

Converting Colors

XYZ(76.6924, 80.8675, 83.7148)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(76.6924, 80.8675, 83.7148)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(76.5158, 80.6966,
83.4947)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EAE8E2
RGB	234, 232, 226
RGB Percent	92%, 91%, 89%
CMY	0.0823, 0.0902, 0.1137
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.03, 0.08
HSL	45°, 16%, 90%
HSV	45°, 3%, 92%
XYZ	76.5158, 80.6966, 83.4947
YIQ	231.9140, 3.1180, -1.4420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

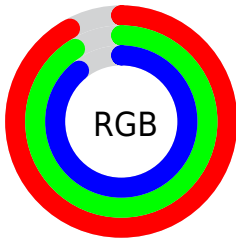
Format	Color
R _Y B	229, 234, 226
Decimal	15395042
CIE Lab	92.00, -0.37, 3.14
CIE LCh	92, 3.162, 96.763
Yxy	80.6966, 0.3179, 0.3352
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293585122 (0xFFEAE8E2)
YUV	231.9140, -2.9156, 1.8294
Hunter-Lab	89.8313, -5.1634, 7.7741

Details

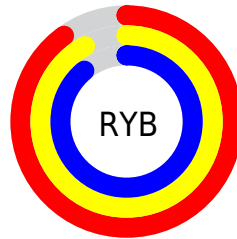
The XYZ color **76.5158, 80.6966, 83.4947** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **73.9588, 77.5952, 88.9224**, and the grayscale version is **76.6588, 80.6511, 87.8290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **41.2361, 43.4559, 44.7425** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.9060, 76.2690, 67.1828**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81.6230, 85.4157, 102.1364**.

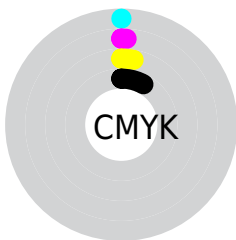
Distribution



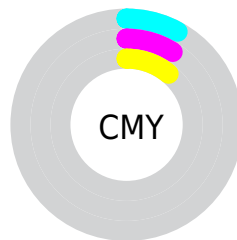
- Red (92%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 76.5158, 80.6966, 83.4947 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 76.5158, 80.6966, 83.4947 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 76.5158, 80.6966,
83.4947

■ 76.5158, 80.6966,
83.4947

472.0288,
497.2773, 526.6479

■ 57.1541, 60.2918,
62.0554

127.4322,
134.3447, 140.1235

■ 41.3696, 43.6538,
44.6414

159.7177,
168.3567, 176.1501

■ 28.7969, 30.3985,
30.8341

197.0417,
207.6732, 217.8762

■ 19.0708, 20.1412,
20.2152

239.7698,
252.6786, 265.7203

■ 11.8257, 12.4977,
12.3659

288.2672,
303.7574, 320.1010

■ 6.6965, 7.0836,
6.8678

342.8992,

■ 3.3176, 3.5144,

361.2938, 381.4368

3.3024

404.0313,
425.6723, 450.1462

■ 1.3239, 1.4058,
1.2510

■ 0.2010, 0.2210,
0.0212

■ 76.5158, 80.6966,
83.4947

■ 76.5158, 80.6966,
83.4947

■ 71.9060, 76.2690,
67.1828

■ 81.6230, 85.4157,
102.1364

■ 67.7687, 72.1144,
53.1023

■ 84.2375, 89.2233,
107.3898

■ 64.0868, 68.2276,
41.1558

■ 86.0193, 92.7868,
107.9837

■ 60.8395, 64.5995,
31.2363

■ 87.7422, 96.2327,
108.5580

■ 58.0042, 61.2201,
23.2278

■ 55.5561, 58.0787,
17.0022

■ 53.4675, 55.1632,
12.4159

■ 51.7061, 52.4599,
9.3027

■ 50.2333, 49.9523,
7.4612

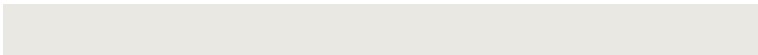
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.3179, 80.6966, 83.8159



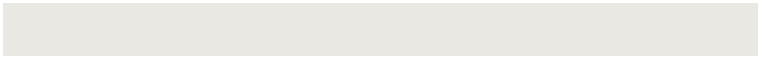
76.5158, 80.6966, 83.4947



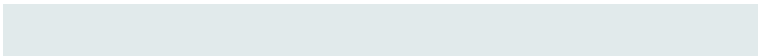
75.7681, 80.6966, 84.3278

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.5158, 80.6966, 83.4947



75.4545, 80.6966, 90.5710



78.1447, 80.6966, 89.6426

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



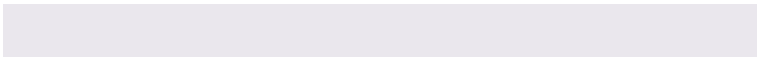
76.5158, 80.6966, 83.4947



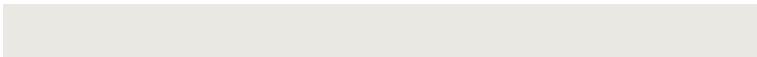
73.9588, 77.5952, 88.9224

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.6389, 80.6966, 91.4996



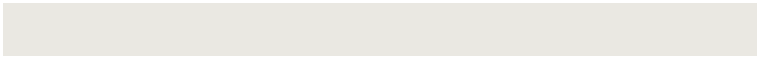
76.5158, 80.6966, 83.4947



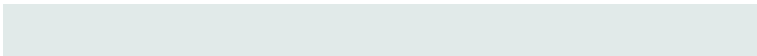
76.0848, 80.6966, 92.0422

Square

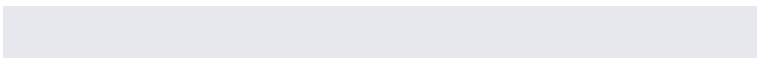
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



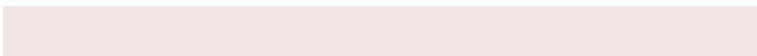
76.5158, 80.6966, 83.4947



75.1582, 80.6966, 88.3930



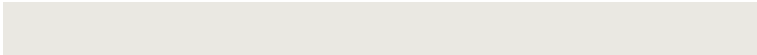
76.8839, 80.6966, 92.3850



78.2622, 80.6966, 87.3388

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.5158, 80.6966, 83.4947



75.3999, 80.6966, 85.4344



76.8839, 80.6966, 92.3850



78.0143, 80.6966, 90.3410

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.5181, 80.7001, 83.4964



94.4395, 99.4316, 106.6845



75.1328, 77.4878, 84.3967



20.2204, 21.2885, 22.8582



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



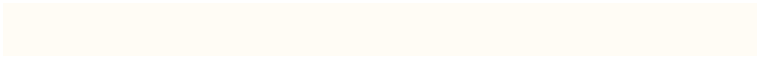
20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.5181, 80.7001, 83.4964



92.6444, 97.7473, 100.2104



76.4302, 81.4937, 83.6543



16.4963, 17.4132, 17.6564



27.8544, 27.4031, 3.8212



2.2624, 2.3022, 0.3251

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73.9588, 77.5952, 88.9224



89.0028, 93.3293, 107.9311



74.0438, 76.8285, 88.7699



15.7328, 16.4868, 19.2753



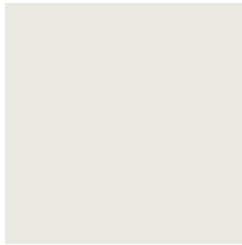
9.2907, 5.2283, 44.2625



0.8039, 0.5593, 3.5005

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 76.5158, 80.6966, 83.4947 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

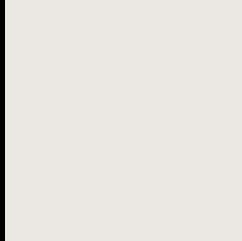
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 76.5158, 80.6966, 83.4947 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

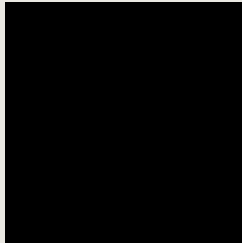
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

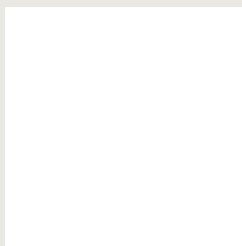
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 76.5158, 80.6966, 83.4947

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 76.5158, 80.6966, 83.4947.

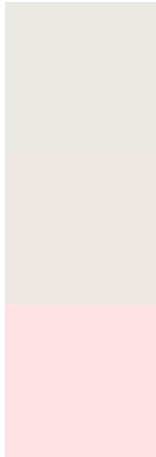


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 76.5158, 80.6966,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

76.5158, 80.6966, 83.4947

Protanopia

77.4264, 80.7652, 82.7426

Deuteranopia

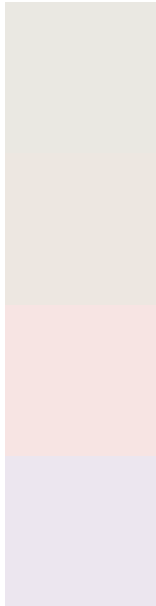
82.1688, 80.7119, 84.6470



Tritanopia

79.7329, 80.7585, 99.3813

Trichromacy



Original Color

76.5158, 80.6966, 83.4947

Protanomaly

77.0916, 80.5926, 82.7269

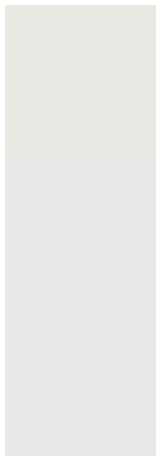
Deuteranomaly

79.9663, 80.8070, 84.0557

Tritanomaly

78.4689, 80.6585, 93.0942

Monochromacy



Original Color

76.5158, 80.6966, 83.4947

Achromatopsia

76.7008, 80.6952, 87.8771

Achromatomaly

76.7438, 80.7500, 86.4044

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 76.5158, 80.6966, 83.4947 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(234, 232, 226) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(234, 232, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(234, 232, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(234, 232, 226) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 76.5158, 80.6966, 83.4947 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(234, 232, 226) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(234, 232, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(234, 232, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(234, 232, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 232, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 232,  
226) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 76.5158, 80.6966, 83.4947 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(234, 232, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(234,  
232, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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