

# Converting Colors

XYZ(76.1269, 78.1554, 77.4029)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(76.1269, 78.1554, 77.4029)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(76.1269, 78.1554,  
77.4029)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                     |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex         | F1E2DA                    |
| RGB         | 241, 226, 218             |
| RGB Percent | 95%, 89%, 85%             |
| CMY         | 0.0549, 0.1137, 0.1451    |
| CMYK        | 0.00, 0.06, 0.10, 0.05    |
| HSL         | 21°, 45%, 90%             |
| HSV         | 21°, 10%, 95%             |
| XYZ         | 76.1269, 78.1554, 77.4029 |
| YIQ         | 229.5730, 11.5080, 0.6920 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

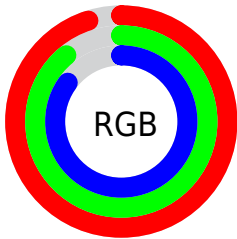
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                  |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R <sub>Y</sub> B                    | 241, 230, 218                 |
| Decimal                             | 15852250                      |
| CIE Lab                             | 90.85, 3.78, 5.73             |
| CIE LCh                             | 91, 6.862, 56.606             |
| Yxy                                 | 78.1554, 0.3286,<br>0.3373    |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4294042330<br>(0xFF1E2DA)     |
| YUV                                 | 229.5730, -5.7055,<br>10.0215 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 88.4055, -1.0016,<br>9.9729   |

# Details

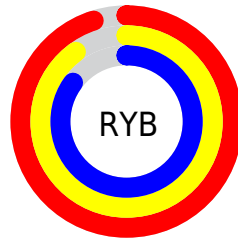
The XYZ color **76.1269, 78.1554, 77.4029** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **73.9295, 79.5329, 94.6749**, and the grayscale version is **74.9350, 78.8374, 85.8539**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **41.1814, 42.0845, 40.6030** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69.1215, 68.8294, 60.6233**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83.9869, 88.4549, 96.7315**.

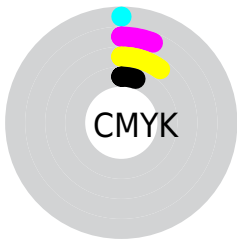
# Distribution



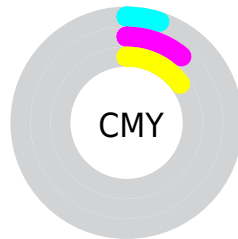
- Red (95%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 76.1269, 78.1554, 77.4029 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 76.1269, 78.1554, 77.4029 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



76.1269, 78.1554,  
77.4029

76.1269, 78.1554,  
77.4029

470.7197,  
488.6944, 505.6107

56.8340, 58.2016,  
57.0701

126.8857,  
130.7692, 131.4863

41.1116, 41.9708,  
40.6518

159.0822,  
164.1980, 166.0739

28.5943, 29.0784,  
27.7294

196.3108,  
202.8872, 206.2502

18.9169, 19.1401,  
17.8845

238.9365,  
247.2214, 252.4337

11.7139, 11.7716,  
10.6985

287.3250,  
297.5847, 305.0430

6.6200, 6.5883,  
5.7529

341.8414,

3.2698, 3.2060,

354.3618, 364.4965

2.6291

402.8512,  
417.9369, 431.2129

■ 1.2980, 1.2402,  
0.9074

■ 0.1817, 0.0942,  
0.0000

■ 76.1269, 78.1554,  
77.4029

■ 76.1269, 78.1554,  
77.4029

■ 69.1215, 68.8294,  
60.6233

■ 83.9869, 88.4549,  
96.7315

■ 62.9340, 60.4377,  
46.2805

■ 90.0861, 97.4410,  
108.6677

■ 57.5344, 52.9536,  
34.2612

■ 52.8886, 46.3450,  
24.4410

■ 48.9594, 40.5780,  
16.6840

■ 45.7063, 35.6159,  
10.8388

■ 43.0838, 31.4192,  
6.7329

■ 41.0397, 27.9441,  
4.1618

■ 39.4982, 25.1356,  
2.8015

# Harmonies

## Analogous

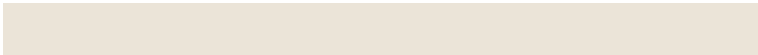
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.2929, 78.1554, 80.9098



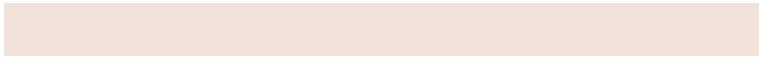
76.1269, 78.1554, 77.4029



74.4811, 78.1554, 75.9539

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.1269, 78.1554, 77.4029



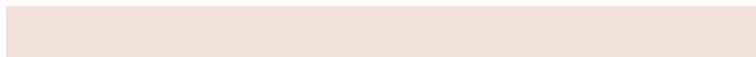
71.0189, 78.1554, 84.5362



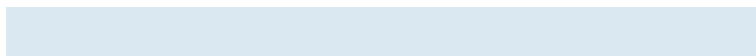
75.7814, 78.1554, 93.8866

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



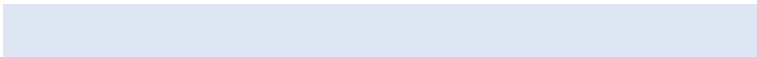
76.1269, 78.1554, 77.4029



73.9295, 79.5329, 94.6749

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.0880, 78.1554, 94.9479



76.1269, 78.1554, 77.4029



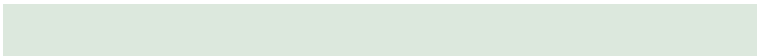
71.3550, 78.1554, 89.4282

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.1269, 78.1554, 77.4029



71.5465, 78.1554, 79.9707



72.4718, 78.1554, 93.2868



77.0912, 78.1554, 90.4398



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.1269, 78.1554, 77.4029



73.3395, 78.1554, 76.3066



72.4718, 78.1554, 93.2868



75.2373, 78.1554, 94.5398

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.1291, 78.1588, 77.4046



92.2720, 96.3759, 102.0183



76.1038, 74.7470, 87.7583



19.5943, 20.4248, 21.4522



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

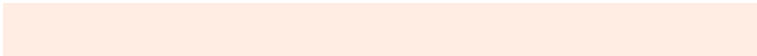


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.1291, 78.1588, 77.4046



85.2990, 87.2048, 84.9733



79.2640, 84.4287, 78.4496



16.2227, 16.6584, 16.5101



21.4989, 13.7958, 1.5297



1.8783, 1.3273, 0.1572

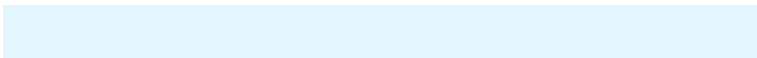


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73.9295, 79.5329, 94.6749



82.4374, 88.9920, 107.4400



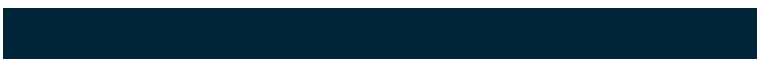
70.8688, 73.4116, 93.6547



15.7575, 16.9491, 20.1626



15.2910, 16.8063, 47.5659

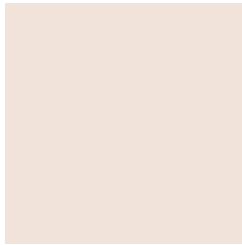


1.3647, 1.5835, 3.9879



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 76.1269, 78.1554, 77.4029 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

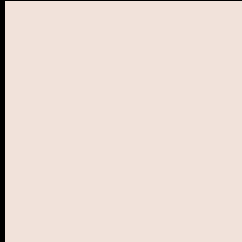
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 76.1269, 78.1554, 77.4029 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

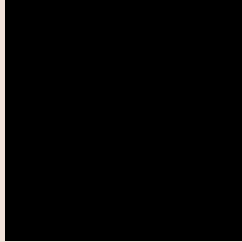
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

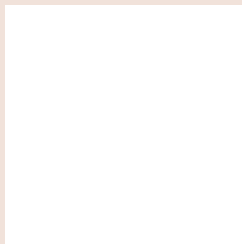
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 76.1269, 78.1554, 77.4029**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 76.1269, 78.1554, 77.4029.



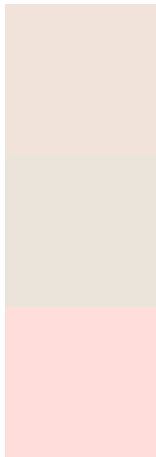
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 76.1269, 78.1554,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

76.1269, 78.1554, 77.4029

### Protanopia

74.7905, 78.2634, 78.1823

### Deuteranopia

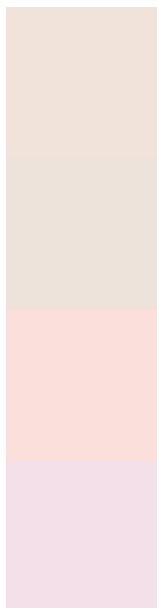
79.8826, 78.0874, 77.8799



## Tritanopia

79.4241, 78.2997, 93.3653

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

76.1269, 78.1554, 77.4029

## Protanomaly

75.1803, 78.0572, 78.1219

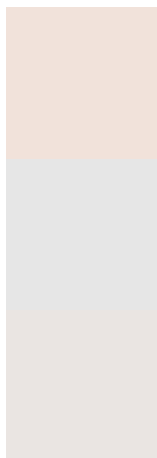
## Deuteranomaly

78.5982, 78.2138, 77.9720

## Tritanomaly

78.1833, 78.1922, 87.3158

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

76.1269, 78.1554, 77.4029

## Achromatopsia

75.2129, 79.1298, 86.1723

## Achromatomaly

75.6785, 79.0220, 83.2156

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 76.1269, 78.1554, 77.4029 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(241, 226, 218) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(241, 226, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(241, 226, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(241, 226, 218) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 76.1269, 78.1554, 77.4029 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(241, 226, 218) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(241, 226, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(241, 226, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(241, 226, 218); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 226, 218);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 226,  
218) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 76.1269, 78.1554, 77.4029 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(241, 226, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(241,  
226, 218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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