

# Converting Colors

XYZ(76.6250, 78.5618,  
105.7331)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(76.6250, 78.5618, 105.7331)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(76.5339, 78.5541,  
105.7364)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E0E4FF
RGB	224, 228, 255
RGB Percent	88%, 89%, 100%
CMY	0.1216, 0.1059, 0.0000
CMYK	0.12, 0.11, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	232°, 100%, 94%
HSV	232°, 12%, 100%
XYZ	76.5339, 78.5541, 105.7364
YIQ	229.8820, -11.0510, 7.5490

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

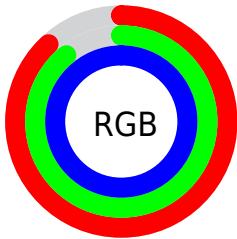
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	224, 228, 255
Decimal	14738687
CIE Lab	91.03, 3.82, -13.52
CIE LCh	91, 14.046, 285.786
Yxy	78.5541, 0.2934, 0.3012
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292928767 (0xFFE0E4FF)
YUV	229.8820, 12.3832, -5.1585
Hunter-Lab	88.6308, -0.9666, -8.6914

# Details

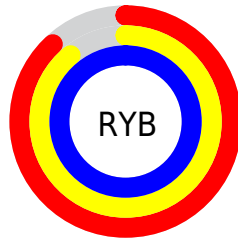
The XYZ color **76.5339, 78.5541, 105.7364** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **89.1912, 95.6346, 84.2812**, and the grayscale version is **75.0456, 78.9538, 85.9807**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **41.4988, 42.3994, 59.4228** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63.4940, 63.3395, 103.4870**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91.5479, 95.9554, 108.3039**.

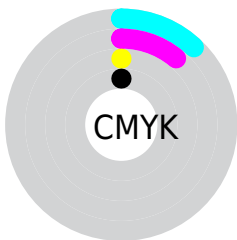
# Distribution



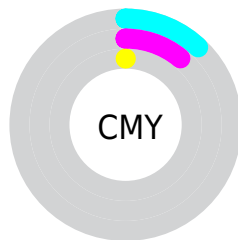
- Red (88%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 76.5339, 78.5541, 105.7364 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 76.5339, 78.5541, 105.7364 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 76.5339, 78.5541,  
105.7364

■ 76.5339, 78.5541,  
105.7364

472.0897,  
490.0466, 599.8347

■ 57.1690, 58.5293,  
80.4563

127.4577,  
131.3309, 171.1386

■ 41.3816, 42.2343,  
59.5656

159.7472,  
164.8517, 212.0978

■ 28.8064, 29.2848,  
42.6456

197.0757,  
203.6400, 259.1205

■ 19.0779, 19.2964,  
29.2778

239.8085,  
248.0800, 312.6252

■ 11.8309, 11.8846,  
19.0437

288.3110,  
298.5563, 373.0304

■ 6.7000, 6.6652,  
11.5247

342.9484,

■ 3.3199, 3.2536,

355.4533, 440.7547

6.3023

404.0862,  
419.1552, 516.2166

■ 1.3251, 1.2655,  
2.9580

■ 0.2019, 0.1143,  
1.0732

■ 76.5339, 78.5541,  
105.7364

■ 76.5339, 78.5541,  
105.7364

■ 63.4940, 63.3395,  
103.4870

■ 91.5479, 95.9554,  
108.3039

■ 52.3397, 50.2157,  
101.5417

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 42.9849, 39.0936,  
99.8880

■ 35.3345, 29.8741,  
98.5117

■ 29.2846, 22.4495,  
97.3975

■ 24.7195, 16.7013,  
96.5285

■ 21.5078, 12.4961,  
95.8861

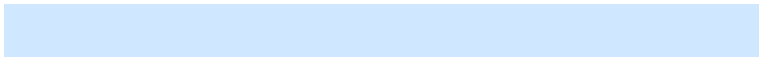
■ 19.4941, 9.6798,  
95.4487

■ 18.5919, 8.3037,  
95.2306

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73.0012, 78.5541, 105.8961



76.5339, 78.5541, 105.7364



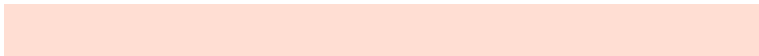
79.6586, 78.5541, 99.8874

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.5339, 78.5541, 105.7364



79.5206, 78.5541, 72.2835



68.2457, 78.5541, 80.8253

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.5339, 78.5541, 105.7364



89.1912, 95.6346, 84.2812

# Split Complementary

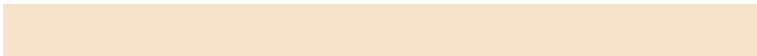
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.8814, 78.5541, 72.6225



76.5339, 78.5541, 105.7364



76.3504, 78.5541, 67.9619

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.5339, 78.5541, 105.7364



81.4198, 78.5541, 80.3282



72.8235, 78.5541, 68.0808



68.2913, 78.5541, 90.9559



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.5339, 78.5541, 105.7364



81.0572, 78.5541, 93.7953



72.8235, 78.5541, 68.0808



68.6149, 78.5541, 77.7689

# Sweetspot

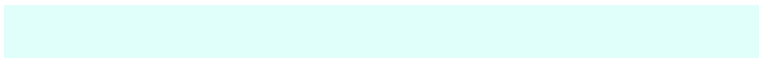
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.5360, 78.5573, 105.7369



88.6278, 92.5793, 107.8062



83.8928, 94.3243, 104.9417



18.7193, 19.5257, 23.0322



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.5360, 78.5573, 105.7369



72.6298, 74.0110, 105.0653



79.0889, 78.2575, 105.5445



17.1920, 17.7557, 22.7710



9.7727, 4.4549, 49.7794



1.0077, 0.5460, 4.8656



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81.9006, 80.1743, 84.5611



79.1316, 76.0142, 79.3906



86.3963, 96.0697, 84.5124



18.1048, 18.0252, 19.1691



21.7210, 11.1777, 1.9153

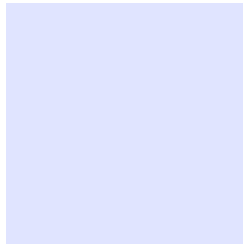


2.1432, 1.0997, 0.3357



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 76.5339, 78.5541, 105.7364 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

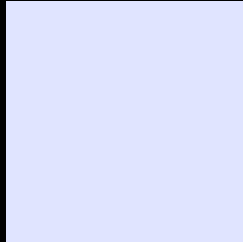
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 76.5339, 78.5541, 105.7364 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

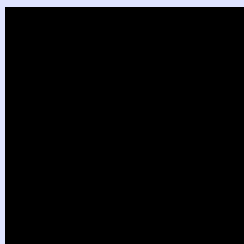
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 76.5339, 78.5541, 105.7364

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 76.5339, 78.5541, 105.7364.



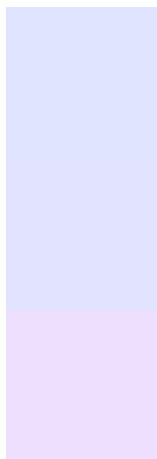
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 76.5339, 78.5541,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

76.5339, 78.5541, 105.7364

### Protanopia

77.1574, 78.8756, 105.7656

### Deuteranopia

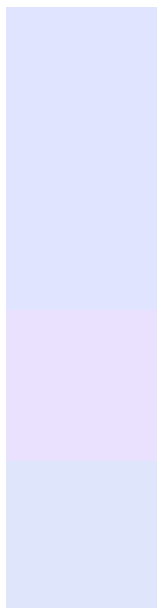
80.0343, 78.3461, 105.5118



## Tritanopia

75.2392, 78.4420, 99.1710

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

76.5339, 78.5541, 105.7364

## Protanomaly

76.8447, 78.7144, 105.7510

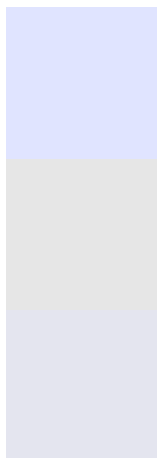
## Deuteranomaly

78.9069, 78.5629, 105.6130

## Tritanomaly

75.7061, 78.6287, 101.6292

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

76.5339, 78.5541, 105.7364

## Achromatopsia

75.2129, 79.1298, 86.1723

## Achromatomaly

75.5942, 78.7646, 92.8802

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 76.5339, 78.5541, 105.7364 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 228, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 228, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 228, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 228, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 76.5339, 78.5541, 105.7364 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 228, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 228, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(224, 228, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 228, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 228, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 228,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 76.5339, 78.5541, 105.7364 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 228, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
228, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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