Percent	90%, 91%, 90%
CMY	0.0980, 0.0863, 0.1020
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.02, 0.09
HSL	105°, 8%, 91%
HSV	105°, 2%, 91%
XYZ	75.9149, 80.7580, 85.7154
YIQ	231.6470, -0.5040, -1.8800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

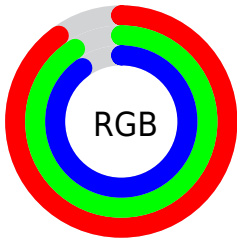
Format	Color
R _Y B	229, 233, 232
Decimal	15133157
CIE Lab	92.02, -1.71, 1.58
CIE LCh	92, 2.328, 137.316
Yxy	80.7580, 0.3132, 0.3332
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293323237 (0xFFE6E9E5)
YUV	231.6470, -1.3050, -1.4444
Hunter-Lab	89.8655, -6.4746, 6.3539

Details

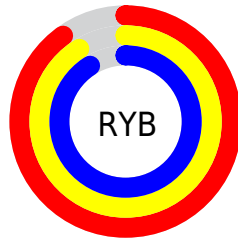
The XYZ color **75.9149, 80.7580, 85.7154** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **76.0091, 79.0798, 88.3528**, and the grayscale version is **76.4496, 80.4309, 87.5893**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **41.0413, 43.6142, 46.2997** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67.5462, 76.7971, 69.4655**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85.2876, 85.1906, 104.2950**.

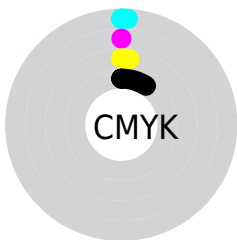
Distribution



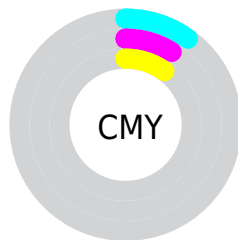
- Red (90%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (10%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 75.9149, 80.7580, 85.7154 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 75.9149, 80.7580, 85.7154 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 75.9149, 80.7580,
85.7154

■ 75.9149, 80.7580,
85.7154

470.0052,
497.4837, 534.1985

■ 56.6595, 60.3423,
63.8791

126.5876,
134.4309, 143.2553

■ 40.9710, 43.6946,
46.1072

158.7357,
168.4569, 179.7960

■ 28.4840, 30.4305,
31.9812

195.9120,
207.7885, 222.0752

■ 18.8332, 20.1656,
21.0824

238.4819,
252.8101, 270.5115

■ 11.6531, 12.5155,
12.9924

286.8109,
303.9059, 325.5235

■ 6.5784, 7.0957,
7.2927

341.2642,

■ 3.2438, 3.5221,

361.4606, 387.5296

3.5646

402.2072,
425.8584, 456.9484

■ 1.2840, 1.4100,
1.3897

■ 0.1712, 0.2241,
0.1336

■ 75.9149, 80.7580,
85.7154

■ 75.9149, 80.7580,
85.7154

■ 67.5462, 76.7971,
69.4655

■ 85.2876, 85.1906,
104.2950

■ 60.1408, 73.2821,
55.4484

■ 88.4305, 86.7610,
106.6935

■ 53.6654, 70.2001,
43.5679

■ 48.0821, 67.5340,
33.7190

■ 43.3501, 65.2652,
25.7879

■ 39.4254, 63.3738,
19.6493

■ 36.2600, 61.8380,
15.1633

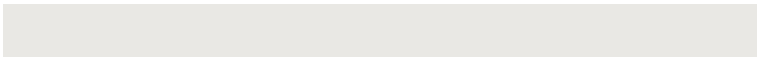
■ 33.7998, 60.6334,
12.1689

■ 31.9828, 59.7324,
10.4733

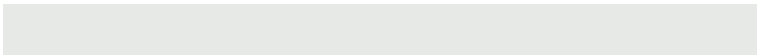
Harmonies

Analogous

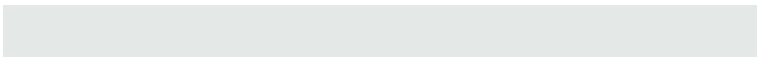
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.4159, 80.7580, 84.8216



75.9149, 80.7580, 85.7154



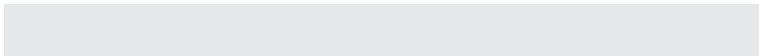
75.6404, 80.7580, 87.2098

Triad

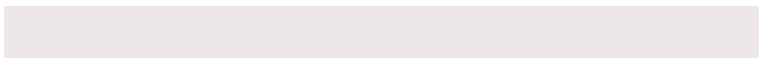
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.9149, 80.7580, 85.7154



76.5056, 80.7580, 91.1876



77.8624, 80.7580, 86.9541

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



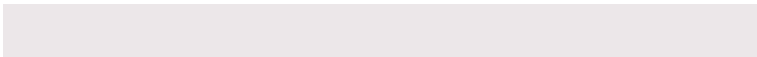
75.9149, 80.7580, 85.7154



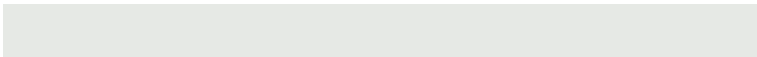
76.0091, 79.0798, 88.3528

Split Complementary

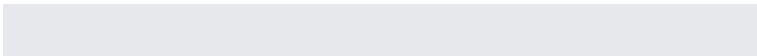
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.8867, 80.7580, 88.6577



75.9149, 80.7580, 85.7154



77.1012, 80.7580, 91.1170

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



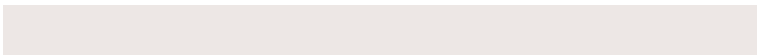
75.9149, 80.7580, 85.7154



75.9802, 80.7580, 90.3777



77.6074, 80.7580, 90.1859



77.5412, 80.7580, 85.5303

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



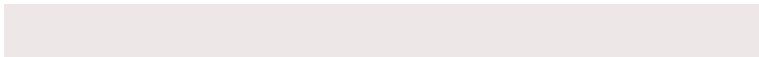
75.9149, 80.7580, 85.7154



75.6219, 80.7580, 88.3522



77.6074, 80.7580, 90.1859



77.9056, 80.7580, 87.5126

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.9172, 80.7615, 85.7172



93.9417, 99.4758, 106.7193



76.6071, 80.6976, 85.6685



20.1191, 21.2974, 22.8653



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.9172, 80.7615, 85.7172



92.8459, 98.9573, 104.5675



75.7374, 80.6526, 86.4405



16.6296, 17.7109, 18.7479



17.6255, 33.6308, 5.5624



1.4698, 2.6851, 0.4408

Inverse Universe

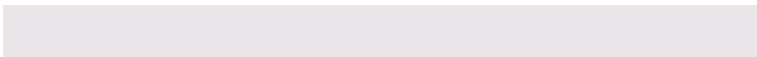
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76.0091, 79.0798, 88.3528



92.9775, 96.5483, 108.3430



76.1920, 79.1905, 87.6169



16.6518, 17.3045, 19.3847



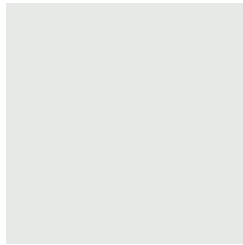
18.4728, 8.5590, 44.4214



1.5373, 0.7168, 3.4922

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 75.9149, 80.7580, 85.7154 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

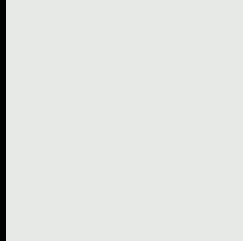
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 75.9149, 80.7580, 85.7154 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

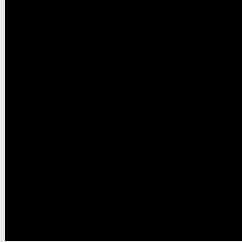
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

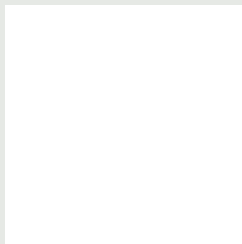
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 75.9149, 80.7580, 85.7154

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 75.9149, 80.7580, 85.7154.



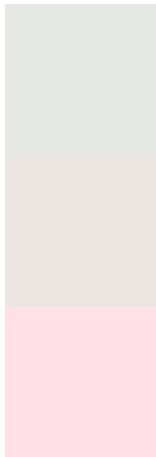
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 75.9149, 80.7580,

85.7154.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

75.9149, 80.7580, 85.7154

Protanopia

77.5046, 80.7578, 84.9017

Deuteranopia

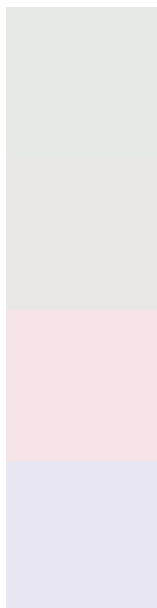
82.5890, 80.8799, 86.8598



Tritanopia

78.8444, 80.6946, 100.2270

Trichromacy



Original Color

75.9149, 80.7580, 85.7154

Protanomaly

76.7919, 80.8071, 84.9487

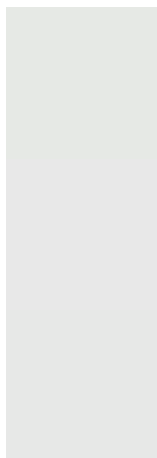
Deuteranomaly

80.0324, 80.7928, 86.2393

Tritanomaly

77.7318, 80.6585, 94.6908

Monochromacy



Original Color

75.9149, 80.7580, 85.7154

Achromatopsia

76.7008, 80.6952, 87.8771

Achromatomaly

76.2354, 80.4717, 87.1159

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 75.9149, 80.7580, 85.7154 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(230, 233, 229) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 233, 229)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 233, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 233, 229) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 75.9149, 80.7580, 85.7154 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 233, 229) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 233, 229) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(230, 233, 229)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(230, 233, 229); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 233, 229);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 233,  
229) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 75.9149, 80.7580, 85.7154 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 233, 229) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
233, 229) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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