

# Converting Colors

XYZ(76.3883, 77.6975, 82.0131)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(76.3883, 77.6975, 82.0131)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(76.4510, 77.8119, 82.2240)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(76.4510, 77.8119,  
82.2240)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	F0E1E1
RGB	240, 225, 225
RGB Percent	94%, 88%, 88%
CMY	0.0588, 0.1176, 0.1176
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.06, 0.06
HSL	0°, 33%, 91%
HSV	0°, 6%, 94%
XYZ	76.4510, 77.8119, 82.2240
YIQ	229.4850, 8.9400, 3.1800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

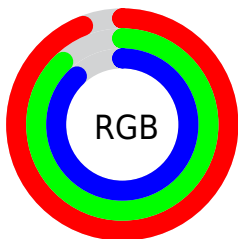
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	240, 225, 225
Decimal	15786465
CIE Lab	90.69, 5.11, 1.83
CIE LCh	91, 5.427, 19.676
Yxy	77.8119, 0.3233, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293976545 (0xFFFF0E1E1)
YUV	229.4850, -2.2111, 9.2217
Hunter-Lab	88.2111, 0.3335, 6.4819

# Details

The XYZ color **76.4510, 77.8119, 82.2240** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **77.9395, 84.6177, 94.6641**, and the grayscale version is **74.8464, 78.7442, 85.7525**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **41.3976, 41.8421, 43.9247** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67.3678, 64.5214, 64.1625**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86.9103, 93.1161, 103.0165**.

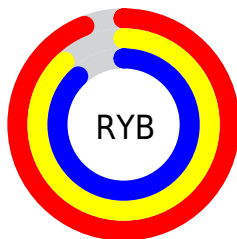
# Distribution



Red (94%)

Green (88%)

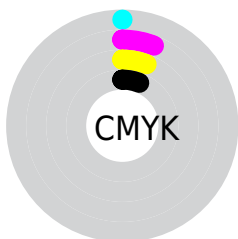
Blue (88%)



Red (94%)

Yellow (88%)

Blue (88%)

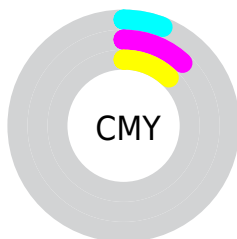


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (6%)



Cyan (6%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (12%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 76.4510, 77.8119, 82.2240 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 76.4510, 77.8119, 82.2240 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



76.4510, 77.8119,  
82.2240

76.4510, 77.8119,  
82.2240

471.8108,  
487.5278, 522.2998

57.1008, 57.9195,  
61.0133

127.3412,  
130.2849, 138.3276

41.3266, 41.7439,  
43.8053

159.6118,  
163.6343, 174.0575

28.7632, 28.9008,  
30.1814

196.9200,  
202.2381, 215.4643

19.0451, 19.0058,  
19.7231

239.6310,  
246.4808, 262.9665

11.8071, 11.6745,  
12.0118

288.1102,  
296.7467, 316.9826

6.6837, 6.5224,  
6.6291

342.7231,

3.3097, 3.1653,

353.4203, 377.9311

3.1563

403.8348,  
416.8858, 446.2307

■ 1.3196, 1.2186,  
1.1750

■ 0.1978, 0.0768,  
0.0000

■ 76.4510, 77.8119,  
82.2240

■ 76.4510, 77.8119,  
82.2240

■ 67.3678, 64.5214,  
64.1625

■ 86.9103, 93.1161,  
103.0165

■ 59.5973, 53.1513,  
48.7138

■ 89.7456, 97.2655,  
108.6518

■ 53.0807, 43.6159,  
35.7586

■ 47.7524, 35.8191,  
25.1662

■ 43.5408, 29.6561,  
16.7942

■ 40.3665, 25.0109,  
10.4848

■ 38.1397, 21.7521,  
6.0594

■ 36.7555, 19.7261,  
3.3092

■ 36.0833, 18.7419,  
1.9742

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.5640, 77.8119, 86.0751



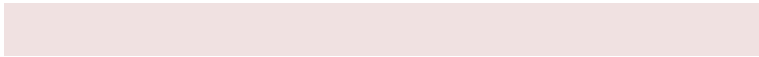
76.4510, 77.8119, 82.2240



75.6653, 77.8119, 79.1342

# Triad

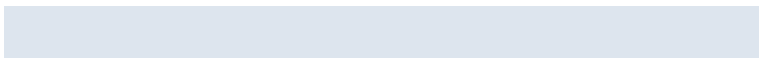
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.4510, 77.8119, 82.2240



71.9795, 77.8119, 79.9631



73.4896, 77.8119, 92.3179

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.4510, 77.8119, 82.2240



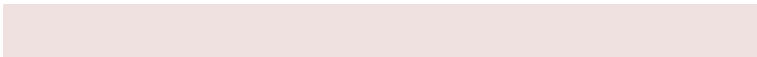
77.9395, 84.6177, 94.6641

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



72.2763, 77.8119, 90.5708



76.4510, 77.8119, 82.2240



71.4116, 77.8119, 83.3870

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.4510, 77.8119, 82.2240



73.0797, 77.8119, 77.8569



71.5196, 77.8119, 87.2740



74.8430, 77.8119, 91.9833

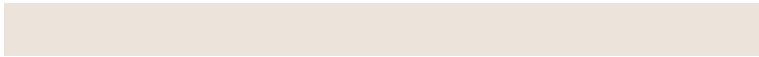


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



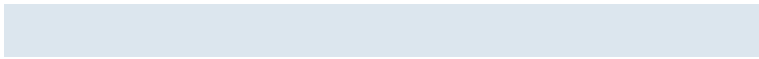
76.4510, 77.8119, 82.2240



74.8711, 77.8119, 77.8844



71.5196, 77.8119, 87.2740



73.0521, 77.8119, 91.9526

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.4532, 77.8153, 82.2257



92.6346, 96.4658, 104.0977



78.5896, 78.6682, 93.4814



19.8529, 20.6847, 22.3315



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

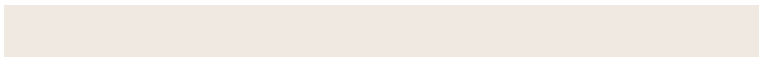
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.4532, 77.8153, 82.2257



86.8770, 88.0412, 92.6505



78.5244, 81.9578, 82.9161



16.1582, 16.3229, 17.1258



19.6720, 10.1421, 0.9208



1.6366, 0.8440, 0.0766

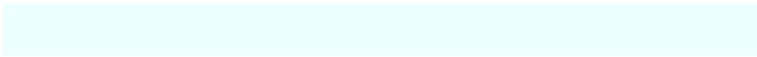


# Inverse Universe

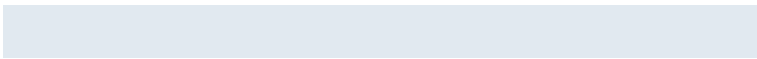
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.9395, 84.6177, 94.6641



88.7836, 96.7673, 108.6063



75.7782, 80.2951, 93.9436



16.5423, 18.0805, 20.3396



25.6572, 37.5387, 51.0213

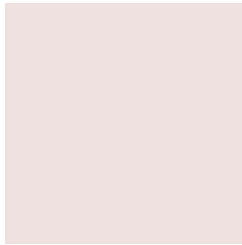


2.1346, 3.1231, 4.2445



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 76.4510, 77.8119, 82.2240 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

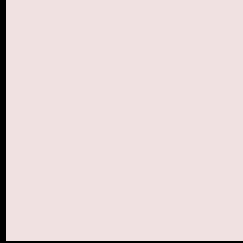
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 76.4510, 77.8119, 82.2240 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

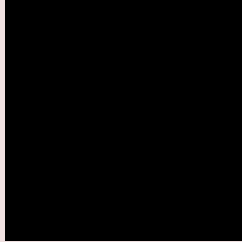
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

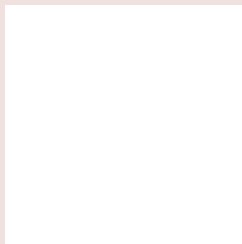
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 76.4510, 77.8119, 82.2240

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 76.4510, 77.8119, 82.2240.



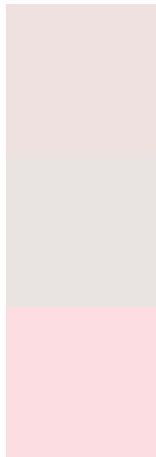
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 76.4510, 77.8119,

82.2240.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

76.4510, 77.8119, 82.2240

### Protanopia

74.8008, 77.7528, 83.0169

### Deuteranopia

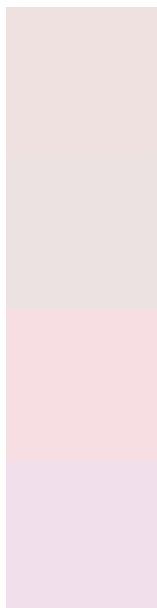
79.3676, 77.7131, 82.7685



## Tritanopia

78.7338, 77.9439, 93.3330

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

76.4510, 77.8119, 82.2240

## Protanomaly

75.5159, 77.7166, 82.9722

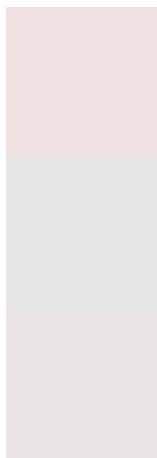
## Deuteranomaly

78.2065, 77.5077, 82.7901

## Tritanomaly

77.9267, 78.0102, 89.5476

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

76.4510, 77.8119, 82.2240

## Achromatopsia

74.4753, 78.3538, 85.3273

## Achromatomaly

75.3513, 78.4119, 84.5624

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 76.4510, 77.8119, 82.2240 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(240, 225, 225) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(240, 225, 225)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 225, 225) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(240, 225, 225) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 76.4510, 77.8119, 82.2240 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(240, 225, 225) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(240, 225, 225) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(240, 225, 225)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(240, 225, 225); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 225, 225);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 225,  
225) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 76.4510, 77.8119, 82.2240 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(240, 225, 225) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(240,  
225, 225) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor