

# Converting Colors

XYZ(77.1660, 77.9685, 60.5909)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(77.1660, 77.9685, 60.5909)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(77.1421, 77.8411,  
60.8282)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFDFC0
RGB	255, 223, 192
RGB Percent	100%, 87%, 75%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1255, 0.2471
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.25, 0.00
HSL	30°, 100%, 88%
HSV	30°, 25%, 100%
XYZ	77.1421, 77.8411, 60.8282
YIQ	229.0340, 29.0230, -2.8570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

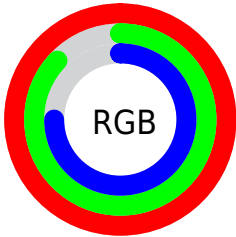
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 253, 192
Decimal	16768960
CIE Lab	90.71, 6.45, 19.26
CIE LCh	91, 20.310, 71.483
Yxy	77.8411, 0.3575, 0.3607
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294959040 (0xFFFFDFC0)
YUV	229.0340, -18.2578, 22.7722
Hunter-Lab	88.2276, 1.6738, 20.8820

# Details

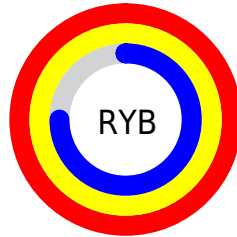
The XYZ color **77.1421, 77.8411, 60.8282** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **66.4432, 71.7356, 104.9522**, and the grayscale version is **74.6180, 78.5039, 85.4907**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.9433, 99.5573, 103.0721**, and **41.8788, 41.8460, 29.9146** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.2295, 70.1525, 46.1048**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83.8127, 86.2618, 78.2212**.

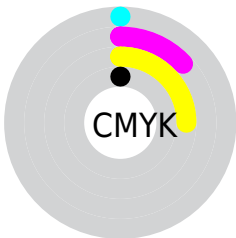
# Distribution



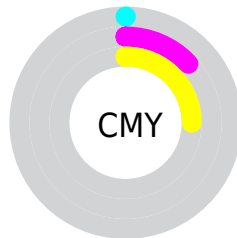
- Red (100%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (25%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 77.1421, 77.8411, 60.8282 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 77.1421, 77.8411, 60.8282 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 77.1421, 77.8411,  
60.8282

 77.1421, 77.8411,  
60.8282


474.1329,  
487.6270, 445.5329

 57.6698, 57.9435,  
43.6569


 128.3118,  
130.3261, 107.5852

 41.7855, 41.7632,  
30.0656


160.7400,  
163.6822, 138.0081

 29.1237, 28.9159,  
19.6359


198.2175,  
202.2933, 173.6851

 19.3192, 19.0172,  
11.9492

241.1098,  
246.5438, 215.0349

 12.0065, 11.6827,  
6.5870

289.7821,  
296.8180, 262.4761

 6.8204, 6.5280,  
3.1307

344.5998,

 3.3953, 3.1687,

353.5003, 316.4271

1.1617

405.9283,  
416.9752, 377.3065

■ 1.3661, 1.2204,  
0.0000

■ 0.2319, 0.0783,  
0.0000

■ 77.1421, 77.8411,  
60.8282

■ 77.1421, 77.8411,  
60.8282

■ 71.2295, 70.1525,  
46.1048

■ 83.8127, 86.2618,  
78.2212

■ 66.0381, 63.1637,  
33.9112

■ 91.2648, 95.4249,  
98.4041

■ 61.5363, 56.8551,  
24.1023

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 57.6873, 51.2017,  
16.5157

■ 54.4502, 46.1768,  
10.9689

■ 51.7783, 41.7506,  
7.2493

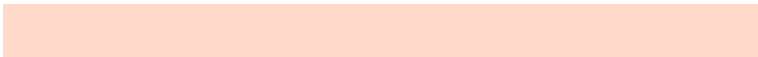
■ 49.6154, 37.8893,  
5.0963

■ 48.6368, 36.0536,  
4.3956

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.5737, 77.8411, 67.4888



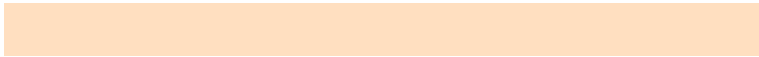
77.1421, 77.8411, 60.8282



72.0515, 77.8411, 60.1166

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.1421, 77.8411, 60.8282



64.7904, 77.8411, 90.4677



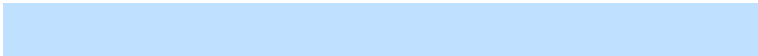
80.6697, 77.8411, 107.5710

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77.1421, 77.8411, 60.8282



66.4432, 71.7356, 104.9522

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



75.9541, 77.8411, 115.3467



77.1421, 77.8411, 60.8282



66.8834, 77.8411, 104.7419

# Square

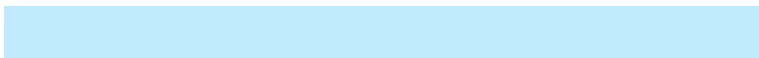
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77.1421, 77.8411, 60.8282



65.0756, 77.8411, 76.1503



70.9165, 77.8411, 114.2556



83.6739, 77.8411, 93.9862



# Rectangle

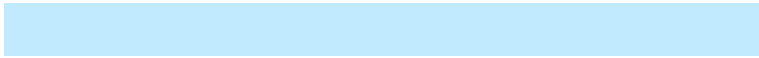
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77.1421, 77.8411, 60.8282



68.9841, 77.8411, 63.0011



70.9165, 77.8411, 114.2556



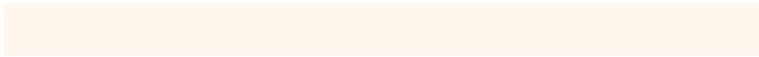
79.2232, 77.8411, 111.0175

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.1440, 77.8446, 60.8298



89.4839, 93.2551, 93.5194



73.6194, 64.3718, 79.4582



19.0545, 19.8397, 19.7474



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.1440, 77.8446, 60.8298



73.9203, 73.6828, 52.7093



86.1806, 95.9178, 63.8420



18.7476, 19.4634, 18.9130



25.5625, 19.1362, 2.3464

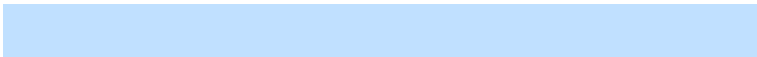


2.5980, 2.0813, 0.2648

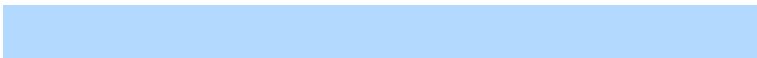


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.4432, 71.7356, 104.9522



61.4284, 66.5509, 104.2157



58.8701, 56.5895, 102.4278



17.7656, 18.9028, 22.9622



13.7179, 12.3454, 51.0945

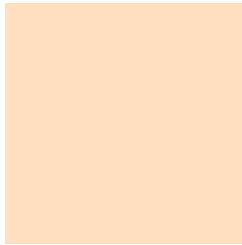


1.4450, 1.4207, 5.0113



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 77.1421, 77.8411, 60.8282 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

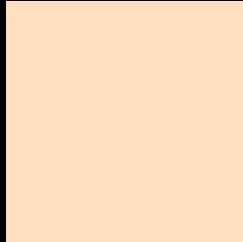
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 77.1421, 77.8411, 60.8282 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

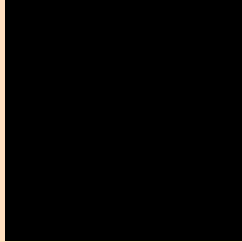
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 77.1421, 77.8411, 60.8282

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 77.1421, 77.8411, 60.8282.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 77.1421, 77.8411,

60.8282.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

77.1421, 77.8411, 60.8282

### Protanopia

73.4162, 77.9071, 62.2071

### Deuteranopia

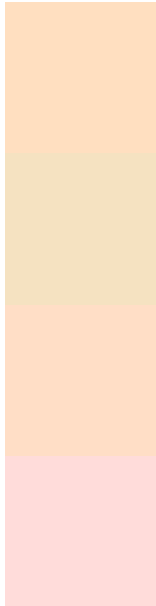
78.0219, 77.7668, 66.7754



## **Tritanopia**

81.2795, 77.8062, 87.8250

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

77.1421, 77.8411, 60.8282

## Protanomaly

74.4782, 77.6554, 61.5157

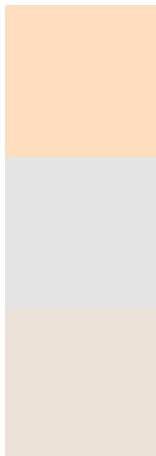
## Deuteranomaly

77.5543, 77.5798, 64.3129

## Tritanomaly

79.4881, 77.5084, 77.1008

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

77.1421, 77.8411, 60.8282

## Achromatopsia

74.4753, 78.3538, 85.3273

## Achromatomaly

75.1237, 78.0732, 76.0759

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 77.1421, 77.8411, 60.8282 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 223, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 223, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 223, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 223, 192) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 77.1421, 77.8411, 60.8282 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 223, 192) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 223, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 223, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 223, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 223, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 223,  
192) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 77.1421, 77.8411, 60.8282 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 223, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
223, 192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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