

# Converting Colors

XYZ(77.3161, 69.8270,  
104.0107)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(77.3161, 69.8270, 104.0107)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(77.2991, 69.8182,  
104.0099)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F5CCFF
RGB	245, 204, 255
RGB Percent	96%, 80%, 100%
CMY	0.0392, 0.2000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.04, 0.20, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	288°, 100%, 90%
HSV	288°, 20%, 100%
XYZ	77.2991, 69.8182, 104.0099
YIQ	222.0730, 8.0650, 24.5530

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

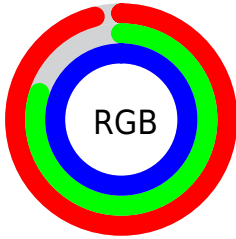
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	245, 204, 255
Decimal	16108799
CIE Lab	86.91, 23.14, -19.54
CIE LCh	87, 30.292, 319.821
Yxy	69.8182, 0.3078, 0.2780
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294298879 (0xFFF5CCFF)
YUV	222.0730, 16.2330, 20.1070
Hunter-Lab	83.5573, 18.9056, -15.3125

# Details

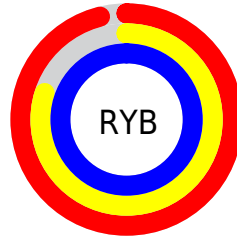
The XYZ color **77.2991, 69.8182, 104.0099** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **74.3922, 90.1765, 70.6150**, and the grayscale version is **69.3694, 72.9820, 79.4774**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **41.8384, 36.5813, 58.2818** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.0072, 57.7880, 102.0722**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85.6342, 83.8630, 106.2815**.

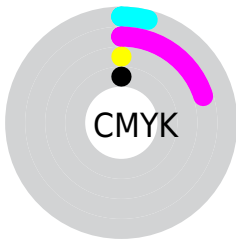
# Distribution



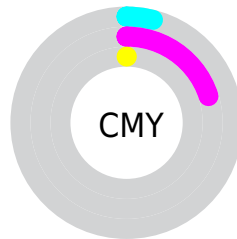
- Red (96%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 77.2991, 69.8182, 104.0099 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 77.2991, 69.8182, 104.0099 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 77.2991, 69.8182,  
104.0099

 77.2991, 69.8182,  
104.0099


474.6595,  
459.9114, 594.3298

 57.7992, 51.3783,  
79.0181


128.5322,  
118.9495, 168.7566

 41.8898, 36.5098,  
58.3893

160.9961,  
150.4096, 209.3487

 29.2058, 24.8282,  
41.7049


198.5120,  
186.9787, 255.9778

 19.3816, 15.9491,  
28.5465

241.4453,  
229.0411, 309.0627

 12.0520, 9.4881,  
18.4954

290.1614,  
276.9812, 369.0218

 6.8515, 5.0609,  
11.1331

345.0255,

 3.4149, 2.2831,

331.1833, 436.2736

6.0411

406.4031,  
392.0319, 511.2368

■ 1.3768, 0.7647,  
2.8009

■ 0.2396, 0.0000,  
0.9939

■ 77.2991, 69.8182,  
104.0099

■ 77.2991, 69.8182,  
104.0099

■ 70.0072, 57.7880,  
102.0722

■ 85.6342, 83.8630,  
106.2815

■ 63.7041, 47.6669,  
100.4508

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 58.3391, 39.3532,  
99.1289

■ 53.8545, 32.7320,  
98.0872

■ 50.1860, 27.6751,  
97.3045

■ 47.2599, 24.0360,  
96.7563

■ 44.9884, 21.6395,  
96.4134

■ 43.2285, 20.2001,  
96.2284

■ 43.2282, 20.1998,  
96.2283

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.0778, 69.8182, 118.8486



77.2991, 69.8182, 104.0099



80.6614, 69.8182, 83.1107

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.2991, 69.8182, 104.0099



68.7918, 69.8182, 43.7754



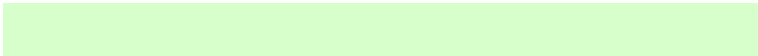
54.3741, 69.8182, 90.0023

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77.2991, 69.8182, 104.0099



74.3922, 90.1765, 70.6150

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.8578, 69.8182, 69.3448



77.2991, 69.8182, 104.0099



61.8559, 69.8182, 44.9585

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77.2991, 69.8182, 104.0099



75.5238, 69.8182, 49.9828



56.5051, 69.8182, 53.5646



57.9694, 69.8182, 109.8187



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77.2991, 69.8182, 104.0099



80.6782, 69.8182, 69.5700



56.5051, 69.8182, 53.5646



53.8450, 69.8182, 82.8572

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.3010, 69.8211, 104.0104



89.2668, 90.0592, 107.2860



67.0516, 68.2547, 104.2482



18.9772, 19.0547, 22.9277



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.3010, 69.8211, 104.0104



74.2599, 64.7695, 103.1956



78.5180, 70.7218, 91.7182



18.4232, 18.1099, 22.7745



22.7111, 10.6185, 50.2871



2.2962, 1.0777, 4.9003



# Inverse Universe

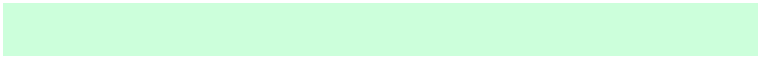
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.9722, 69.3035, 73.0460



71.6034, 64.2011, 66.8826



73.4895, 89.4886, 80.6274



18.1549, 18.0453, 19.4329



21.8906, 11.2455, 2.8082

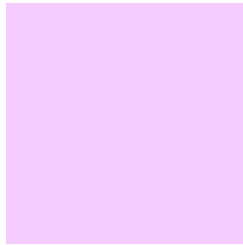


2.1676, 1.1094, 0.4639



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 77.2991, 69.8182, 104.0099 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

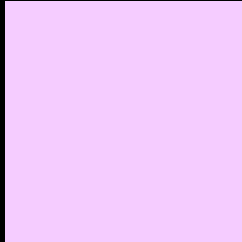
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 77.2991, 69.8182, 104.0099 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

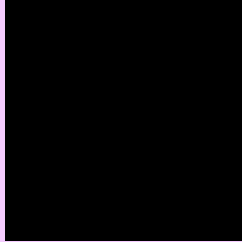
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 77.2991, 69.8182, 104.0099**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 77.2991, 69.8182, 104.0099.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 77.2991, 69.8182,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

77.2991, 69.8182, 104.0099

### Protanopia

69.1842, 70.0334, 104.4791

### Deuteranopia

71.6481, 70.2099, 102.7041



## Tritanopia

72.8036, 69.7927, 81.5857

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

77.2991, 69.8182, 104.0099

## Protanomaly

72.0249, 69.9949, 104.3220

## Deuteranomaly

73.5691, 70.0719, 103.4137

## Tritanomaly

74.2168, 69.6173, 89.6466

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

77.2991, 69.8182, 104.0099

## Achromatopsia

69.4303, 73.0461, 79.5472

## Achromatomaly

71.7848, 71.3644, 87.8331

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 77.2991, 69.8182, 104.0099 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(245, 204, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(245, 204, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 204, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(245, 204, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 77.2991, 69.8182, 104.0099 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(245, 204, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(245, 204, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(245, 204, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(245, 204, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 204, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 204,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 77.2991, 69.8182, 104.0099 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(245, 204, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(245,  
204, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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