

# Converting Colors

XYZ(76.0913, 70.3617, 44.3405)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(76.0913, 70.3617, 44.3405)  
contains.

**XYZ(69.4437, 67.0901, 43.9399) ..... 3**  
    ***Conversions* ..... 4**  
    ***Details* ..... 6**  
    ***Harmonies* ..... 12**  
    ***Previews* ..... 24**  
    ***Color Blindness Simulation* ..... 28**  
    ***CSS Examples* ..... 31**

# Color

**XYZ(69.4437, 67.0901,  
43.9399)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FFCCA3
RGB	255, 204, 163
RGB Percent	100%, 80%, 64%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2000, 0.3608
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.36, 0.00
HSL	27°, 100%, 82%
HSV	27°, 36%, 100%
XYZ	69.4437, 67.0901, 43.9399
YIQ	214.5750, 43.5570, -1.9390

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

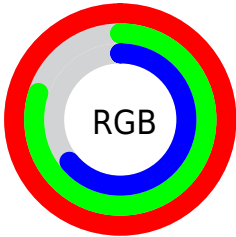
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 237, 163
Decimal	16764067
CIE Lab	85.55, 12.62, 27.29
CIE LCh	86, 30.066, 65.180
Yxy	67.0901, 0.3848, 0.3717
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294954147 (0xFFFFCCA3)
YUV	214.5750, -25.4265, 35.4527
Hunter-Lab	81.9085, 7.9959, 25.5298

# Details

The XYZ color **69.4437, 67.0901, 43.9399** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **57.1999, 63.0973, 103.7719**, and the grayscale version is **64.4512, 67.8077, 73.8426**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.6549, 97.8420, 80.4897**, and **36.8015, 34.8307, 19.8223** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64.1772, 59.8522, 32.0262**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **75.4792, 75.1284, 58.3841**.

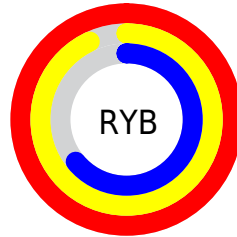
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (80%)

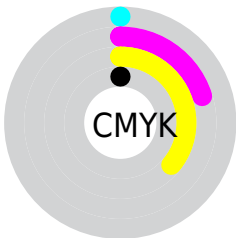
Blue (64%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (93%)

Blue (64%)

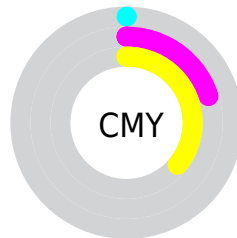


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (36%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)


Yellow (36%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 69.4437, 67.0901, 43.9399 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 69.4437, 67.0901, 43.9399 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 69.4437, 67.0901,  
43.9399


 69.4437, 67.0901,  
43.9399


447.8913,  
450.2654, 378.4971

 51.3511, 49.1579,  
30.2864


 117.4457,  
115.0495, 82.4288

 36.7103, 34.7447,  
19.8022

 148.0858,  
145.8455, 108.1013

 25.1559, 23.4663,  
12.0687


183.6391,  
181.6981, 138.6172

 16.3226, 14.9382,  
6.6674

224.4710,  
222.9918, 174.3951

 9.8450, 8.7760,  
3.1797

270.9468,  
270.1110, 215.8535

 5.3578, 4.5954,  
1.1871

323.4319,

 2.4956, 2.0119,

323.4401, 263.4110

0.0000

382.2916,  
383.3634, 317.4860

■ 0.8930, 0.6144,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 69.4437, 67.0901,  
43.9399

■ 69.4437, 67.0901,  
43.9399

■ 64.1772, 59.8522,  
32.0262

■ 75.4792, 75.1284,  
58.3841

■ 59.6387, 53.3779,  
22.4894

■ 82.3119, 83.9834,  
75.4916

■ 55.7906, 47.6412,  
15.1657

■ 89.9746, 93.6826,  
95.3909

■ 52.5892, 42.6107,  
9.8681

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 49.9843, 38.2513,  
6.3782

■ 47.9155, 34.5234,  
4.4255

■ 47.2187, 33.2174,  
3.9229

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75.1217, 67.0901, 53.4420



69.4437, 67.0901, 43.9399



62.5881, 67.0901, 41.6146

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.4437, 67.0901, 43.9399



51.5552, 67.0901, 76.5002



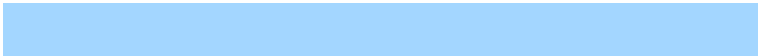
71.6415, 67.0901, 108.3285

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69.4437, 67.0901, 43.9399



57.1999, 63.0973, 103.7719

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.9608, 67.0901, 117.3045



69.4437, 67.0901, 43.9399



53.6185, 67.0901, 96.9478

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69.4437, 67.0901, 43.9399



52.5686, 67.0901, 58.3637



58.4087, 67.0901, 112.8071



76.4528, 67.0901, 90.0132



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69.4437, 67.0901, 43.9399



58.3382, 67.0901, 44.0110



58.4087, 67.0901, 112.8071



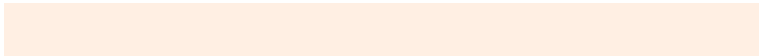
69.5228, 67.0901, 112.6738

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.4454, 67.0933, 43.9413



86.0973, 88.8015, 85.2394



66.6204, 52.3682, 70.9771



18.2075, 18.7272, 17.6724



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.4454, 67.0933, 43.9413



65.7192, 61.9979, 35.4328



81.6855, 91.5734, 48.0213



18.6758, 19.3199, 18.8891



24.8164, 17.6441, 2.0977

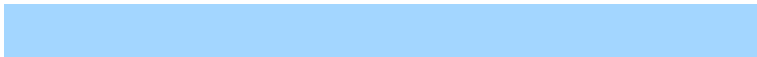


2.5233, 1.9319, 0.2399



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.1999, 63.0973, 103.7719



51.8908, 57.4756, 102.9667



47.3677, 43.4329, 100.4945



17.8379, 19.0475, 22.9863



14.5863, 14.0822, 51.3839



1.5293, 1.5892, 5.0394



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 69.4437, 67.0901, 43.9399 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

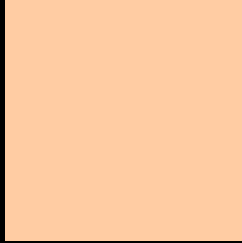
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 69.4437, 67.0901, 43.9399 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 69.4437, 67.0901, 43.9399**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 69.4437, 67.0901, 43.9399.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 69.4437, 67.0901,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

69.4437, 67.0901, 43.9399

### Protanopia

63.0165, 67.3771, 46.2430

### Deuteranopia

68.5871, 67.0024, 43.9682



## Tritanopia

73.6737, 66.9109, 71.9829

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

69.4437, 67.0901, 43.9399

## Protanomaly

65.1894, 67.0235, 45.5774

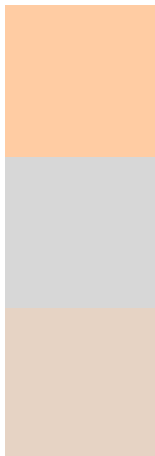
## Deuteranomaly

68.9502, 67.1896, 43.9852

## Tritanomaly

71.9770, 66.9734, 60.7633

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

69.4437, 67.0901, 43.9399

## Achromatopsia

64.5905, 67.9542, 74.0022

## Achromatomaly

65.8912, 67.3970, 61.7606

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 69.4437, 67.0901, 43.9399 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 204, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 204, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 204, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 204, 163) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 69.4437, 67.0901, 43.9399 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 204, 163) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 204, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 204, 163)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 204, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 204, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 204,  
163) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 69.4437, 67.0901, 43.9399 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 204, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
204, 163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor