

# Converting Colors

XYZ(76.5154, 84.9919, 55.9956)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(76.5154, 84.9919, 55.9956)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(76.7579, 85.3015,  
56.1353)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F3F1B5
RGB	243, 241, 181
RGB Percent	95%, 95%, 71%
CMY	0.0471, 0.0549, 0.2902
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.26, 0.05
HSL	58°, 72%, 83%
HSV	58°, 26%, 95%
XYZ	76.7579, 85.3015, 56.1353
YIQ	234.7580, 20.4520, -18.2360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

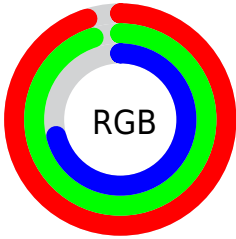
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	183, 243, 181
Decimal	15987125
CIE Lab	94.01, -8.57, 29.31
CIE LCh	94, 30.536, 106.306
Yxy	85.3015, 0.3518, 0.3909
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294177205 (0xFFFF3F1B5)
YUV	234.7580, -26.5027, 7.2282
Hunter-Lab	92.3588, -13.2795, 28.6150

# Details

The XYZ color **76.7579, 85.3015, 56.1353** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **52.1669, 50.1605, 91.7266**, and the grayscale version is **78.9677, 83.0802, 90.4743**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.2861, 98.8944, 94.3453**, and **41.4949, 46.6955, 27.2482** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74.2489, 83.9315, 44.0522**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **79.7072, 86.8551, 70.5127**.

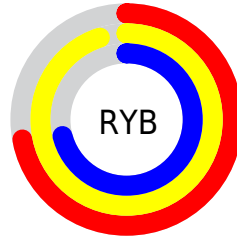
# Distribution



Red (95%)

Green (95%)

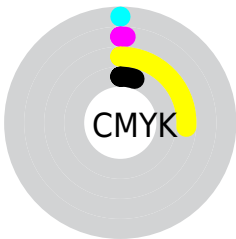
Blue (71%)



Red (72%)

Yellow (95%)

Blue (71%)

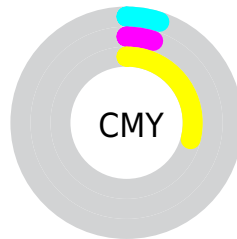


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (26%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (5%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (29%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 76.7579, 85.3015, 56.1353 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 76.7579, 85.3015, 56.1353 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 76.7579, 85.3015,  
56.1353

 76.7579, 85.3015,  
56.1353


472.8428,  
512.6252, 427.6038

 57.3534, 64.0905,  
39.9067


 127.7723,  
140.7943, 100.6901

 41.5303, 46.7240,  
27.1526


160.1130,  
175.8450, 129.8535

 28.9232, 32.8175,  
17.4544


197.4965,  
216.2777, 164.1654

 19.1667, 21.9867,  
10.3936

240.2880,  
262.4768, 204.0446

 11.8955, 13.8471,  
5.5517

288.8531,  
314.8267, 249.9094

 6.7443, 8.0144,  
2.5101

343.5570,

 3.3476, 4.1042,

373.7118, 302.1786

0.8455

404.7651,  
439.5165, 361.2705

■ 1.3401, 1.7320,  
0.0000

■ 0.2130, 0.4443,  
0.0000

■ 76.7579, 85.3015,  
56.1353

■ 76.7579, 85.3015,  
56.1353

■ 74.2489, 83.9315,  
44.0522

■ 79.7072, 86.8551,  
70.5127

■ 72.1511, 82.7246,  
34.1390

■ 83.1112, 88.5893,  
87.2894

■ 70.4420, 81.6747,  
26.2680

■ 86.9917, 90.5156,  
106.5702

■ 69.0944, 80.7711,  
20.2956

■ 87.4028, 91.0558,  
107.5766

■ 68.0775, 80.0013,  
16.0600

■ 87.6386, 91.5275,  
107.6553

■ 67.3555, 79.3510,  
13.3721

■ 87.8754, 92.0011,  
107.7342

■ 66.8840, 78.8025,  
11.9989

■ 88.1133, 92.4768,  
107.8135

■ 66.7236, 78.5774,  
11.6502

■ 88.3521, 92.9544,  
107.8931

■ 88.5919, 93.4341,  
107.9730

# Harmonies

## Analogous

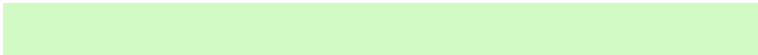
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.8413, 85.3015, 55.7578



76.7579, 85.3015, 56.1353



70.2707, 85.3015, 65.2094

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.7579, 85.3015, 56.1353



70.7306, 85.3015, 129.2345



97.2662, 85.3015, 103.9081

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.7579, 85.3015, 56.1353



52.1669, 50.1605, 91.7266

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.9369, 85.3015, 127.4408



76.7579, 85.3015, 56.1353



77.4248, 85.3015, 143.6336

# Square

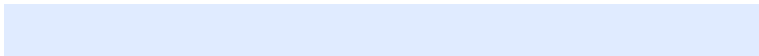
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.7579, 85.3015, 56.1353



66.9535, 85.3015, 106.0512



85.5542, 85.3015, 142.9270



97.0577, 85.3015, 80.8450

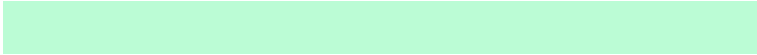


# Rectangle

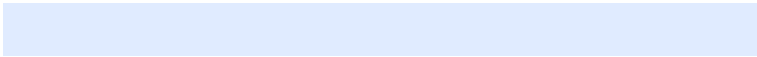
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.7579, 85.3015, 56.1353



67.5630, 85.3015, 75.9938



85.5542, 85.3015, 142.9270



96.2816, 85.3015, 112.0963

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.7601, 85.3053, 56.1371



91.7287, 98.3372, 92.4410



62.0409, 55.5251, 52.2848



19.5082, 20.9846, 19.1666



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.7601, 85.3053, 56.1371



84.0258, 94.3012, 54.8217



68.1427, 81.7439, 55.9039



17.8663, 19.2167, 17.5651



36.6404, 43.1663, 6.4008



3.2344, 3.8221, 0.5673



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.1669, 50.1605, 91.7266



51.9617, 48.4814, 101.2269



59.2617, 53.2117, 91.9417



15.6239, 16.0121, 20.8097



8.9439, 3.6815, 46.7772

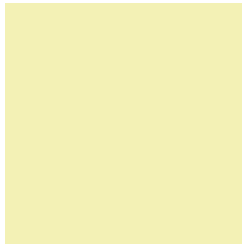


0.8008, 0.3531, 4.1162



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 76.7579, 85.3015, 56.1353 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

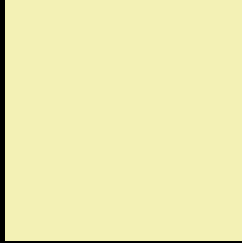
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 76.7579, 85.3015, 56.1353 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

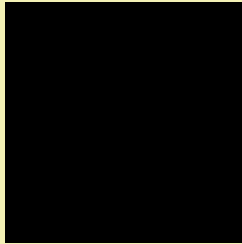
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 76.7579, 85.3015, 56.1353**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 76.7579, 85.3015, 56.1353.



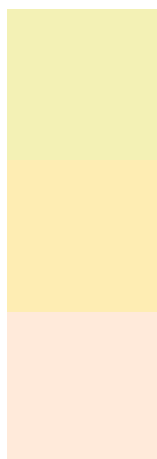
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 76.7579, 85.3015,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

76.7579, 85.3015, 56.1353

### Protanopia

79.2939, 84.8939, 54.8547

### Deuteranopia

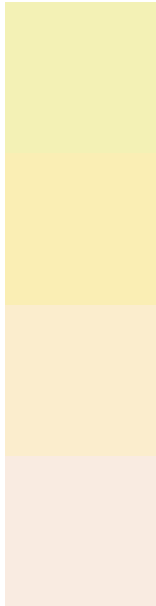
83.3177, 85.1676, 78.3773



## Tritanopia

86.2568, 85.3108, 102.3629

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

76.7579, 85.3015, 56.1353

## Protanomaly

78.2371, 84.7684, 55.4184

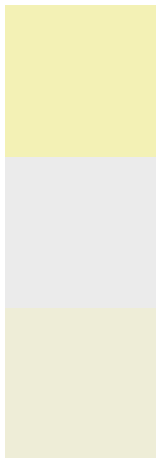
## Deuteranomaly

81.0873, 85.4854, 69.9842

## Tritanomaly

82.3659, 84.9926, 83.2982

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

76.7579, 85.3015, 56.1353

## Achromatopsia

78.9647, 83.0770, 90.4708

## Achromatomaly

77.8098, 83.6518, 76.3354

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 76.7579, 85.3015, 56.1353 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(243, 241, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 241, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 241, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 241, 181) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 76.7579, 85.3015, 56.1353 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 241, 181) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 241, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 241, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 241, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 241, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 241,  
181) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 76.7579, 85.3015, 56.1353 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 241, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
241, 181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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