

# Converting Colors

XYZ(75.9807, 66.0622,  
111.9273)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(75.9807, 66.0622, 111.9273)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(74.4079, 65.5771,  
103.3437)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2C4FF
RGB	242, 196, 255
RGB Percent	95%, 77%, 100%
CMY	0.0510, 0.2314, 0.0000
CMYK	0.05, 0.23, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	287°, 100%, 88%
HSV	287°, 23%, 100%
XYZ	74.4079, 65.5771, 103.3437
YIQ	216.4800, 8.4770, 28.1010

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

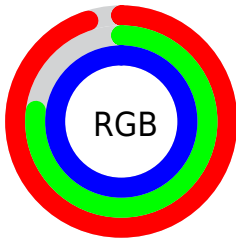
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	242, 196, 255
Decimal	15910143
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	84.78, 26.42, -22.79
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	85, 34.892, 319.220
Yxy	65.5771, 0.3058, 0.2695
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294100223 (0xFFFF2C4FF)
YUV	216.4800, 18.9904, 22.3810
Hunter-Lab	80.9797, 22.2996, -18.9782

# Details

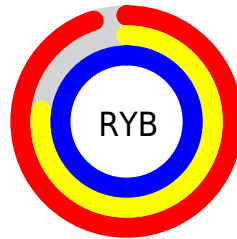
The XYZ color **74.4079, 65.5771, 103.3437** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **72.0198, 89.0616, 65.6225**, and the grayscale version is **65.4696, 68.8792, 75.0094**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94.4153, 98.7306, 108.6884**, and **39.8736, 33.7375, 57.8365** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67.2392, 54.0579, 101.4981**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82.6170, 79.0873, 105.5187**.

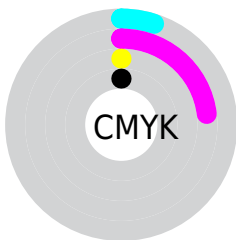
# Distribution



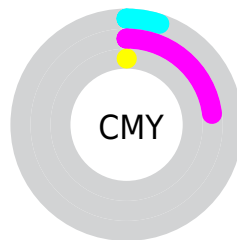
- Red (95%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 74.4079, 65.5771, 103.3437 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 74.4079, 65.5771, 103.3437 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



74.4079, 65.5771,  
103.3437

74.4079, 65.5771,  
103.3437

464.9086,  
444.8629, 592.1985

55.4204, 47.9292,  
78.4635

124.4663,  
112.8791, 167.8365

39.9736, 33.7708,  
57.9361

156.2679,  
143.3021, 208.2862

27.7021, 22.7176,  
41.3429

193.0715,  
178.7521, 254.7628

18.2405, 14.3851,  
28.2654

235.2426,  
219.6136, 307.6848

11.2235, 8.3890,  
18.2851

283.1465,  
266.2711, 367.4709

6.2858, 4.3449,  
10.9833

337.1486,

3.0619, 1.8683,

319.1089, 434.5395

5.9416

397.6142,  
378.5114, 509.3092

■ 1.1866, 0.5292,  
2.7414

■ 0.0957, 0.0000,  
0.9641

■ 74.4079, 65.5771,  
103.3437

■ 74.4079, 65.5771,  
103.3437

■ 67.2392, 54.0579,  
101.4981

■ 82.6170, 79.0873,  
105.5187

■ 61.0555, 44.4223,  
99.9641

■ 91.9073, 94.6722,  
108.0373

■ 55.8043, 36.5655,  
98.7244

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 51.4259, 30.3686,  
97.7590

■ 47.8533, 25.6983,  
97.0459

■ 45.0087, 22.4004,  
96.5592

■ 42.7983, 20.2875,  
96.2679

■ 41.5547, 19.3371,  
96.1500

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.4053, 65.5771, 120.2078



74.4079, 65.5771, 103.3437



78.2783, 65.5771, 79.7537

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.4079, 65.5771, 103.3437



65.1807, 65.5771, 36.9342



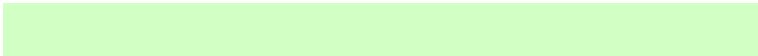
49.1952, 65.5771, 86.5192

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74.4079, 65.5771, 103.3437



72.0198, 89.0616, 65.6225

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



48.7083, 65.5771, 63.6553



74.4079, 65.5771, 103.3437



57.5143, 65.5771, 38.0001

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.4079, 65.5771, 103.3437



72.6628, 65.5771, 43.5324



51.6337, 65.5771, 46.8309



53.0247, 65.5771, 109.1777



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74.4079, 65.5771, 103.3437



78.3610, 65.5771, 64.7297



51.6337, 65.5771, 46.8309



48.6480, 65.5771, 78.5184

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.4097, 65.5798, 103.3441



88.1855, 88.3970, 107.0222



63.8063, 64.9365, 103.7788



18.7541, 18.7170, 22.8742



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.4097, 65.5798, 103.3441



70.7949, 59.7326, 102.4060



76.6008, 66.9901, 90.7622



18.3781, 18.0866, 22.7724



21.8465, 10.1728, 50.2467



2.2192, 1.0379, 4.8967



# Inverse Universe

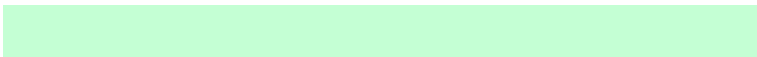
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72.4902, 65.3459, 69.1161



68.6448, 59.5140, 62.1040



70.3769, 87.9967, 75.3895



18.1732, 18.0526, 19.5292



21.9692, 11.2770, 3.2222



2.1777, 1.1135, 0.5172



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 74.4079, 65.5771, 103.3437 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

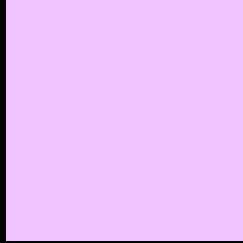
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 74.4079, 65.5771, 103.3437 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 74.4079, 65.5771, 103.3437**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 74.4079, 65.5771, 103.3437.



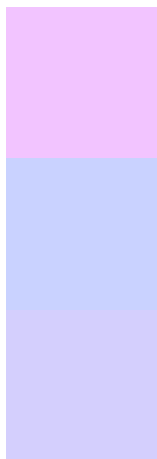
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 74.4079, 65.5771,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.4079, 65.5771, 103.3437

### Protanopia

65.1840, 65.7307, 103.8595

### Deuteranopia

67.1938, 65.7145, 102.0712



## Tritanopia

68.9359, 65.7784, 75.3928

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

74.4079, 65.5771, 103.3437



## Protanomaly

68.2002, 65.4816, 103.6524



## Deuteranomaly

69.6768, 65.5556, 102.7471



## Tritanomaly

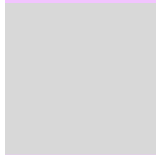
70.6747, 65.4288, 84.5054

# Monochromacy



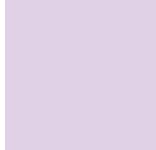
## Original Color

74.4079, 65.5771, 103.3437



## Achromatopsia

65.2694, 68.6685, 74.7800



## Achromatomaly

68.1347, 67.3217, 84.2662

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 74.4079, 65.5771, 103.3437 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 196, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 196, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 196, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 196, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 74.4079, 65.5771, 103.3437 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 196, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 196, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 196, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 196, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 196, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 196,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 74.4079, 65.5771, 103.3437 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 196, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
196, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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