

# Converting Colors

XYZ(76.0036, 79.0252, 86.8263)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(76.0036, 79.0252, 86.8263)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(76.0474, 79.1318,  
86.8671)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E9E5E7
RGB	233, 229, 231
RGB Percent	91%, 90%, 91%
CMY	0.0863, 0.1019, 0.0941
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.01, 0.09
HSL	330°, 8%, 91%
HSV	330°, 2%, 91%
XYZ	76.0474, 79.1318, 86.8671
YIQ	230.4240, 1.7420, 1.4700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

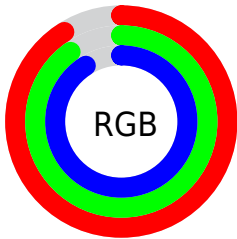
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">233, 229, 231</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15328743</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">91.29, 1.71, -0.50</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">91, 1.778, 343.536</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">79.1318, 0.3142, 0.3269</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4293518823</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFE9E5E7</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">230.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">88.9561, -3.0757, 4.3715</a>

# Details

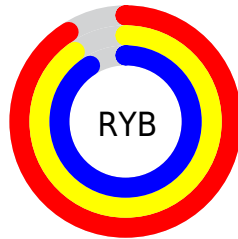
The XYZ color **76.0474, 79.1318, 86.8671** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **75.8788, 80.7075, 87.1843**, and the grayscale version is **75.5268, 79.4601, 86.5321**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **41.0054, 42.7144, 46.6409** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68.4362, 66.4572, 76.4731**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84.6381, 93.5876, 98.1310**.

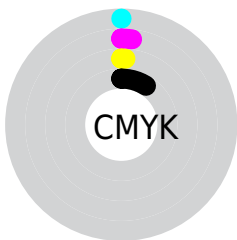
# Distribution



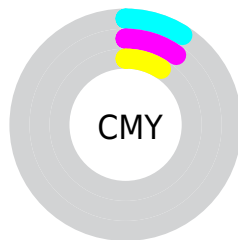
- Red (91%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 76.0474, 79.1318, 86.8671 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 76.0474, 79.1318, 86.8671 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 76.0474, 79.1318,  
86.8671

■ 76.0474, 79.1318,  
86.8671

470.4518,  
492.0021, 538.0909

■ 56.7686, 59.0042,  
64.8262

126.7739,  
132.1444, 144.8761

■ 41.0589, 42.6165,  
46.8697

158.9523,  
165.7982, 181.6814

■ 28.5530, 29.5843,  
32.5791

196.1612,  
204.7294, 224.2451

■ 18.8855, 19.5233,  
21.5357

238.7661,  
249.3226, 272.9860

■ 11.6911, 12.0490,  
13.3211

287.1322,  
299.9620, 328.3224

■ 6.6044, 6.7771,  
7.5167

341.6250,

■ 3.2601, 3.3231,

357.0322, 390.6731

3.7040

402.6097,  
420.9174, 460.4564

■ 1.2927, 1.3026,  
1.4644

■ 0.1778, 0.1432,  
0.1912

■ 76.0474, 79.1318,  
86.8671

■ 76.0474, 79.1318,  
86.8671

■ 68.4362, 66.4572,  
76.4731

■ 84.6381, 93.5876,  
98.1310

■ 61.7614, 55.4843,  
66.9213

■ 87.3063, 96.0205,  
107.9714

■ 55.9866, 46.1426,  
58.1898

■ 87.4148, 96.0639,  
108.5427

■ 51.0704, 38.3529,  
50.2535

■ 46.9679, 32.0292,  
43.0861

■ 43.6299, 27.0771,  
36.6593

■ 41.0017, 23.3909,  
30.9423

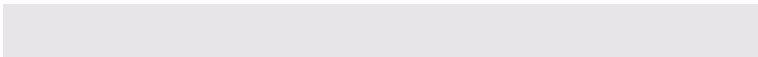
■ 39.0206, 20.8495,  
25.9015

■ 37.6116, 19.3075,  
21.4984

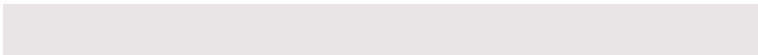
# Harmonies

## Analogous

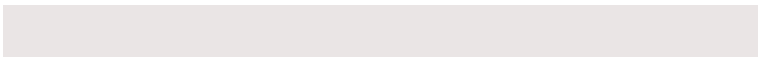
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75.8115, 79.1318, 87.9747



76.0474, 79.1318, 86.8671



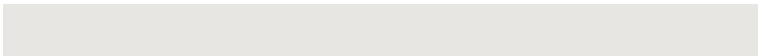
76.0590, 79.1318, 85.5809

# Triad

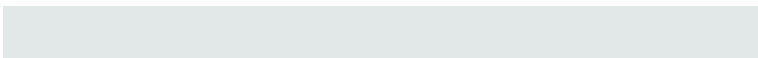
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.0474, 79.1318, 86.8671



75.0095, 79.1318, 83.7682



74.5853, 79.1318, 87.8838

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



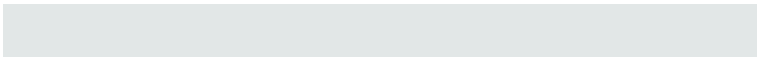
76.0474, 79.1318, 86.8671



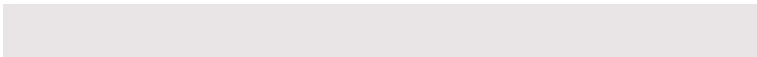
75.8788, 80.7075, 87.1843

# Split Complementary

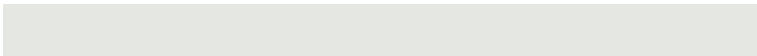
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.3722, 79.1318, 86.7439



76.0474, 79.1318, 86.8671



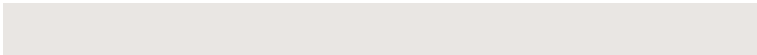
74.6164, 79.1318, 84.3725

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



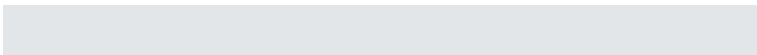
76.0474, 79.1318, 86.8671



75.4585, 79.1318, 83.8004



74.3835, 79.1318, 85.4589

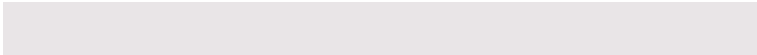


74.9668, 79.1318, 88.5657

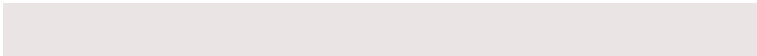


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



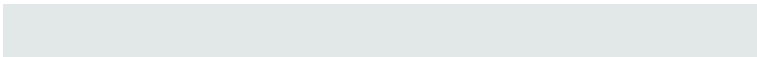
76.0474, 79.1318, 86.8671



75.9378, 79.1318, 84.7958



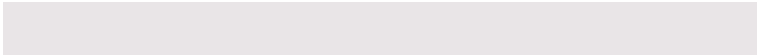
74.3835, 79.1318, 85.4589



74.4916, 79.1318, 87.5410

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.0496, 79.1352, 86.8688



94.0371, 98.3019, 107.5520



75.6852, 78.9145, 88.3349



20.1385, 21.0585, 23.0348



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

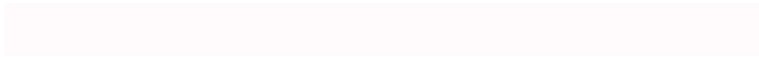


# Same Dimension

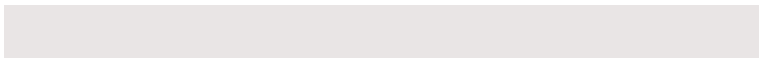
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.0496, 79.1352, 86.8688



93.0362, 96.6258, 106.2148



75.7693, 79.0231, 85.3923



16.6617, 17.3176, 19.0259



20.9318, 10.5754, 10.7080

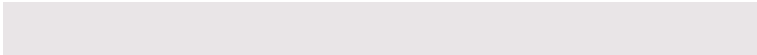


1.6922, 0.8498, 1.0965



# Inverse Universe

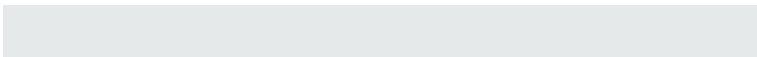
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76.0496, 79.1352, 86.8688



93.0362, 96.6258, 106.2148



76.1624, 80.8209, 88.6777



16.6617, 17.3176, 19.0259



20.9318, 10.5754, 10.7080

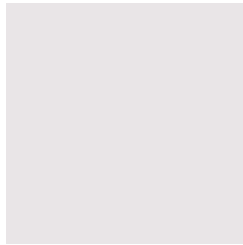


1.6922, 0.8498, 1.0965



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 76.0474, 79.1318, 86.8671 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 76.0474, 79.1318, 86.8671 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

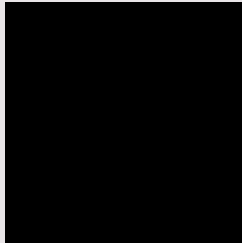
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

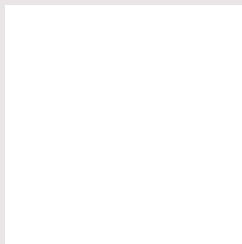
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 76.0474, 79.1318, 86.8671**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 76.0474, 79.1318, 86.8671.



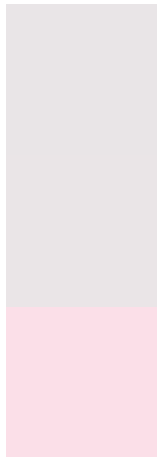
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 76.0474, 79.1318,

86.8671.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

76.0474, 79.1318, 86.8671

### Protanopia

76.3748, 79.3006, 86.8825

### Deuteranopia

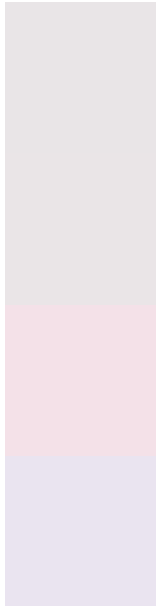
80.7368, 79.1108, 87.3585



## Tritanopia

78.2115, 79.1929, 97.5498

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

76.0474, 79.1318, 86.8671

## Protanomaly

76.3748, 79.3006, 86.8825

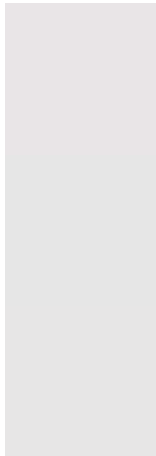
## Deuteranomaly

78.7989, 78.9097, 87.4219

## Tritanomaly

77.4033, 79.2705, 93.6592

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

76.0474, 79.1318, 86.8671

## Achromatopsia

75.2129, 79.1298, 86.1723

## Achromatomaly

75.5347, 79.2957, 86.1874

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 76.0474, 79.1318, 86.8671 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(233, 229, 231) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 229, 231)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 229, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 229, 231) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 76.0474, 79.1318, 86.8671 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 229, 231) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 229, 231) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 229, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(233, 229, 231); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 229, 231);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 229,  
231) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 76.0474, 79.1318, 86.8671 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 229, 231) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233,  
229, 231) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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