

# Converting Colors

XYZ(77.3583, 92.9233, 15.7366)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(77.3583, 92.9233, 15.7366)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(77.3662, 92.9265,  
15.7784)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFF27
RGB	255, 255, 39
RGB Percent	100%, 100%, 15%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0000, 0.8470
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.85, 0.00
HSL	60°, 100%, 58%
HSV	60°, 85%, 100%
XYZ	77.3662, 92.9265, 15.7784
YIQ	230.3760, 69.3360, -67.1760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

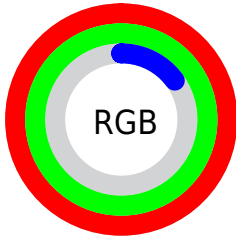
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">39, 255, 39</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16776999</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">97.20, -21.07, 90.12</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">97, 92.550, 103.162</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">92.9265, 0.4158, 0.4994</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294967079 (0xFFFFFFFF27)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">230.3760, -94.3484, 21.5952</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">96.3984, -25.4389, 57.7743</a>

# Details

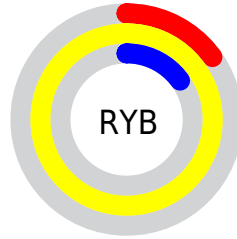
The XYZ color **77.3662, 92.9265, 15.7784** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF33**. The color can be described as light washed yellow. A complement of this color would be **19.6132, 9.1035, 95.3312**, and the grayscale version is **76.1343, 80.0992, 87.2280**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.7603, 93.8841, 28.3856**, and **42.6716, 52.3162, 7.8490** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77.0756, 92.8102, 14.2502**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77.9398, 93.1559, 18.8004**.

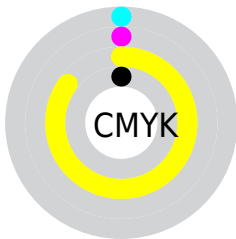
# Distribution



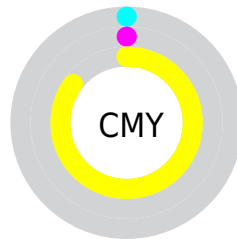
- Red (100%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (15%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (85%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 77.3662, 92.9265, 15.7784 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 77.3662, 92.9265, 15.7784 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



77.3662, 92.9265,  
15.7784

77.3662, 92.9265,  
15.7784

474.8845,  
537.5054, 239.8314

57.8545, 70.4104,  
9.2148

128.6264,  
151.3968, 36.9745

41.9345, 51.8612,  
4.7828

161.1055,  
188.1199, 52.4441

29.2409, 36.8944,  
2.0639

198.6378,  
230.3474, 71.7194

19.4083, 25.1258,  
0.5942

241.5887,  
278.4637, 95.2191

12.0714, 16.1708,  
0.0000

290.3234,  
332.8533, 123.3616

6.8649, 9.6451,  
0.0000

345.2074,

3.4233, 5.1643,

393.9005, 156.5654

0.0000

406.6060,  
461.9897, 195.2492

■ 1.3814, 2.3440,  
0.0000

■ 0.2429, 0.7968,  
0.0000

■ 77.3662, 92.9265,  
15.7784

■ 77.3662, 92.9265,  
15.7784

■ 77.0756, 92.8102,  
14.2502


■ 77.9398, 93.1559,  
18.8004


■ 76.9996, 92.7798,  
13.8500


■ 78.8458, 93.5183,  
23.5710


■ 80.1239, 94.0295,  
30.3014

■ 81.8085, 94.7034,  
39.1722

 83.9300, 95.5520,  
50.3435

 86.5158, 96.5863,  
63.9599

 89.5912, 97.8165,  
80.1546

 93.1796, 99.2518,  
99.0508

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



103.6967, 92.9265, 16.4808



77.3662, 92.9265, 15.7784



58.2106, 92.9265, 28.3170

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.3662, 92.9265, 15.7784



56.5015, 92.9265, 235.0419



145.6914, 92.9265, 148.8643

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77.3662, 92.9265, 15.7784



19.6132, 9.1035, 95.3312

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



127.3594, 92.9265, 246.6780



77.3662, 92.9265, 15.7784



74.5507, 92.9265, 310.9426

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77.3662, 92.9265, 15.7784



47.8667, 92.9265, 137.6252



100.2702, 92.9265, 316.0202



146.8592, 92.9265, 71.8159



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77.3662, 92.9265, 15.7784



50.6393, 92.9265, 49.1164



100.2702, 92.9265, 316.0202



141.1891, 92.9265, 181.0703

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.3661, 92.9264, 15.7796



86.4314, 96.5526, 63.5157



42.3324, 22.8585, 4.1016



18.2948, 20.5842, 12.5152



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.3661, 92.9264, 15.7796



76.9996, 92.7798, 13.8500



48.1602, 77.8702, 14.4127



19.5613, 21.0908, 19.1843



40.2340, 48.4794, 7.2369



3.9174, 4.7203, 0.7046



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.6132, 9.1035, 95.3312



18.0500, 7.2200, 95.0500



30.8097, 14.8755, 95.8552



17.0031, 17.3778, 22.7080



9.4315, 3.7726, 49.6657

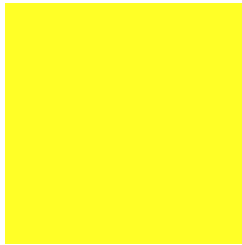


0.9183, 0.3673, 4.8358



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 77.3662, 92.9265, 15.7784 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

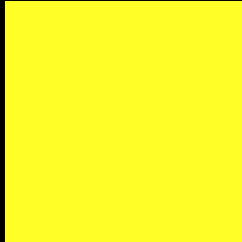
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 77.3662, 92.9265, 15.7784 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 77.3662, 92.9265, 15.7784**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 77.3662, 92.9265, 15.7784.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 77.3662, 92.9265,



# Color Blindness Simulation

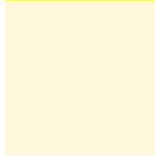
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



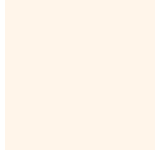
### Original Color

77.3662, 92.9265, 15.7784



### Protanopia

87.0251, 92.7913, 78.9694



### Deuteranopia

88.7437, 92.5053, 91.0199



## Tritanopia

90.8460, 92.8635, 103.5788

# Trichromacy



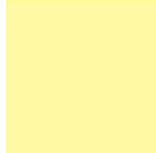
## Original Color

77.3662, 92.9265, 15.7784



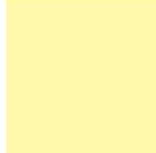
## Protanomaly

81.0931, 91.8982, 43.1698



## Deuteranomaly

81.7265, 91.6557, 48.0342



## Tritanomaly

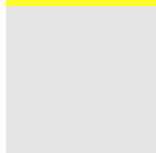
82.3502, 91.4119, 52.8391

# Monochromacy



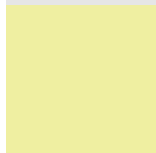
## Original Color

77.3662, 92.9265, 15.7784



## Achromatopsia

75.2129, 79.1298, 86.1723



## Achromatomaly

72.8961, 82.6569, 45.8306

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 77.3662, 92.9265, 15.7784 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 255, 39)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 255, 39)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 255, 39) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 255, 39) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 77.3662, 92.9265, 15.7784 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 255, 39) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 255, 39) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 255, 39)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 255, 39); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 39);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255,  
39) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 77.3662, 92.9265, 15.7784 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 255, 39) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
255, 39) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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