

# Converting Colors

XYZ(76.4607, 73.0455, 86.9106)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(76.4607, 73.0455, 86.9106)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(76.5083, 73.0645,  
87.1612)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F6D5E9
RGB	246, 213, 233
RGB Percent	96%, 84%, 91%
CMY	0.0353, 0.1647, 0.0863
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.05, 0.04
HSL	324°, 65%, 90%
HSV	324°, 13%, 96%
XYZ	76.5083, 73.0645, 87.1612
YIQ	225.1470, 13.2480, 13.2160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

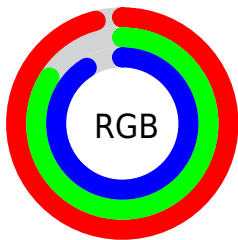
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	246, 213, 233
Decimal	16176617
CIE Lab	88.48, 14.78, -5.57
CIE LCh	88, 15.790, 339.356
Yxy	73.0645, 0.3232, 0.3086
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294366697 (0xFFFF6D5E9)
YUV	225.1470, 3.8715, 18.2881
Hunter-Lab	85.4778, 10.1833, -0.6232

# Details

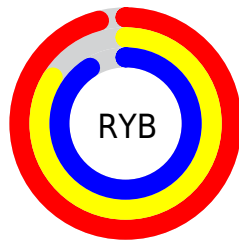
The XYZ color **76.5083, 73.0645, 87.1612** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **74.1267, 85.5507, 84.5617**, and the grayscale version is **71.6419, 75.3728, 82.0810**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **41.3979, 38.5752, 46.8588** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69.4375, 61.0774, 78.1601**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84.5979, 86.9654, 96.8789**.

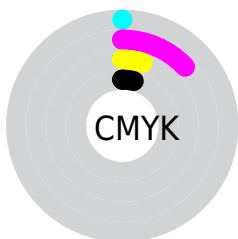
# Distribution



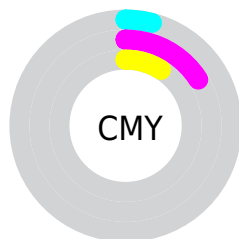
- Red (96%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 76.5083, 73.0645, 87.1612 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 76.5083, 73.0645, 87.1612 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 76.5083, 73.0645,  
87.1612

 76.5083, 73.0645,  
87.1612


472.0036,  
471.2383, 539.0824

 57.1479, 54.0287,  
65.0682


127.4217,  
123.5688, 145.2897

 41.3646, 38.6246,  
47.0647


159.7054,  
155.8060, 182.1622

 28.7930, 26.4678,  
32.7321


197.0276,  
193.2126, 224.7984

 19.0678, 17.1739,  
21.6519

239.7537,  
236.1728, 273.6167

 11.8236, 10.3586,  
13.4055

288.2490,  
285.0711, 329.0357

 6.6950, 5.6374,  
7.5743

342.8788,

 3.3167, 2.6258,

340.2919, 391.4740

3.7400

404.0086,  
402.2195, 461.3500

■ 1.3234, 0.9397,  
1.4838

■ 0.2006, 0.0000,  
0.2058

■ 76.5083, 73.0645,  
87.1612

■ 76.5083, 73.0645,  
87.1612

■ 69.4375, 61.0774,  
78.1601

■ 84.5979, 86.9654,  
96.8789

■ 63.3359, 50.9099,  
69.8505

■ 91.3985, 98.1659,  
106.5471

■ 58.1590, 42.4738,  
62.2122

■ 91.8166, 98.3331,  
108.7487

■ 53.8561, 35.6702,  
55.2223

■ 50.3716, 30.3896,  
48.8556

■ 47.6431, 26.5095,  
43.0848

■ 45.5985, 23.8878,  
37.8790

■ 44.1503, 22.3519,  
33.2020

■ 43.4377, 21.7655,  
30.3785

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.1817, 73.0645, 96.8527



76.5083, 73.0645, 87.1612



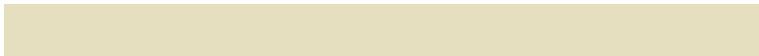
76.9057, 73.0645, 76.2021

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.5083, 73.0645, 87.1612



68.2649, 73.0645, 60.6461



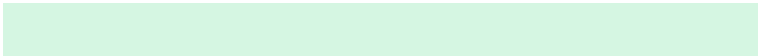
63.9489, 73.0645, 93.5726

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.5083, 73.0645, 87.1612



74.1267, 85.5507, 84.5617

# Split Complementary

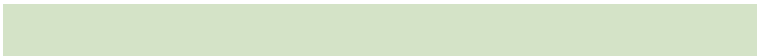
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62.4843, 73.0645, 83.0044



76.5083, 73.0645, 87.1612



64.9155, 73.0645, 64.4498

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



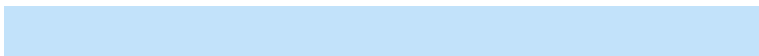
76.5083, 73.0645, 87.1612



72.0531, 73.0645, 61.5393



62.8315, 73.0645, 72.4044



66.9018, 73.0645, 100.7823



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.5083, 73.0645, 87.1612



76.0092, 73.0645, 69.7332



62.8315, 73.0645, 72.4044



63.2712, 73.0645, 90.2579

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.5104, 73.0677, 87.1628



91.2416, 93.4077, 104.4719



71.6861, 70.3581, 96.9922



19.3806, 19.7360, 22.1861



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

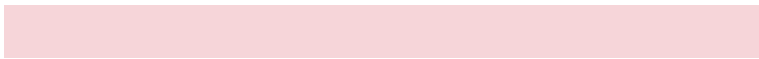
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.5104, 73.0677, 87.1628



80.9061, 75.6820, 91.9472



74.3078, 72.1867, 75.5639



16.9210, 16.6512, 19.3304



23.2560, 11.6458, 16.5884



2.0944, 1.0437, 1.7237



# Inverse Universe

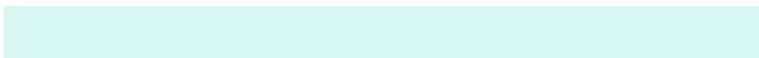
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76.5104, 73.0677, 87.1628



80.9061, 75.6820, 91.9472



76.4483, 86.4794, 96.7871



16.9210, 16.6512, 19.3304



23.2560, 11.6458, 16.5884

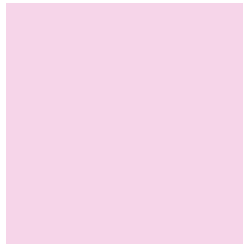


2.0944, 1.0437, 1.7237



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 76.5083, 73.0645, 87.1612 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

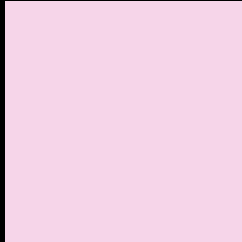
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 76.5083, 73.0645, 87.1612 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 76.5083, 73.0645, 87.1612**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 76.5083, 73.0645, 87.1612.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 76.5083, 73.0645,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

76.5083, 73.0645, 87.1612

### Protanopia

71.4133, 73.4155, 91.2957

### Deuteranopia

74.8605, 73.3456, 87.3023



## Tritanopia

76.0832, 72.8945, 84.9229

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

76.5083, 73.0645, 87.1612

## Protanomaly

73.1667, 73.1879, 89.6272

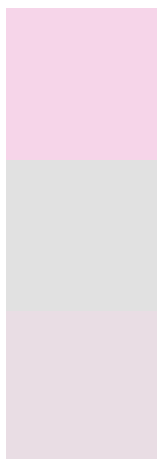
## Deuteranomaly

75.6264, 73.3613, 87.2650

## Tritanomaly

76.2241, 72.9509, 85.6648

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

76.5083, 73.0645, 87.1612

## Achromatopsia

71.5672, 75.2942, 81.9954

## Achromatomaly

73.4643, 74.6380, 83.9334

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 76.5083, 73.0645, 87.1612 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(246, 213, 233) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(246, 213, 233)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(246, 213, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(246, 213, 233) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 76.5083, 73.0645, 87.1612 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(246, 213, 233) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(246, 213, 233) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(246, 213, 233)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(246, 213, 233); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 213, 233);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 213,  
233) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 76.5083, 73.0645, 87.1612 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(246, 213, 233) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(246,  
213, 233) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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