

# Converting Colors

XYZ(77.2419, 79.8278, 81.1493)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(77.2419, 79.8278, 81.1493)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(77.2738, 79.8916,  
81.1599)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F0E5DF
RGB	240, 229, 223
RGB Percent	94%, 90%, 87%
CMY	0.0588, 0.1019, 0.1255
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.07, 0.06
HSL	21°, 36%, 91%
HSV	21°, 7%, 94%
XYZ	77.2738, 79.8916, 81.1599
YIQ	231.6050, 8.4820, 0.4660

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

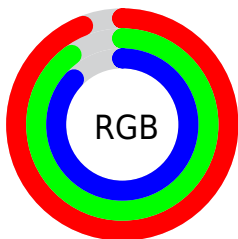
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	240, 232, 223
Decimal	15787487
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	91.64, 2.71, 4.24
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	92, 5.034, 57.406
Yxy	79.8916, 0.3242, 0.3352
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293977567 (0xFFFF0E5DF)
YUV	231.6050, -4.2423, 7.3624
Hunter-Lab	89.3821, -2.0995, 8.7315

# Details

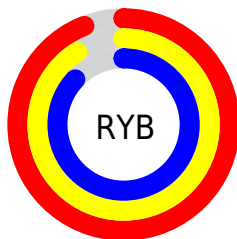
The XYZ color **77.2738, 79.8916, 81.1599** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **75.5823, 80.8236, 94.0560**, and the grayscale version is **76.4347, 80.4152, 87.5722**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **41.9711, 43.2896, 43.1894** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.1603, 70.4805, 63.9400**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85.2346, 90.2614, 100.9270**.

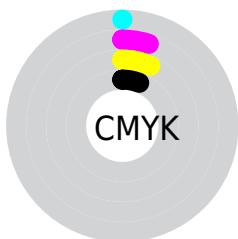
# Distribution



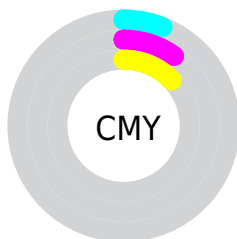
- Red (94%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 77.2738, 79.8916, 81.1599 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 77.2738, 79.8916, 81.1599 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



77.2738, 79.8916,  
81.1599

77.2738, 79.8916,  
81.1599

474.5747,  
494.5674, 518.6427

57.7783, 59.6292,  
60.1415

128.4967,  
133.2133, 136.8214

41.8730, 43.1198,  
43.1067

160.9548,  
167.0414, 172.3015

29.1926, 29.9791,  
29.6368

198.4646,  
206.1601, 213.4394

19.3716, 19.8227,  
19.3134

241.3913,  
250.9539, 260.6534

12.0447, 12.2663,  
11.7178

290.1003,  
301.8071, 314.3623

6.8465, 6.9253,  
6.4316

344.9569,

3.4118, 3.4154,

359.1042, 374.9844

3.0363

406.3266,  
423.2295, 442.9384

■ 1.3751, 1.3523,  
1.1132

■ 0.2384, 0.1811,  
0.0000

■ 77.2738, 79.8916,  
81.1599

■ 77.2738, 79.8916,  
81.1599

■ 70.1603, 70.4805,  
63.9400

■ 85.2346, 90.2614,  
100.9270

■ 63.8582, 61.9899,  
49.1577

■ 89.7456, 97.2655,  
108.6518

■ 58.3388, 54.3943,  
36.7031

■ 53.5690, 47.6628,  
26.4555

■ 49.5130, 41.7631,  
18.2837

■ 46.1320, 36.6601,  
12.0420

■ 43.3828, 32.3164,  
7.5657

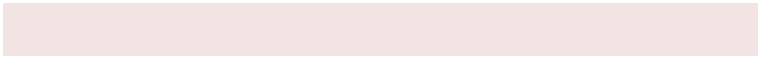
■ 41.2159, 28.6904,  
4.6618

■ 39.5708, 25.7346,  
3.0827

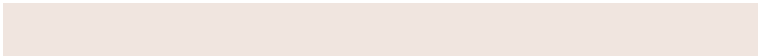
# Harmonies

## Analogous

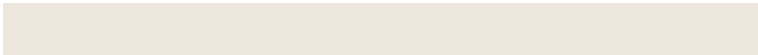
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78.1500, 79.8916, 83.7707



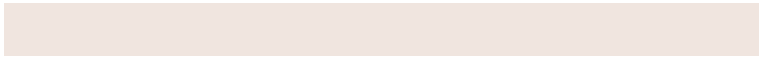
77.2738, 79.8916, 81.1599



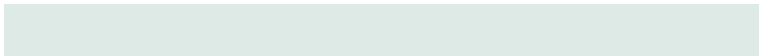
76.0465, 79.8916, 80.1070

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.2738, 79.8916, 81.1599



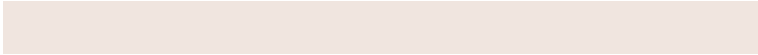
73.4921, 79.8916, 86.6684



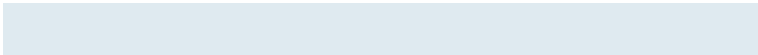
77.0779, 79.8916, 93.4250

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77.2738, 79.8916, 81.1599



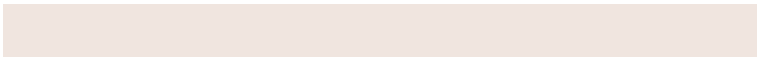
75.5823, 80.8236, 94.0560

# Split Complementary

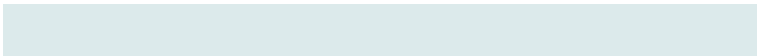
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



75.8227, 79.8916, 94.2530



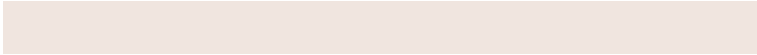
77.2738, 79.8916, 81.1599



73.7614, 79.8916, 90.2874

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77.2738, 79.8916, 81.1599



73.8712, 79.8916, 83.2307



74.6109, 79.8916, 93.0894

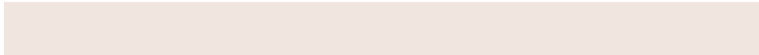


78.0360, 79.8916, 90.8575



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77.2738, 79.8916, 81.1599



75.1976, 79.8916, 80.4073



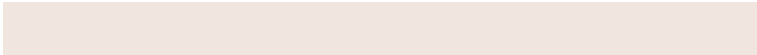
74.6109, 79.8916, 93.0894



76.6763, 79.8916, 93.9191

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.2760, 79.8951, 81.1616



93.1963, 97.5892, 104.2849



77.1824, 77.2452, 88.7225



19.9673, 20.9134, 22.3696



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

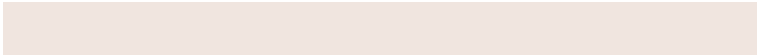


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

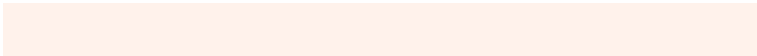


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.2760, 79.8951, 81.1616



87.8718, 90.6233, 91.1553



79.6702, 84.6834, 81.9597



16.2295, 16.6722, 16.5124



21.5529, 13.9039, 1.5478



1.8834, 1.3374, 0.1589

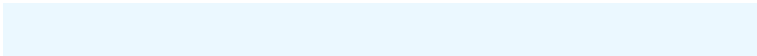


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.5823, 80.8236, 94.0560



85.6834, 91.8229, 107.8153



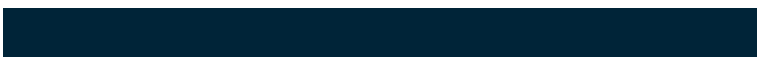
73.2349, 76.1287, 93.2735



15.7503, 16.9348, 20.1602



15.1775, 16.5793, 47.5280

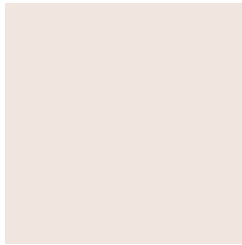


1.3558, 1.5656, 3.9850



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 77.2738, 79.8916, 81.1599 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

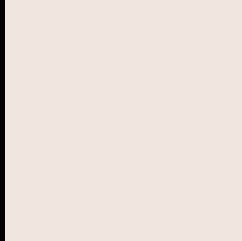
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 77.2738, 79.8916, 81.1599 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

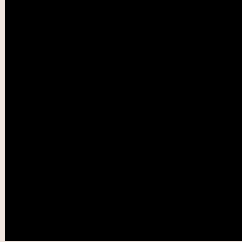
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

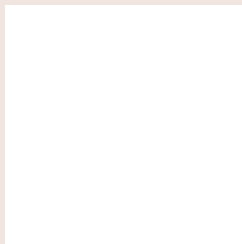
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 77.2738, 79.8916, 81.1599**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 77.2738, 79.8916, 81.1599.



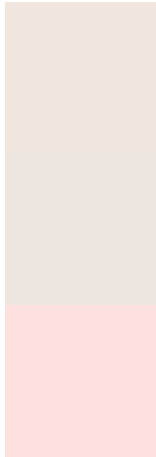
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 77.2738, 79.8916,

81.1599.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

77.2738, 79.8916, 81.1599

### Protanopia

76.6764, 79.9800, 81.9174

### Deuteranopia

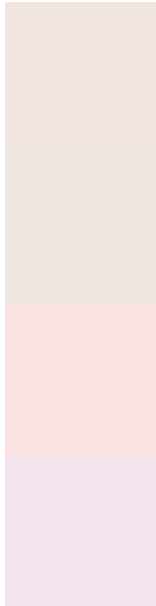
81.3502, 79.9531, 81.6659



## Tritanopia

80.4876, 79.9791, 96.7833

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

77.2738, 79.8916, 81.1599

## Protanomaly

77.0113, 80.1526, 81.9331

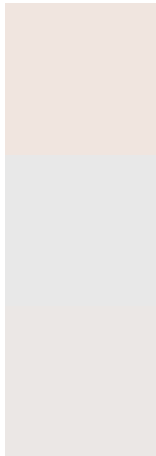
## Deuteranomaly

80.0752, 80.0985, 81.7612

## Tritanomaly

79.2274, 79.8715, 90.5979

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

77.2738, 79.8916, 81.1599

## Achromatopsia

76.7008, 80.6952, 87.8771

## Achromatomaly

76.9797, 80.4711, 85.6040

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 77.2738, 79.8916, 81.1599 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(240, 229, 223) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(240, 229, 223)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 229, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(240, 229, 223) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 77.2738, 79.8916, 81.1599 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(240, 229, 223) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(240, 229, 223) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 229, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(240, 229, 223); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 229, 223);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 229,  
223) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 77.2738, 79.8916, 81.1599 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(240, 229, 223) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(240,  
229, 223) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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