

# Converting Colors

XYZ(76.7935, 73.3672, 72.3550)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(76.7935, 73.3672, 72.3550)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(76.9179, 73.6020,  
72.4399)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FFD5D4
RGB	255, 213, 212
RGB Percent	100%, 84%, 83%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1647, 0.1686
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.17, 0.00
HSL	1°, 100%, 92%
HSV	1°, 17%, 100%
XYZ	76.9179, 73.6020, 72.4399
YIQ	225.4440, 25.3530, 8.5930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

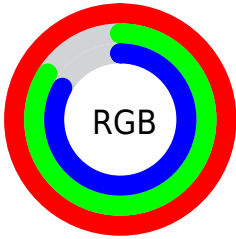
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	255, 213, 212
Decimal	16766420
CIE Lab	88.73, 14.50, 5.98
CIE LCh	89, 15.688, 22.405
Yxy	73.6020, 0.3450, 0.3301
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294956500 (0xFFFFD5D4)
YUV	225.4440, -6.6279, 25.9206
Hunter-Lab	85.7916, 9.9018, 9.9914

# Details

The XYZ color **76.9179, 73.6020, 72.4399** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **80.6421, 92.0978, 108.1341**, and the grayscale version is **71.9225, 75.6681, 82.4026**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **41.6014, 38.8938, 37.2129** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68.1614, 60.8366, 54.8845**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87.1479, 88.5007, 92.9946**.

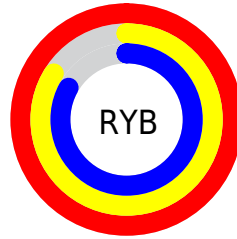
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (84%)

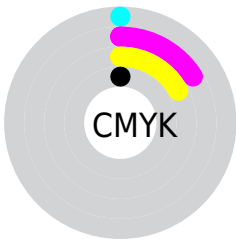
Blue (83%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (84%)

Blue (83%)

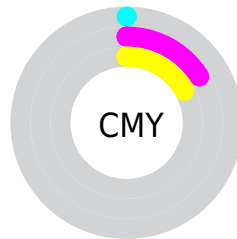


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (16%)


Yellow (17%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 76.9179, 73.6020, 72.4399 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 76.9179, 73.6020, 72.4399 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 76.9179, 73.6020,  
72.4399

 76.9179, 73.6020,  
72.4399


473.3803,  
473.0986, 488.0899

 57.4852, 54.4684,  
53.0291


127.9970,  
124.3315, 124.3953

 41.6366, 38.9762,  
37.4381


160.3742,  
156.6960, 157.7769

 29.0067, 26.7412,  
25.2484


197.7968,  
194.2397, 196.6526

 19.2302, 17.3790,  
16.0415

240.6304,  
237.3469, 241.4408

 11.9417, 10.5051,  
9.3989

289.2401,  
286.4020, 292.5601

 6.7759, 5.7351,  
4.9019

343.9914,

 3.3674, 2.6847,

341.7894, 350.4290

2.1321

405.2497,  
403.8935, 415.4661

■ 1.3509, 0.9694,  
0.6348

■ 0.2208, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 76.9179, 73.6020,  
72.4399

■ 76.9179, 73.6020,  
72.4399

■ 68.1614, 60.8366,  
54.8845

■ 87.1479, 88.5007,  
92.9946

■ 60.8055, 50.0980,  
40.1840

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 54.7793, 41.2849,  
28.1888

■ 50.0033, 34.2833,  
18.7341

■ 46.3897, 28.9674,  
11.6371

■ 43.8393, 25.1956,  
6.6905

■ 42.2366, 22.8026,  
3.6512

■ 41.4378, 21.5856,  
2.2122

■ 41.3047, 21.3894,  
1.9516

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.4374, 73.6020, 82.9325



76.9179, 73.6020, 72.4399



74.5008, 73.6020, 64.7038

# Triad

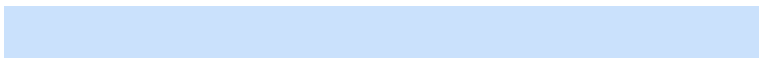
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.9179, 73.6020, 72.4399



64.3356, 73.6020, 68.0610



68.9970, 73.6020, 102.6774

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.9179, 73.6020, 72.4399



80.6421, 92.0978, 108.1341

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.6009, 73.6020, 97.8546



76.9179, 73.6020, 72.4399



62.9736, 73.6020, 77.4110

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.9179, 73.6020, 72.4399



67.2134, 73.6020, 62.3395



63.4283, 73.6020, 88.3674



72.7732, 73.6020, 101.0424



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.9179, 73.6020, 72.4399



72.1843, 73.6020, 61.8339



63.4283, 73.6020, 88.3674



67.7750, 73.6020, 101.7437

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.9197, 73.6052, 72.4414



89.2201, 91.5168, 97.1635



82.7187, 75.5216, 104.2214



18.9281, 19.3428, 20.4575



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

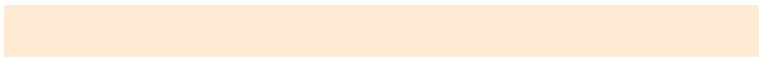
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.9197, 73.6052, 72.4414



74.0163, 69.3741, 66.6162



82.6086, 84.9830, 74.3377



18.0434, 18.0550, 18.6783



21.5973, 11.2058, 1.0246

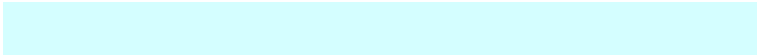


2.1143, 1.1140, 0.1036



# Inverse Universe

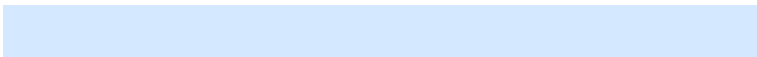
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80.6421, 92.0978, 108.1341



78.3328, 90.8193, 108.0090



74.2796, 79.3729, 106.0133



18.5163, 20.4043, 23.2125



27.1554, 39.2203, 55.5736

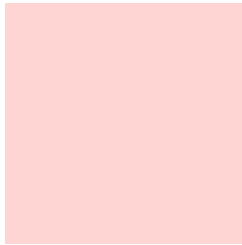


2.6551, 3.8409, 5.4147



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 76.9179, 73.6020, 72.4399 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

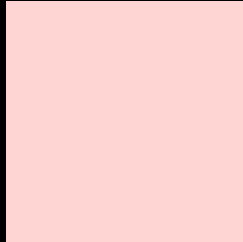
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 76.9179, 73.6020, 72.4399 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

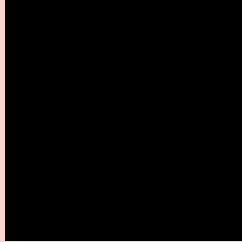
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 76.9179, 73.6020, 72.4399**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 76.9179, 73.6020, 72.4399.



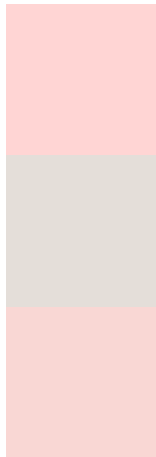
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 76.9179, 73.6020,

72.4399.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

76.9179, 73.6020, 72.4399

### Protanopia

70.6406, 73.7463, 76.1569

### Deuteranopia

75.2510, 73.4941, 72.5070



## Tritanopia

78.3994, 73.3946, 82.7075

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

76.9179, 73.6020, 72.4399

## Protanomaly

72.8572, 73.7465, 74.6845

## Deuteranomaly

75.7139, 73.3558, 72.4559

## Tritanomaly

77.9683, 73.6209, 79.2081

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

76.9179, 73.6020, 72.4399

## Achromatopsia

71.5672, 75.2942, 81.9954

## Achromatomaly

73.3668, 74.7131, 78.2644

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 76.9179, 73.6020, 72.4399 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 213, 212)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 213, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 213, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 213, 212) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 76.9179, 73.6020, 72.4399 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 213, 212) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 213, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 213, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 213, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 213, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 213,  
212) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 76.9179, 73.6020, 72.4399 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 213, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
213, 212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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