

# Converting Colors

XYZ(76.6770, 81.4836, 70.7181)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(76.6770, 81.4836, 70.7181)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(76.6770, 81.4836,  
70.7181)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F1E9CF
RGB	241, 233, 207
RGB Percent	95%, 91%, 81%
CMY	0.0549, 0.0863, 0.1882
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.14, 0.05
HSL	46°, 55%, 88%
HSV	46°, 14%, 95%
XYZ	76.6770, 81.4836, 70.7181
YIQ	232.4280, 13.1140, -6.3900

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

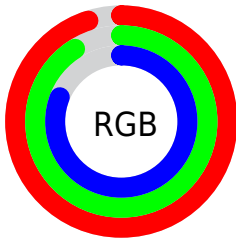
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	217, 241, 207
Decimal	15854031
CIE Lab	92.35, -1.55, 13.60
CIE LCh	92, 13.691, 96.519
Yxy	81.4836, 0.3350, 0.3560
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294044111 (0xFFFF1E9CF)
YUV	232.4280, -12.5360, 7.5176
Hunter-Lab	90.2683, -6.3454, 16.7387

# Details

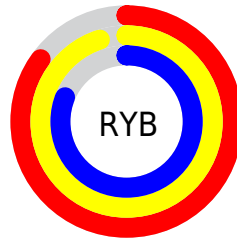
The XYZ color **76.6770, 81.4836, 70.7181** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **65.9095, 68.2157, 92.9128**, and the grayscale version is **77.1084, 81.1241, 88.3441**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **41.4795, 44.0585, 36.4549** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72.3748, 77.2395, 55.8403**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81.4850, 86.0179, 87.9852**.

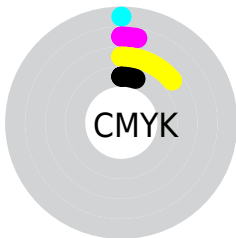
# Distribution



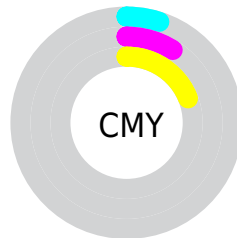
- Red (95%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (19%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 76.6770, 81.4836, 70.7181 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 76.6770, 81.4836, 70.7181 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



76.6770, 81.4836,  
70.7181

76.6770, 81.4836,  
70.7181

472.5709,  
499.9187, 481.9245

57.2868, 60.9400,  
51.6318

127.6587,  
135.4496, 121.9229

41.4766, 44.1767,  
36.3314

159.9809,  
169.6407, 154.8785

28.8810, 30.8095,  
24.3986

197.3445,  
209.1499, 193.2943

19.1346, 20.4538,  
15.4146

240.1149,  
254.3613, 237.5888

11.8722, 12.7253,  
8.9610

288.6574,  
305.6596, 288.1805

6.7283, 7.2397,  
4.6193

343.3373,

3.3376, 3.6125,

363.4289, 345.4880

1.9709

404.5200,  
428.0539, 409.9298

■ 1.3347, 1.4592,  
0.5373

■ 0.2090, 0.2598,  
0.0000

■ 76.6770, 81.4836,  
70.7181

■ 76.6770, 81.4836,  
70.7181

■ 72.3748, 77.2395,  
55.8403

■ 81.4850, 86.0179,  
87.9852

■ 68.5509, 73.2656,  
43.2394

■ 86.7790, 90.8272,  
107.5654

■ 65.1852, 69.5560,  
32.8017

■ 88.5137, 94.2966,  
108.1436

■ 62.2533, 66.1000,  
24.4016

■ 90.0859, 97.4409,  
108.6677

■ 59.7285, 62.8861,  
17.9006

■ 57.5807, 59.9016,  
13.1427

■ 55.7750, 57.1317,  
9.9472

■ 54.2692, 54.5585,  
8.0932

■ 53.4850, 53.1192,  
7.4341

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.1934, 81.4836, 72.0061



76.6770, 81.4836, 70.7181



73.4648, 81.4836, 73.9502

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.6770, 81.4836, 70.7181



72.1018, 81.4836, 100.8437



83.8644, 81.4836, 96.7233

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.6770, 81.4836, 70.7181



65.9095, 68.2157, 92.9128

# Split Complementary

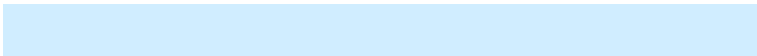
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.5721, 81.4836, 105.3400



76.6770, 81.4836, 70.7181



74.7654, 81.4836, 107.8428

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.6770, 81.4836, 70.7181



70.8757, 81.4836, 90.9549



78.2236, 81.4836, 109.5478



84.4139, 81.4836, 86.5255



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.6770, 81.4836, 70.7181



71.9045, 81.4836, 78.3899



78.2236, 81.4836, 109.5478



83.2688, 81.4836, 99.9238

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.6792, 81.4872, 70.7198



92.6905, 97.8396, 100.2258



70.9195, 68.2596, 74.0660



19.7469, 20.8560, 21.1142



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.6792, 81.4872, 70.7198



85.6734, 91.1835, 75.1408



76.1598, 84.6559, 71.3588



16.7895, 17.7922, 16.6990



29.1121, 29.0222, 4.0675



2.4970, 2.5647, 0.3634



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.9095, 68.2157, 92.9128



71.1803, 73.3246, 105.0092



66.3624, 65.5006, 92.3649



15.1989, 15.8320, 19.9764



9.4800, 5.1843, 45.6289

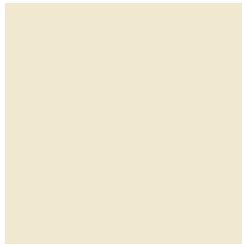


0.8626, 0.5793, 3.8206



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 76.6770, 81.4836, 70.7181 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

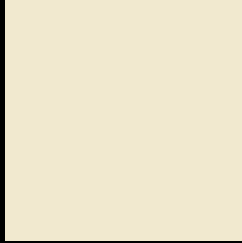
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 76.6770, 81.4836, 70.7181 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

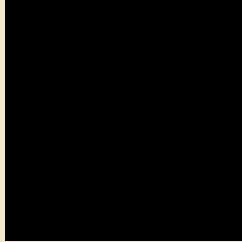
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

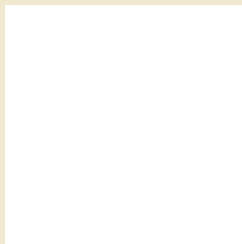
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 76.6770, 81.4836, 70.7181

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 76.6770, 81.4836, 70.7181.



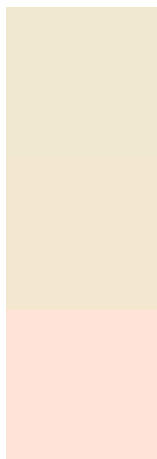
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 76.6770, 81.4836,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

76.6770, 81.4836, 70.7181

### Protanopia

77.0812, 81.2729, 70.6561

### Deuteranopia

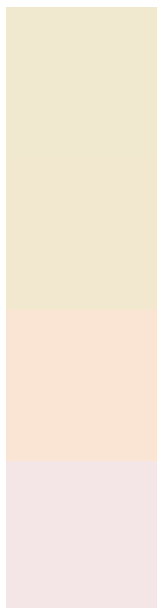
81.2335, 81.2079, 77.0389



## Tritanopia

81.9566, 81.1236, 97.7250

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

76.6770, 81.4836, 70.7181

## Protanomaly

76.7370, 81.0955, 70.6400

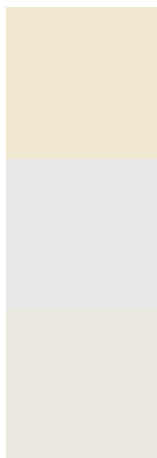
## Deuteranomaly

79.4539, 81.1667, 74.4299

## Tritanomaly

79.7513, 81.0412, 87.0405

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

76.6770, 81.4836, 70.7181

## Achromatopsia

76.7008, 80.6952, 87.8771

## Achromatomaly

76.4368, 80.7031, 81.3606

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 76.6770, 81.4836, 70.7181 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(241, 233, 207) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(241, 233, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(241, 233, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(241, 233, 207) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 76.6770, 81.4836, 70.7181 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(241, 233, 207) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(241, 233, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(241, 233, 207)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(241, 233, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 233, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 233,  
207) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 76.6770, 81.4836, 70.7181 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(241, 233, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(241,  
233, 207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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