

# Converting Colors

XYZ(76.4737, 80.6437, 82.2737)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(76.4737, 80.6437, 82.2737)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(76.5721, 80.7572,  
82.0729)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EBE8E0
RGB	235, 232, 224
RGB Percent	92%, 91%, 88%
CMY	0.0784, 0.0902, 0.1216
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.05, 0.08
HSL	44°, 22%, 90%
HSV	44°, 5%, 92%
XYZ	76.5721, 80.7572, 82.0729
YIQ	231.9850, 4.3560, -1.8520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

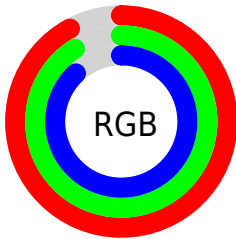
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	228, 235, 224
Decimal	15460576
CIE Lab	92.02, -0.37, 4.23
CIE LCh	92, 4.248, 95.062
Yxy	80.7572, 0.3198, 0.3373
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293650656 (0xFFE8E8E0)
YUV	231.9850, -3.9366, 2.6442
Hunter-Lab	89.8650, -5.1676, 8.7565

# Details

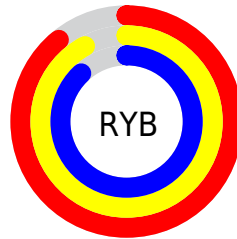
The XYZ color **76.5721, 80.7572, 82.0729** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **73.2049, 76.7825, 89.5604**, and the grayscale version is **76.7187, 80.7140, 87.8976**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **41.2772, 43.4989, 43.7567** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.8347, 76.0345, 65.8414**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81.8202, 85.7944, 100.6498**.

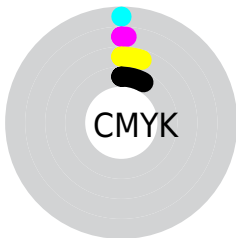
# Distribution



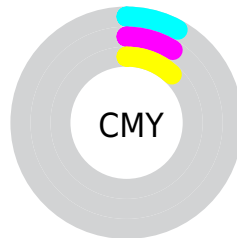
- Red (92%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (12%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 76.5721, 80.7572, 82.0729 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 76.5721, 80.7572, 82.0729 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 76.5721, 80.7572,  
82.0729

■ 76.5721, 80.7572,  
82.0729

472.2182,  
497.4810, 521.7814

■ 57.2004, 60.3417,  
60.8895

127.5113,  
134.4298, 138.1138

■ 41.4070, 43.6941,  
43.7060

159.8096,  
168.4556, 173.8084

■ 28.8263, 30.4301,  
30.1039

197.1475,  
207.7870, 215.1771

■ 19.0931, 20.1653,  
19.6648

239.8903,  
252.8083, 262.6385

■ 11.8420, 12.5152,  
11.9699

288.4035,  
303.9040, 316.6110

■ 6.7076, 7.0956,  
6.6009

343.0522,

■ 3.3246, 3.5220,

361.4584, 377.5133

3.1392

404.2020,  
425.8559, 445.7639

■ 1.3277, 1.4099,  
1.1661

■ 0.2038, 0.2240,  
0.0000

■ 76.5721, 80.7572,  
82.0729

■ 76.5721, 80.7572,  
82.0729

■ 71.8347, 76.0345,  
65.8414

■ 81.8202, 85.7944,  
100.6498

■ 67.5825, 71.6071,  
51.8553

■ 84.9050, 90.0697,  
107.5180

■ 63.7980, 67.4696,  
40.0149

■ 86.8729, 94.0054,  
108.1739

■ 60.4598, 63.6122,  
30.2113

■ 88.0714, 96.4024,  
108.5734

■ 57.5446, 60.0245,  
22.3256

■ 55.0268, 56.6951,  
16.2268

■ 52.8778, 53.6112,  
11.7671

■ 51.0641, 50.7584,  
8.7751

■ 49.5453, 48.1191,  
7.0407

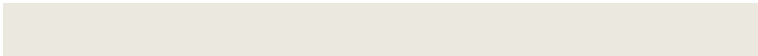
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.6465, 80.7572, 82.5873



76.5721, 80.7572, 82.0729



75.5568, 80.7572, 83.0975

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.5721, 80.7572, 82.0729



75.0505, 80.7572, 91.4326



78.6780, 80.7572, 90.4922

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.5721, 80.7572, 82.0729



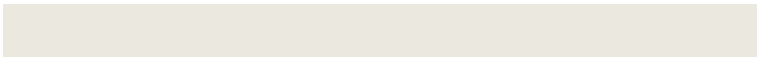
73.2049, 76.7825, 89.5604

# Split Complementary

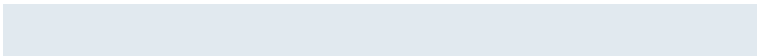
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.9705, 80.7572, 92.9481



76.5721, 80.7572, 82.0729



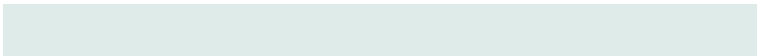
75.8749, 80.7572, 93.5000

# Square

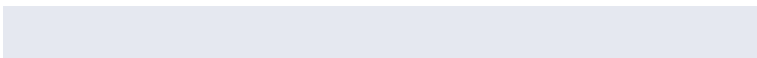
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



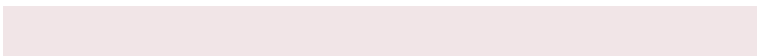
76.5721, 80.7572, 82.0729



74.6836, 80.7572, 88.4627



76.9428, 80.7572, 94.0611

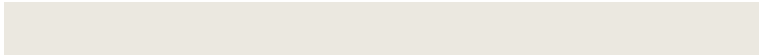


78.8690, 80.7572, 87.4011

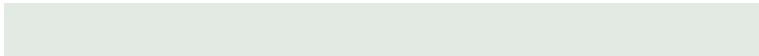


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.5721, 80.7572, 82.0729



75.0480, 80.7572, 84.5300



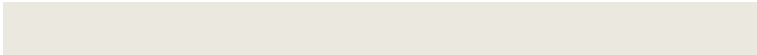
76.9428, 80.7572, 94.0611



78.4924, 80.7572, 91.4217

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.5744, 80.7607, 82.0746



94.4210, 99.3945, 106.6783



74.7989, 76.5272, 83.5875



20.2166, 21.2809, 22.8570



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

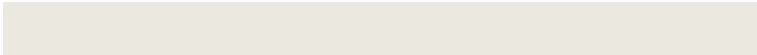


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

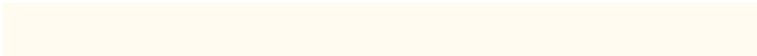


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.5744, 80.7607, 82.0746



91.3687, 96.4236, 96.0006



76.6432, 82.0587, 82.3216



16.2796, 17.1848, 16.9521



27.2842, 26.2626, 3.6312



2.2217, 2.2207, 0.3115



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73.2049, 76.7825, 89.5604



86.1940, 90.3140, 107.4972



73.1366, 75.5415, 89.3245



15.2662, 15.9883, 19.2037



9.4568, 5.5607, 44.3179

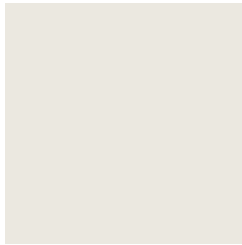


0.8203, 0.5921, 3.5059



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 76.5721, 80.7572, 82.0729 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

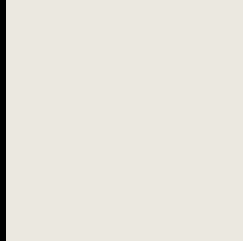
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 76.5721, 80.7572, 82.0729 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

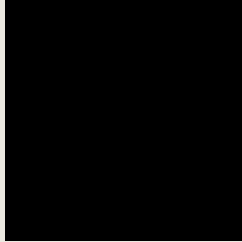
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

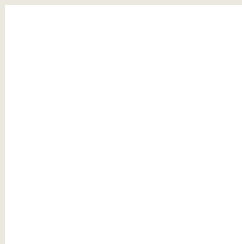
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 76.5721, 80.7572, 82.0729**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 76.5721, 80.7572, 82.0729.



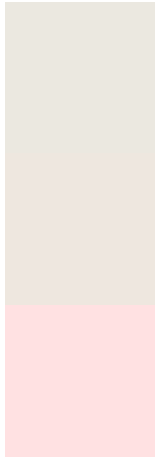
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 76.5721, 80.7572,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

76.5721, 80.7572, 82.0729

### Protanopia

77.1551, 80.6567, 81.3138

### Deuteranopia

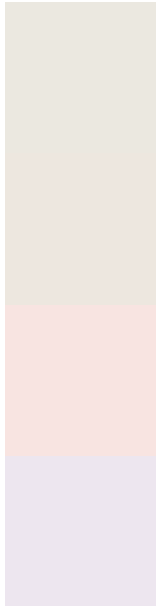
81.8927, 80.6014, 83.1929



## Tritanopia

80.0677, 80.9312, 99.3969

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

76.5721, 80.7572, 82.0729

## Protanomaly

76.8202, 80.4841, 81.2982

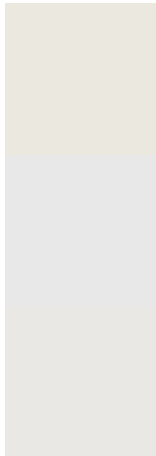
## Deuteranomaly

80.0454, 80.8795, 82.6266

## Tritanomaly

78.8019, 80.8301, 93.1098

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

76.5721, 80.7572, 82.0729

## Achromatopsia

76.7008, 80.6952, 87.8771

## Achromatomaly

76.6037, 80.6940, 85.6668

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 76.5721, 80.7572, 82.0729 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(235, 232, 224) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 232, 224)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 232, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 232, 224) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 76.5721, 80.7572, 82.0729 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 232, 224) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 232, 224) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 232, 224)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 232, 224); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 232, 224);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 232,  
224) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 76.5721, 80.7572, 82.0729 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 232, 224) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
232, 224) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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