

# Converting Colors

XYZ(77.0759, 74.6100,  
108.0636)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(77.0759, 74.6100, 108.0636)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(76.7257, 74.6864,  
104.9798)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E9DAFF
RGB	233, 218, 255
RGB Percent	91%, 85%, 100%
CMY	0.0863, 0.1451, 0.0000
CMYK	0.09, 0.15, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	264°, 100%, 93%
HSV	264°, 15%, 100%
XYZ	76.7257, 74.6864, 104.9798
YIQ	226.7030, -2.9370, 14.6870

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

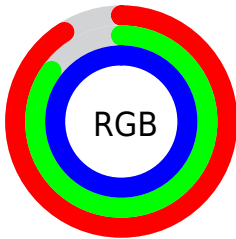
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	233, 218, 255
Decimal	15325951
CIE Lab	89.25, 11.91, -16.12
CIE LCh	89, 20.044, 306.451
Yxy	74.6864, 0.2993, 0.2913
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293516031 (0xFFE9DAFF)
YUV	226.7030, 13.9504, 5.5225
Hunter-Lab	86.4213, 7.2368, -11.5273

# Details

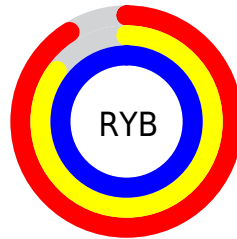
The XYZ color **76.7257, 74.6864, 104.9798** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **84.3517, 95.1080, 80.2450**, and the grayscale version is **72.7032, 76.4894, 83.2970**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **41.4217, 39.6187, 58.8901** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65.8762, 60.0222, 102.7211**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89.0219, 91.6105, 107.5984**.

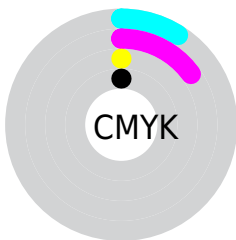
# Distribution



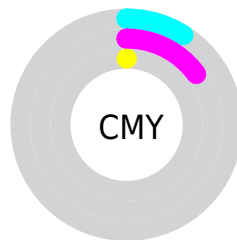
- Red (91%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 76.7257, 74.6864, 104.9798 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 76.7257, 74.6864, 104.9798 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



76.7257, 74.6864,  
104.9798

76.7257, 74.6864,  
104.9798

472.7346,  
476.8390, 597.4256

57.3269, 55.3560,  
79.8259

127.7271,  
125.8683, 170.0952

41.5089, 39.6868,  
59.0497

160.0604,  
158.4887, 210.8938

28.9064, 27.2945,  
42.2329

197.4360,  
196.3078, 257.7444

19.1539, 17.7945,  
28.9568

240.2191,  
239.7101, 311.0654

11.8862, 10.8025,  
18.8028

288.7752,  
289.0800, 371.2756

6.7379, 5.9342,  
11.3525

343.4696,

3.3436, 2.8051,

344.8019, 438.7933

6.1873

404.6676,  
407.2600, 514.0371

■ 1.3380, 1.0309,  
2.8887

■ 0.2114, 0.0000,  
1.0381

■ 76.7257, 74.6864,  
104.9798

■ 76.7257, 74.6864,  
104.9798

■ 65.8762, 60.0222,  
102.7211

■ 89.0219, 91.6105,  
107.5984

■ 56.4103, 47.5105,  
100.8050

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 48.2691, 37.0488,  
99.2148

■ 41.3865, 28.5224,  
97.9318

■ 35.6904, 21.8049,  
96.9354

■ 31.1004, 16.7543,  
96.2025

■ 27.5243, 13.2060,  
95.7061

■ 24.8512, 10.9594,  
95.4133

■ 23.6864, 10.1257,  
95.3138

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



72.0496, 74.6864, 111.1448



76.7257, 74.6864, 104.9798



79.9671, 74.6864, 92.5696

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.7257, 74.6864, 104.9798



74.8133, 74.6864, 59.0342



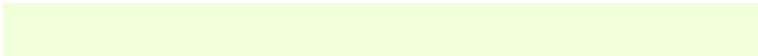
62.0418, 74.6864, 84.3862

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.7257, 74.6864, 104.9798



84.3517, 95.1080, 80.2450

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62.7060, 74.6864, 71.0223



76.7257, 74.6864, 104.9798



69.9353, 74.6864, 57.3750

# Square

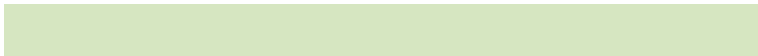
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.7257, 74.6864, 104.9798



78.8280, 74.6864, 66.3378



65.5422, 74.6864, 61.5136



63.6843, 74.6864, 98.4052



# Rectangle

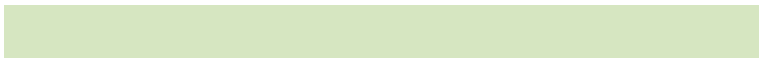
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.7257, 74.6864, 104.9798



80.7988, 74.6864, 83.0004



65.5422, 74.6864, 61.5136



62.0038, 74.6864, 79.6640

# Sweetspot

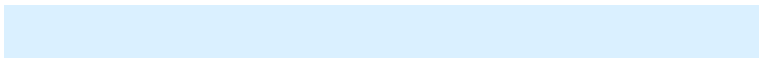
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.7277, 74.6895, 104.9803



89.6857, 92.5316, 107.7412



78.1846, 84.5654, 106.8097



18.9862, 19.5140, 23.0158



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.7277, 74.6895, 104.9803



73.8905, 70.8270, 104.3843



83.0147, 77.9305, 105.2745



17.7002, 17.7372, 22.7407



12.5350, 5.3725, 49.8109



1.3403, 0.5849, 4.8555



# Inverse Universe

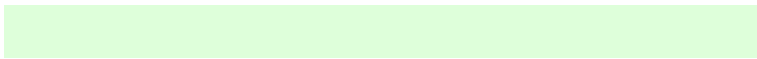
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82.0413, 77.6969, 93.1132



80.0446, 74.3116, 90.5727



78.4493, 92.0652, 79.9688



18.4627, 18.1684, 21.0539



24.5701, 12.3174, 16.9187

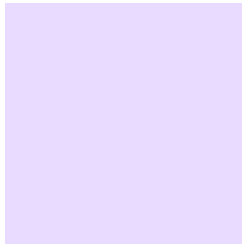


2.4465, 1.2210, 1.9326



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 76.7257, 74.6864, 104.9798 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

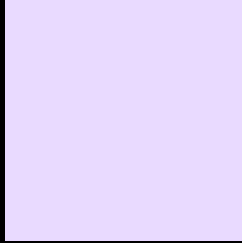
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 76.7257, 74.6864, 104.9798 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

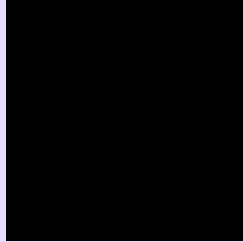
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 76.7257, 74.6864, 104.9798**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 76.7257, 74.6864, 104.9798.



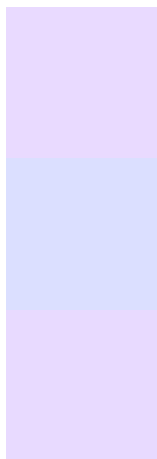
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 76.7257, 74.6864,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

76.7257, 74.6864, 104.9798

### Protanopia

73.6511, 75.0554, 105.2131

### Deuteranopia

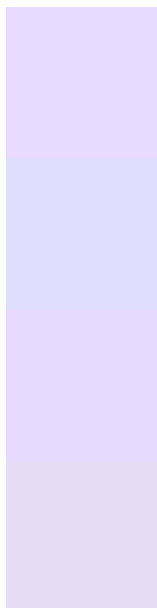
76.4001, 74.5186, 104.9646



## Tritanopia

73.9222, 74.7089, 91.4131

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

76.7257, 74.6864, 104.9798

## Protanomaly

74.6469, 74.7802, 105.1074

## Deuteranomaly

76.4001, 74.5186, 104.9646

## Tritanomaly

74.8773, 74.7070, 96.0614

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

76.7257, 74.6864, 104.9798

## Achromatopsia

73.0128, 76.8151, 83.6517

## Achromatomaly

74.2548, 76.0837, 90.8927

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 76.7257, 74.6864, 104.9798 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(233, 218, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 218, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 218, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 218, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 76.7257, 74.6864, 104.9798 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 218, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 218, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(233, 218, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(233, 218, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 218, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 218,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 76.7257, 74.6864, 104.9798 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 218, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233,  
218, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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