

Converting Colors

XYZ(76.6153, 83.0944,
106.6085)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(76.6153, 83.0944, 106.6085)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(76.6481, 83.2491,
106.6366)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D6EFFF
RGB	214, 239, 255
RGB Percent	84%, 94%, 100%
CMY	0.1608, 0.0627, 0.0000
CMYK	0.16, 0.06, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	203°, 100%, 92%
HSV	203°, 16%, 100%
XYZ	76.6481, 83.2491, 106.6366
YIQ	233.3490, -20.0360, -0.3240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

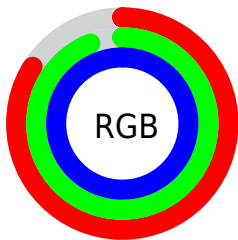
Format	Color
R_{YB}	214, 230, 255
Decimal	14086143
CIE _{Lab}	93.12, -4.96, -10.47
CIE _{LCh}	93, 11.587, 244.647
Yxy	83.2491, 0.2876, 0.3123
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292276223 (0xFFD6EFFF)
YUV	233.3490, 10.6739, -16.9691
Hunter-Lab	91.2409, -9.7205, -5.4257

Details

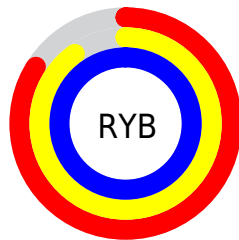
The XYZ color **76.6481, 83.2491, 106.6366** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **81.6742, 82.7076, 75.2797**, and the grayscale version is **77.6498, 81.6936, 88.9643**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **41.4246, 45.3151, 59.9895** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.9480, 74.0450, 105.3713**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87.6780, 93.3811, 108.0110**.

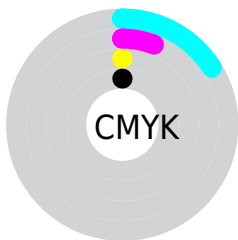
Distribution



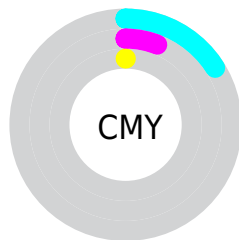
- Red (84%)
- Green (94%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 76.6481, 83.2491, 106.6366 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 76.6481, 83.2491, 106.6366 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

76.6481, 83.2491,
106.6366

76.6481, 83.2491,
106.6366

472.4737,
505.8163, 602.6945

57.2630, 62.3957,
81.2068

127.6181,
137.9243, 172.3790

41.4574, 45.3525,
60.1800

159.9337,
172.5148, 213.5288

28.8659, 31.7352,
43.1375

197.2903,
212.4532, 260.7556

19.1232, 21.1593,
29.6608

240.0530,
258.1238, 314.4780

11.8639, 13.2405,
19.3314

288.5874,
309.9110, 375.1146

6.7226, 7.5944,
11.7307

343.2588,

3.3340, 3.8365,

368.1993, 443.0838

6.4403

404.4324,
433.3729, 518.8043

■ 1.3327, 1.5825,
3.0415

■ 0.2075, 0.3458,
1.1159

■ 76.6481, 83.2491,
106.6366

■ 76.6481, 83.2491,
106.6366

■ 66.9480, 74.0450,
105.3713

■ 87.6780, 93.3811,
108.0110

■ 58.5143, 65.7258,
104.2101

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 51.2885, 58.2596,
103.1498

■ 45.2041, 51.6083,
102.1866

■ 40.1879, 45.7298,
101.3164

■ 36.1573, 40.5775,
100.5343

■ 33.0159, 36.0974,
99.8351

■ 30.6447, 32.2235,
99.2123

■ 29.8567, 30.8333,
98.9856

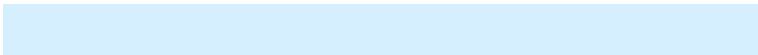
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.4118, 83.2491, 100.5026



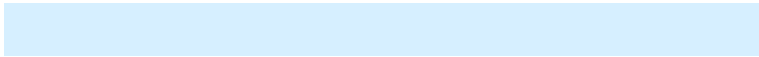
76.6481, 83.2491, 106.6366



79.6005, 83.2491, 108.3823

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.6481, 83.2491, 106.6366



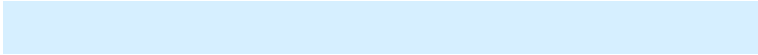
85.0986, 83.2491, 89.2941



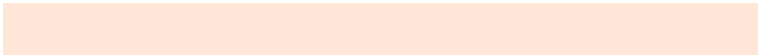
75.8476, 83.2491, 77.5526

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



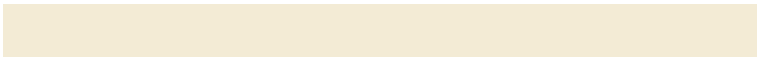
76.6481, 83.2491, 106.6366



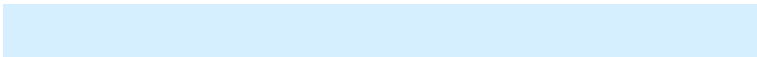
81.6742, 82.7076, 75.2797

Split Complementary

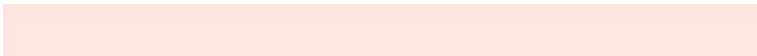
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



78.6530, 83.2491, 74.9553



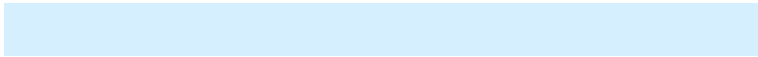
76.6481, 83.2491, 106.6366



84.0347, 83.2491, 81.4523

Square

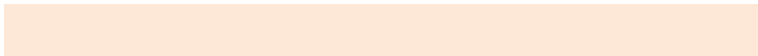
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



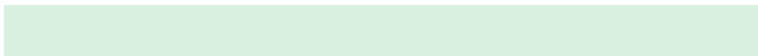
76.6481, 83.2491, 106.6366



84.5288, 83.2491, 98.0061



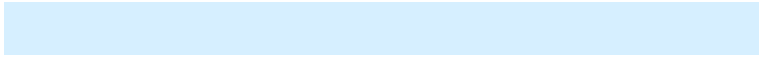
81.6563, 83.2491, 76.3363



73.9580, 83.2491, 83.6603

Rectangle

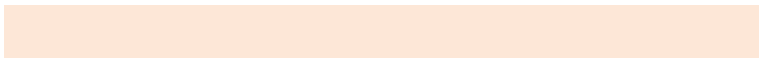
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.6481, 83.2491, 106.6366



81.5896, 83.2491, 106.7339



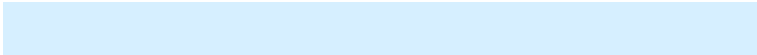
81.6563, 83.2491, 76.3363



76.7121, 83.2491, 76.2585

Sweetspot

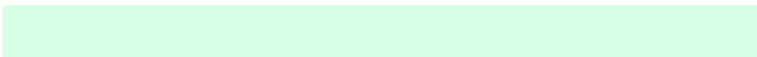
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.6503, 83.2524, 106.6372



88.9474, 94.5286, 108.1656



77.7358, 91.5139, 88.2226



18.8608, 20.0725, 23.1303



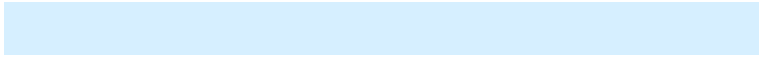
0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



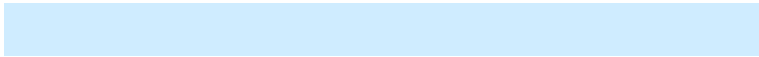
20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.6503, 83.2524, 106.6372



73.6800, 80.4676, 106.2562



71.0581, 72.0679, 104.7731



17.9251, 19.2218, 23.0154



15.7502, 16.4100, 51.7719



1.6398, 1.8104, 5.0763

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80.8680, 75.5868, 91.9927



78.5984, 71.7297, 89.1336



87.6310, 94.6213, 77.2653



18.4748, 18.1732, 21.1176



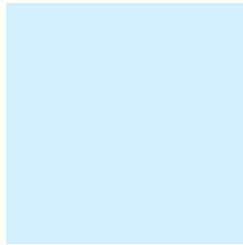
24.7382, 12.3846, 17.8035



2.4623, 1.2273, 2.0160

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 76.6481, 83.2491, 106.6366 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

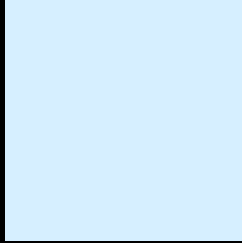
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 76.6481, 83.2491, 106.6366 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

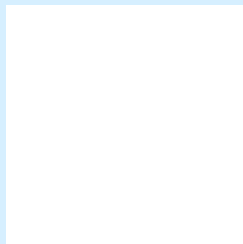
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 76.6481, 83.2491, 106.6366

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 76.6481, 83.2491, 106.6366.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 76.6481, 83.2491,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

76.6481, 83.2491, 106.6366

Protanopia

80.6413, 82.7985, 103.8269

Deuteranopia

84.0753, 82.8515, 106.1684



Tritanopia

77.2398, 83.1208, 106.5807

Trichromacy



Original Color

76.6481, 83.2491, 106.6366

Protanomaly

79.1165, 82.8394, 104.7482

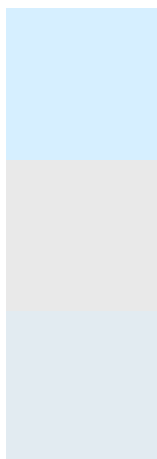
Deuteranomaly

81.1206, 82.9903, 106.3509

Tritanomaly

76.9434, 82.9680, 106.5668

Monochromacy



Original Color

76.6481, 83.2491, 106.6366

Achromatopsia

77.4512, 81.4847, 88.7368

Achromatomaly

76.9495, 81.9363, 94.9787

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 76.6481, 83.2491, 106.6366 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(214, 239, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 239, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 239, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 239, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 76.6481, 83.2491, 106.6366 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 239, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 239, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(214, 239, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(214, 239, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 239, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 239,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 76.6481, 83.2491, 106.6366 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 239, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214,  
239, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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