

# Converting Colors

XYZ(76.7385, 75.5775, 81.9348)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(76.7385, 75.5775, 81.9348)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(76.5783, 75.5118,  
81.7733)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F5DBE1
RGB	245, 219, 225
RGB Percent	96%, 86%, 88%
CMY	0.0392, 0.1412, 0.1176
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.08, 0.04
HSL	346°, 57%, 91%
HSV	346°, 11%, 96%
XYZ	76.5783, 75.5118, 81.7733
YIQ	227.4580, 13.5700, 7.3780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

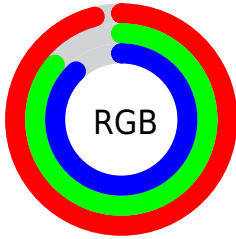
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	245, 219, 225
Decimal	16112609
CIE Lab	89.63, 9.95, 0.33
CIE LCh	90, 9.951, 1.901
Yxy	75.5118, 0.3274, 0.3229
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294302689 (0xFFFF5DBE1)
YUV	227.4580, -1.2118, 15.3843
Hunter-Lab	86.8975, 5.2322, 5.0345

# Details

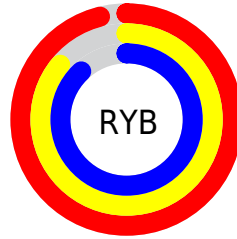
The XYZ color **76.5783, 75.5118, 81.7733** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **77.4487, 86.5987, 94.2988**, and the grayscale version is **73.3505, 77.1705, 84.0387**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **41.5174, 40.2720, 43.6153** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68.2202, 62.6854, 66.9934**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86.1653, 90.3398, 98.3652**.

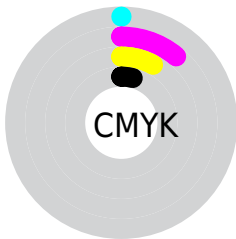
# Distribution



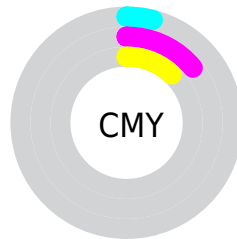
- Red (96%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (12%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 76.5783, 75.5118, 81.7733 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 76.5783, 75.5118, 81.7733 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 76.5783, 75.5118,  
81.7733

 76.5783, 75.5118,  
81.7733


472.2390,  
479.6749, 520.7526

 57.2056, 56.0323,  
60.6440


127.5200,  
127.0366, 137.6899

 41.4111, 40.2288,  
43.5092


159.8197,  
159.8506, 173.3142

 28.8295, 27.7170,  
29.9505


197.1591,  
197.8783, 214.6073

 19.0955, 18.1124,  
19.5493

239.9036,  
241.5040, 261.9876

 11.8437, 11.0307,  
11.8870

288.4185,  
291.1121, 315.8738

 6.7088, 6.0875,  
6.5452

343.0691,

 3.3254, 2.8984,

347.0870, 376.6843

3.1052

404.2208,  
409.8131, 444.8377

■ 1.3281, 1.0789,  
1.1486

■ 0.2041, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 76.5783, 75.5118,  
81.7733

■ 76.5783, 75.5118,  
81.7733

■ 68.2202, 62.6854,  
66.9934

■ 86.1653, 90.3398,  
98.3652

■ 61.0345, 51.7651,  
53.9587

■ 91.4665, 98.1527,  
108.7323

■ 54.9696, 42.6624,  
42.6052

■ 49.9678, 35.2780,  
32.8631

■ 45.9658, 29.5030,  
24.6577

■ 42.8936, 25.2158,  
17.9081

■ 40.6717, 22.2776,  
12.5254

■ 39.2061, 20.5229,  
8.4101

■ 38.3828, 19.7032,  
5.5869

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.0033, 75.5118, 88.7318



76.5783, 75.5118, 81.7733



75.8413, 75.5118, 75.3013

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.5783, 75.5118, 81.7733



69.3136, 75.5118, 71.3007



69.5781, 75.5118, 94.6901

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.5783, 75.5118, 81.7733



77.4487, 86.5987, 94.2988

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.8504, 75.5118, 89.5489



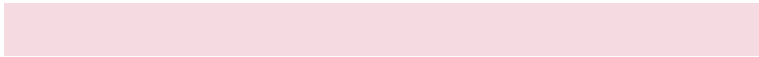
76.5783, 75.5118, 81.7733



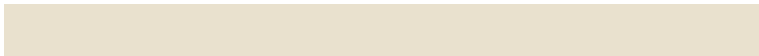
67.7001, 75.5118, 76.0339

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.5783, 75.5118, 81.7733



71.6157, 75.5118, 69.4723



67.1706, 75.5118, 82.6673



71.9279, 75.5118, 96.4378



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.5783, 75.5118, 81.7733



74.7146, 75.5118, 72.0635



67.1706, 75.5118, 82.6673



68.9071, 75.5118, 93.2875

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.5804, 75.5151, 81.7749



91.7246, 94.8425, 103.1882



77.3895, 75.5983, 96.9001



19.4472, 20.0126, 21.7664



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

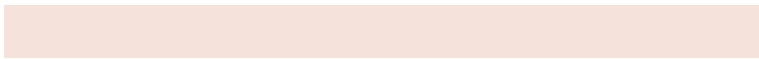
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.5804, 75.5151, 81.7749



81.5337, 79.1078, 85.4643



77.6230, 78.8864, 78.1574



16.6557, 16.5451, 17.9335



20.7210, 10.6318, 3.2392



1.8590, 0.9496, 0.4841



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76.5804, 75.5151, 81.7749



81.5337, 79.1078, 85.4643



76.2914, 82.8429, 98.3563



16.6557, 16.5451, 17.9335



20.7210, 10.6318, 3.2392

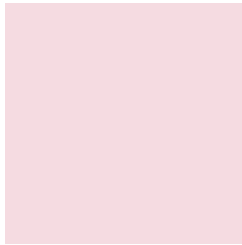


1.8590, 0.9496, 0.4841



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 76.5783, 75.5118, 81.7733 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

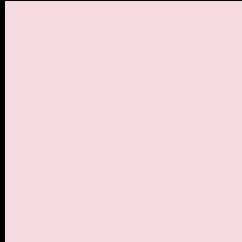
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 76.5783, 75.5118, 81.7733 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

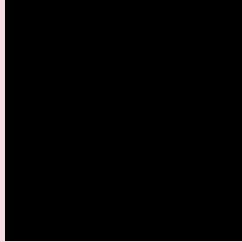
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 76.5783, 75.5118, 81.7733**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 76.5783, 75.5118, 81.7733.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 76.5783, 75.5118,

81.7733.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

76.5783, 75.5118, 81.7733

### Protanopia

72.9723, 75.5708, 84.1393

### Deuteranopia

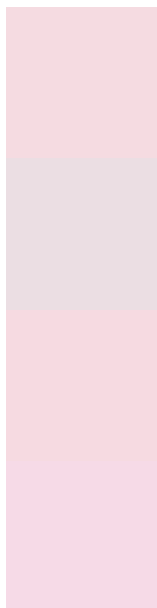
77.0198, 75.3532, 81.7194



## **Tritanopia**

78.0728, 75.7338, 89.1005

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

76.5783, 75.5118, 81.7733

## Protanomaly

74.2474, 75.4508, 83.3232

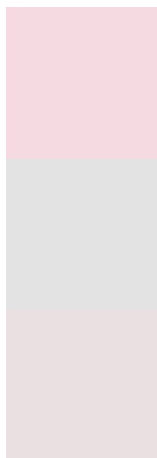
## Deuteranomaly

76.6680, 75.1719, 81.7029

## Tritanomaly

77.5012, 75.5052, 86.0905

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

76.5783, 75.5118, 81.7733

## Achromatopsia

73.0128, 76.8151, 83.6517

## Achromatomaly

74.3148, 76.2947, 82.7610

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 76.5783, 75.5118, 81.7733 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(245, 219, 225) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(245, 219, 225)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 219, 225) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(245, 219, 225) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 76.5783, 75.5118, 81.7733 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(245, 219, 225) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(245, 219, 225) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(245, 219, 225)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(245, 219, 225); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 219, 225);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 219,  
225) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 76.5783, 75.5118, 81.7733 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(245, 219, 225) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(245,  
219, 225) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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