

# Converting Colors

XYZ(76.3498, 78.3234, 49.3352)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(76.3498, 78.3234, 49.3352)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(75.4209, 78.0127,  
49.1131)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE1AA
RGB	255, 225, 170
RGB Percent	100%, 88%, 67%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1176, 0.3333
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.33, 0.00
HSL	39°, 100%, 83%
HSV	39°, 33%, 100%
XYZ	75.4209, 78.0127, 49.1131
YIQ	227.7000, 35.5350, -10.7450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

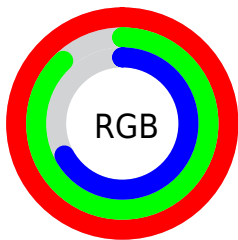
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	216, 255, 170
Decimal	16769450
CIE Lab	90.79, 2.62, 30.73
CIE LCh	91, 30.842, 85.132
Yxy	78.0127, 0.3724, 0.3852
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294959530 (0xFFFFE1AA)
YUV	227.7000, -28.4461, 23.9421
Hunter-Lab	88.3248, -2.1465, 28.8591

# Details

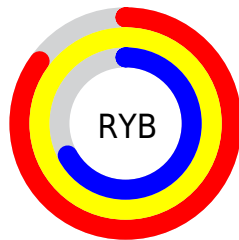
The XYZ color **75.4209, 78.0127, 49.1131** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **55.2813, 57.0728, 102.7103**, and the grayscale version is **73.7083, 77.5469, 84.4485**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.7275, 98.2710, 86.1379**, and **40.6116, 41.9041, 22.7775** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.8705, 72.4049, 36.8275**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80.5714, 84.0712, 63.9087**.

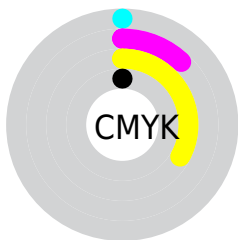
# Distribution



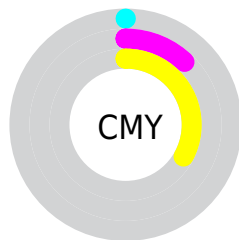
- Red (100%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (33%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 75.4209, 78.0127, 49.1131 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 75.4209, 78.0127, 49.1131 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 75.4209, 78.0127,  
49.1131

 75.4209, 78.0127,  
49.1131

468.3379,  
488.2100, 399.8227

 56.2532, 58.0844,  
34.3430


 125.8927,  
130.5680, 90.2421

 40.6437, 41.8765,  
22.8777


157.9275,  
163.9639, 117.4381

 28.2273, 29.0046,  
14.2988


194.9820,  
202.6176, 149.6131

 18.6384, 19.0843,  
8.1876

237.4216,  
246.9138, 187.1857

 11.5117, 11.7312,  
4.1258

285.6116,  
297.2367, 230.5744

 6.4819, 6.5609,  
1.6946

339.9175,

 3.1837, 3.1891,

353.9708, 280.1978

0.3570

400.7044,  
417.5004, 336.4744

■ 1.2516, 1.2312,  
0.0000

■ 0.1466, 0.0870,  
0.0000

■ 75.4209, 78.0127,  
49.1131

■ 75.4209, 78.0127,  
49.1131

■ 70.8705, 72.4049,  
36.8275

■ 80.5714, 84.0712,  
63.9087

■ 66.8851, 67.2224,  
26.9034

■ 86.3429, 90.5836,  
81.3417

■ 63.4348, 62.4527,  
19.1841

■ 92.7626, 97.5663,  
101.5365

■ 60.4839, 58.0783,  
13.4916

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 57.9913, 54.0794,  
9.6198

■ 55.9073, 50.4326,  
7.3182

■ 54.6982, 48.1764,  
6.4161

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.0006, 78.0127, 54.5117



75.4209, 78.0127, 49.1131



67.9969, 78.0127, 51.8606

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.4209, 78.0127, 49.1131



61.4564, 78.0127, 104.3925



87.0628, 78.0127, 111.7587

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75.4209, 78.0127, 49.1131



55.2813, 57.0728, 102.7103

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.6609, 78.0127, 129.7468



75.4209, 78.0127, 49.1131



65.9497, 78.0127, 125.0010

# Square

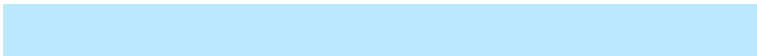
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75.4209, 78.0127, 49.1131



60.2666, 78.0127, 81.3711



72.8909, 78.0127, 134.9709



90.0140, 78.0127, 88.6171

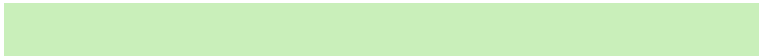


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75.4209, 78.0127, 49.1131



64.0786, 78.0127, 58.2459



72.8909, 78.0127, 134.9709



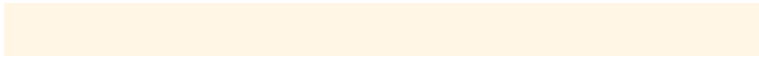
85.2222, 78.0127, 118.7573

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.4229, 78.0163, 49.1147



88.4091, 92.8577, 87.7590



66.1775, 54.2352, 62.3425



18.7348, 19.6687, 18.1967



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.4229, 78.0163, 49.1147



72.3231, 74.2265, 40.6523



80.2087, 93.5959, 51.8696



18.9903, 19.9487, 18.9939



28.7268, 25.4647, 3.4011



2.8999, 2.6851, 0.3654



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.2813, 57.0728, 102.7103



49.3830, 50.3846, 101.7302



51.5599, 45.8346, 100.7372



17.5274, 18.4263, 22.8828



11.4678, 7.8451, 50.3444



1.2148, 0.9603, 4.9346



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 75.4209, 78.0127, 49.1131 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

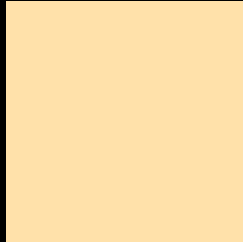
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 75.4209, 78.0127, 49.1131 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

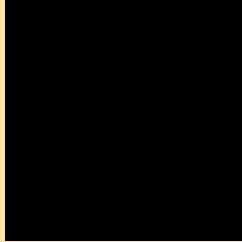
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 75.4209, 78.0127, 49.1131

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 75.4209, 78.0127, 49.1131.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 75.4209, 78.0127,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

75.4209, 78.0127, 49.1131

**Protanopia**

72.8460, 77.8778, 50.2223

**Deuteranopia**

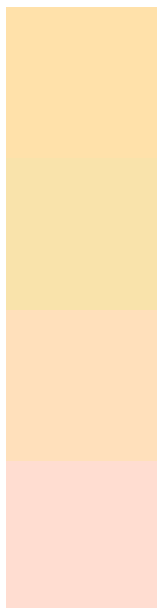
77.5915, 78.0209, 63.1946



## Tritanopia

81.1370, 77.7492, 87.0747

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

75.4209, 78.0127, 49.1131

## Protanomaly

73.8867, 78.0182, 49.6928

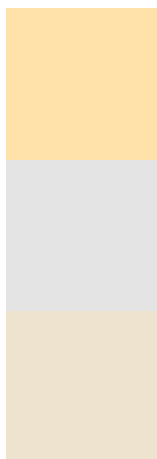
## Deuteranomaly

76.8653, 78.1592, 58.0487

## Tritanomaly

78.6051, 77.5764, 71.1524

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

75.4209, 78.0127, 49.1131

## Achromatopsia

73.7419, 77.5822, 84.4870

## Achromatomaly

73.9915, 77.6203, 70.1139

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 75.4209, 78.0127, 49.1131 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 225, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 225, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 225, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 225, 170) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 75.4209, 78.0127, 49.1131 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 225, 170) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 225, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 225, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 225, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 225, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 225,  
170) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 75.4209, 78.0127, 49.1131 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 225, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
225, 170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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