

Converting Colors

XYZ(77.0410, 100.0000,
122.1845)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(77.0410, 100.0000, 122.1845)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(68.3072, 86.2136,
107.6485)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A0FFFF
RGB	160, 255, 255
RGB Percent	63%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.3725, 0.0000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.37, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 100%, 81%
HSV	180°, 37%, 100%
XYZ	68.3072, 86.2136, 107.6485
YIQ	226.5950, -56.6200, -20.1400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

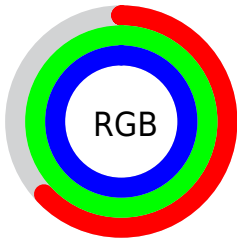
Format	Color
R_{YB}	160, 208, 255
Decimal	10551295
CIE _{Lab}	94.40, -28.01, -8.89
CIE _{LCh}	94, 29.391, 197.607
Yxy	86.2136, 0.2605, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288741375 (0xFFA0FFFF)
YUV	226.5950, 14.0037, -58.4038
Hunter-Lab	92.8513, -31.1740, -3.7428

Details

The XYZ color **68.3072, 86.2136, 107.6485** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **60.1570, 48.9412, 39.5355**, and the grayscale version is **72.6507, 76.4342, 83.2368**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.7234, 93.6454, 108.3231**, and **35.9806, 47.3489, 60.6690** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63.7221, 83.8499, 107.4339**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **73.9394, 89.1171, 107.9120**.

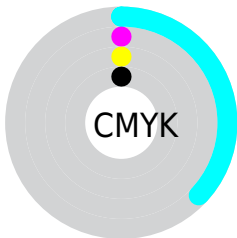
Distribution



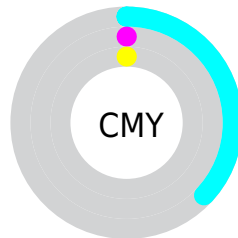
- Red (63%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 68.3072, 86.2136, 107.6485 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 68.3072, 86.2136, 107.6485 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

68.3072, 86.2136,
107.6485

68.3072, 86.2136,
107.6485

443.9434,
515.6353, 605.9008

50.4223, 64.8446,
82.0509

115.8310,
142.0675, 173.7721

35.9682, 47.3351,
60.8715

146.2006,
177.3213, 215.1353

24.5796, 33.3006,
43.6916

181.4625,
217.9720, 262.5907

15.8912, 22.3569,
30.0927

221.9820,
264.4042, 316.5570

9.5376, 14.1193,
19.6563

268.1245,
317.0023, 377.4525

5.1533, 8.2037,
11.9639

320.2553,

2.3732, 4.2256,

376.1505, 445.6960

6.5968

378.7398,
442.2334, 521.7059

■ 0.8317, 1.8005,
3.1367

■ 0.0000, 0.4875,
1.1648

■ 68.3072, 86.2136,
107.6485

■ 68.3072, 86.2136,
107.6485

■ 63.7221, 83.8499,
107.4339

■ 73.9394, 89.1171,
107.9120

■ 60.1172, 81.9915,
107.2652

■ 80.6751, 92.5895,
108.2273

■ 57.4219, 80.6020,
107.1390

■ 88.5697, 96.6593,
108.5967

■ 55.5552, 79.6397,
107.0517

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 54.4214, 79.0552,
106.9986

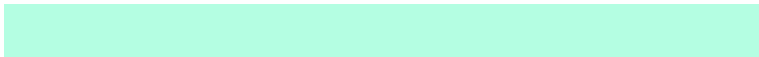
■ 53.8977, 78.7852,
106.9741

■ 53.8100, 78.7400,
106.9700

Harmonies

Analogous

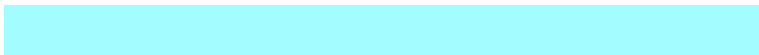
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.9911, 86.2136, 84.8458



68.3072, 86.2136, 107.6485



72.1274, 86.2136, 129.7862

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.3072, 86.2136, 107.6485



93.6756, 86.2136, 126.3458



85.2453, 86.2136, 57.4857

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.3072, 86.2136, 107.6485



60.1570, 48.9412, 39.5355

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.6119, 86.2136, 65.2816



68.3072, 86.2136, 107.6485



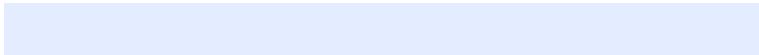
97.6848, 86.2136, 103.5166

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.3072, 86.2136, 107.6485



86.6223, 86.2136, 141.7157



97.2835, 86.2136, 81.3240



77.4362, 86.2136, 58.2271

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.3072, 86.2136, 107.6485



76.2945, 86.2136, 140.0876



97.2835, 86.2136, 81.3240



87.8646, 86.2136, 59.1350

Sweetspot

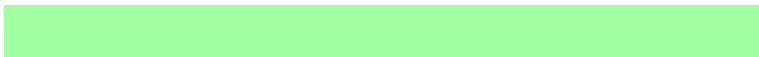
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.3080, 86.2140, 107.6485



85.4728, 95.0628, 108.4518



56.6035, 81.5322, 46.0135



18.0637, 20.2282, 23.2023



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.3080, 86.2140, 107.6485



64.6674, 84.3372, 107.4781



54.9827, 59.5633, 103.2067



18.5550, 20.4815, 23.2253



28.1169, 41.1433, 55.8941



2.7376, 4.0060, 5.4422

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71.8615, 53.6230, 101.1705



68.7047, 47.3093, 100.1182



70.0202, 68.6675, 42.8233



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



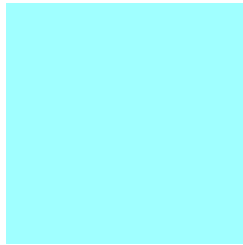
30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 68.3072, 86.2136, 107.6485 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

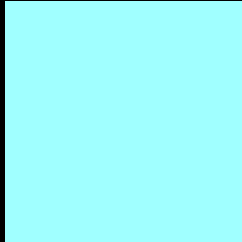
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 68.3072, 86.2136, 107.6485 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

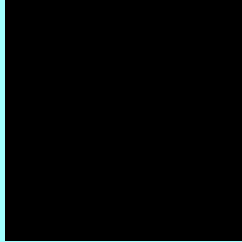
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 68.3072, 86.2136, 107.6485

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 68.3072, 86.2136, 107.6485.

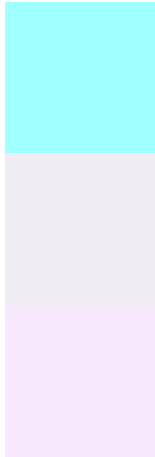


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 68.3072, 86.2136,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

68.3072, 86.2136, 107.6485

Protanopia

82.2598, 85.0478, 97.6683

Deuteranopia

85.9003, 85.4543, 106.5746



Tritanopia

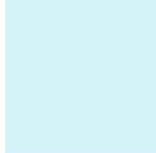
76.4345, 85.7902, 107.1384

Trichromacy



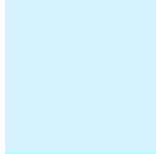
Original Color

68.3072, 86.2136, 107.6485



Protanomaly

75.8578, 84.7274, 101.1628



Deuteranomaly

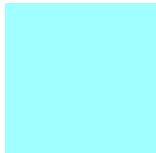
77.8242, 84.7295, 106.8604



Tritanomaly

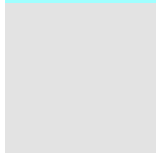
73.1609, 85.9185, 107.3357

Monochromacy



Original Color

68.3072, 86.2136, 107.6485



Achromatopsia

73.0128, 76.8151, 83.6517



Achromatomaly

70.1989, 79.3793, 91.7426

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 68.3072, 86.2136, 107.6485 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(160, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(160, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(160, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(160, 255, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 68.3072, 86.2136, 107.6485 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(160, 255, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(160, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(160, 255, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(160, 255, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 255, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 255,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 68.3072, 86.2136, 107.6485 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(160, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(160,  
255, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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