

# Converting Colors

XYZ(76.2489, 75.0379, 76.9272)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(76.2489, 75.0379, 76.9272)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(76.0841, 74.9789,  
76.7920)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F7DADA
RGB	247, 218, 218
RGB Percent	97%, 85%, 85%
CMY	0.0314, 0.1451, 0.1451
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.12, 0.03
HSL	0°, 64%, 91%
HSV	0°, 12%, 97%
XYZ	76.0841, 74.9789, 76.7920
YIQ	226.6710, 17.2840, 6.1480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

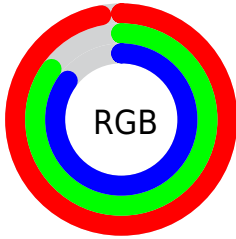
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	247, 218, 218
Decimal	16243418
CIE Lab	89.38, 10.02, 3.67
CIE LCh	89, 10.667, 20.122
Yxy	74.9789, 0.3339, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294433498 (0xFF7DADA)
YUV	226.6710, -4.2748, 17.8285
Hunter-Lab	86.5904, 5.3090, 8.0324

# Details

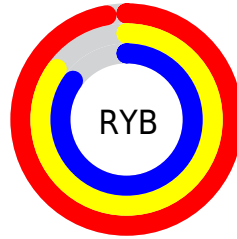
The XYZ color **76.0841, 74.9789, 76.7920** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **78.9624, 88.1408, 100.8477**, and the grayscale version is **72.7977, 76.5889, 83.4053**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **40.9433, 39.7859, 40.1718** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67.1559, 61.9149, 59.0399**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86.4524, 90.1506, 97.4023**.

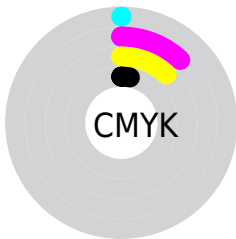
# Distribution



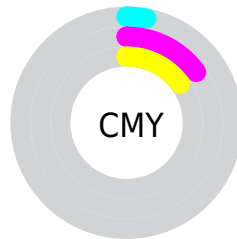
- Red (97%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (3%)




- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (15%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 76.0841, 74.9789, 76.7920 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 76.0841, 74.9789, 76.7920 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 76.0841, 74.9789,  
76.7920

 76.0841, 74.9789,  
76.7920


470.5755,  
477.8450, 503.4734

 56.7988, 55.5956,  
56.5716

126.8255,  
126.2825, 130.6162

 41.0832, 39.8788,  
40.2544


159.0123,  
158.9716, 165.0570

 28.5721, 27.4440,  
27.4216


196.2303,  
196.8647, 205.0751

 18.9000, 17.9070,  
17.6549

238.8448,  
240.3463, 251.0891

 11.7016, 10.8832,  
10.5356

287.2212,  
289.8007, 303.5173

 6.6116, 5.9884,  
5.6453

341.7249,

 3.2646, 2.8380,

345.6124, 362.7784

2.5653

402.7212,  
408.1657, 429.2909

■ 1.2952, 1.0478,  
0.8745

■ 0.1796, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 76.0841, 74.9789,  
76.7920

■ 76.0841, 74.9789,  
76.7920

■ 67.1559, 61.9149,  
59.0399

■ 86.4524, 90.1506,  
97.4023

■ 59.5983, 50.8561,  
44.0152

■ 92.1682, 98.5144,  
108.7651

■ 53.3453, 41.7061,  
31.5845

■ 48.3231, 34.3571,  
21.6008

■ 44.4505, 28.6903,  
13.9029

■ 41.6367, 24.5727,  
8.3100

■ 39.7771, 21.8513,  
4.6140

■ 38.7459, 20.3421,  
2.5650

■ 38.3586, 19.7752,  
1.7953

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.3267, 74.9789, 84.1310



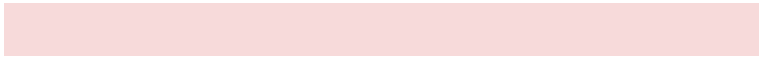
76.0841, 74.9789, 76.7920



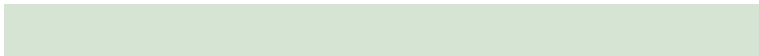
74.5329, 74.9789, 71.0946

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.0841, 74.9789, 76.7920



67.4813, 74.9789, 72.7629



70.4073, 74.9789, 96.6399

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.0841, 74.9789, 76.7920



78.9624, 88.1408, 100.8477

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.0944, 74.9789, 93.1782



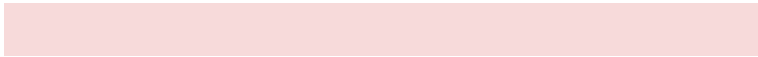
76.0841, 74.9789, 76.7920



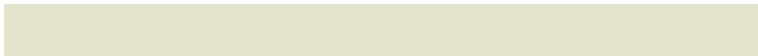
66.4325, 74.9789, 79.1973

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.0841, 74.9789, 76.7920



69.5519, 74.9789, 68.8688



66.6542, 74.9789, 86.6864

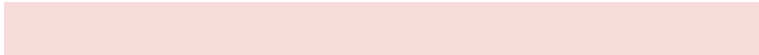


73.0064, 74.9789, 95.8983



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.0841, 74.9789, 76.7920



72.9860, 74.9789, 68.8501



66.6542, 74.9789, 86.6864



69.5717, 74.9789, 95.9216

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.0862, 74.9822, 76.7936



90.2833, 93.0251, 99.4234



80.2187, 76.6335, 98.5604



19.1386, 19.6394, 20.9115



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

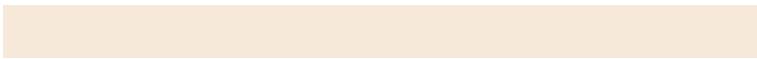
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.0862, 74.9822, 76.7936



79.4769, 77.2127, 77.9398



80.0112, 82.8323, 78.1019



16.4994, 16.4829, 17.1095



20.2865, 10.4585, 0.9495



1.7830, 0.9193, 0.0835



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78.9624, 88.1408, 100.8477



83.1121, 93.8433, 108.3408



74.7005, 79.6170, 99.4271



16.9966, 18.7574, 21.2673



26.4637, 38.7211, 52.6172

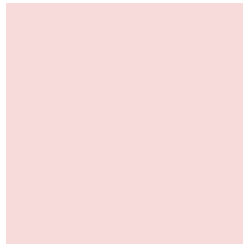


2.3260, 3.4033, 4.6246



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 76.0841, 74.9789, 76.7920 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

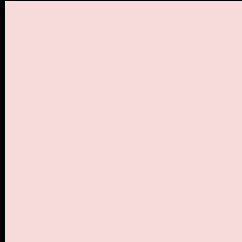
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 76.0841, 74.9789, 76.7920 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

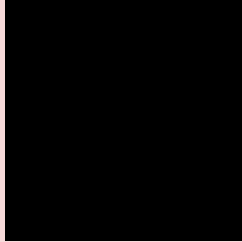
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

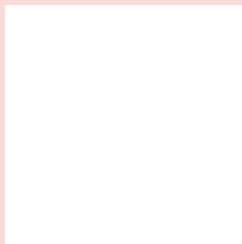
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 76.0841, 74.9789, 76.7920**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 76.0841, 74.9789, 76.7920.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 76.0841, 74.9789,

76.7920.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

76.0841, 74.9789, 76.7920

### Protanopia

72.0199, 75.1898, 79.1238

### Deuteranopia

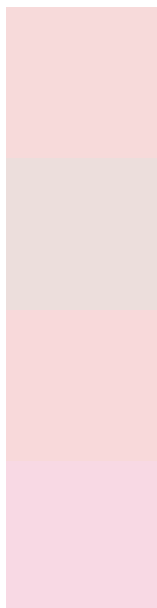
76.5347, 74.8274, 76.7390



## Tritanopia

78.3308, 75.1347, 87.4648

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

76.0841, 74.9789, 76.7920

## Protanomaly

73.6316, 75.2427, 78.3526

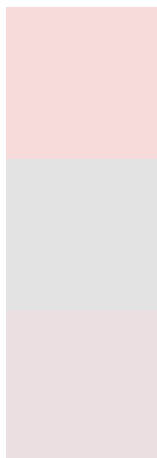
## Deuteranomaly

76.1791, 74.6441, 76.7223

## Tritanomaly

77.5278, 75.1836, 83.8245

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

76.0841, 74.9789, 76.7920

## Achromatopsia

73.0128, 76.8151, 83.6517

## Achromatomaly

74.0419, 76.1856, 81.3239

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 76.0841, 74.9789, 76.7920 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(247, 218, 218) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 218, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 218, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 218, 218) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 76.0841, 74.9789, 76.7920 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 218, 218) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 218, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(247, 218, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 218, 218); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 218, 218);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 218,  
218) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 76.0841, 74.9789, 76.7920 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 218, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247,  
218, 218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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