

# Converting Colors

XYZ(77.3941, 91.2987, 89.9725)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(77.3941, 91.2987, 89.9725)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(77.4769, 91.3432,  
89.8915)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D4FFE8
RGB	212, 255, 232
RGB Percent	83%, 100%, 91%
CMY	0.1686, 0.0000, 0.0902
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 0.09, 0.00
HSL	148°, 100%, 92%
HSV	148°, 17%, 100%
XYZ	77.4769, 91.3432, 89.8915
YIQ	239.5210, -18.2450, -16.2690

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

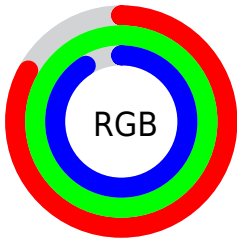
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	212, 241, 255
Decimal	13959144
CIE Lab	96.55, -18.07, 6.43
CIE LCh	97, 19.176, 160.402
Yxy	91.3432, 0.2995, 0.3531
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292149224 (0xFFD4FFE8)
YUV	239.5210, -3.7079, -24.1359
Hunter-Lab	95.5736, -22.5526, 11.1365

# Details

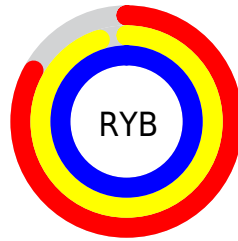
The XYZ color **77.4769, 91.3432, 89.8915** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **79.7794, 74.3462, 88.7428**, and the grayscale version is **82.4880, 86.7838, 94.5076**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **41.9352, 50.6909, 48.6484** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68.8344, 87.1031, 79.7636**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87.4324, 96.2429, 100.8687**.

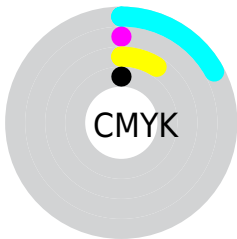
# Distribution



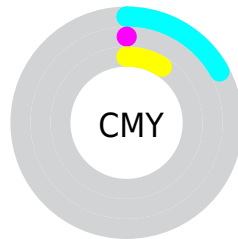
- Red (83%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 77.4769, 91.3432, 89.8915 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 77.4769, 91.3432, 89.8915 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 77.4769, 91.3432,  
89.8915

 77.4769, 91.3432,  
89.8915

475.2555,  
532.3906, 548.2388

 57.9457, 69.0952,  
67.3174


128.7817,  
149.2028, 149.1219

 42.0081, 50.7893,  
48.8794


161.2860,  
185.5831, 186.6153

 29.2987, 36.0409,  
34.1589


198.8454,  
227.4431, 229.9189

 19.4523, 24.4658,  
22.7374

241.8252,  
275.1671, 279.4512

 12.1035, 15.6795,  
14.1962

290.5907,  
329.1394, 335.6309

 6.8869, 9.2977,  
8.1170

345.5074,

 3.4372, 4.9358,

389.7445, 398.8763

4.0810

406.9405,  
457.3668, 469.6061

■ 1.3889, 2.2097,  
1.6699

■ 0.2483, 0.7253,  
0.3400

■ 77.4769, 91.3432,  
89.8915

■ 77.4769, 91.3432,  
89.8915

■ 68.8344, 87.1031,  
79.7636

■ 87.4324, 96.2429,  
100.8687

■ 61.4445, 83.4917,  
70.4600

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 55.2460, 80.4780,  
61.9612

■ 50.1710, 78.0273,  
54.2448

■ 46.1447, 76.1014,  
47.2875

■ 43.0823, 74.6573,  
41.0646

■ 40.8850, 73.6443,  
35.5499

■ 39.4284, 72.9989,  
30.7148

■ 39.0664, 72.8425,  
29.3311

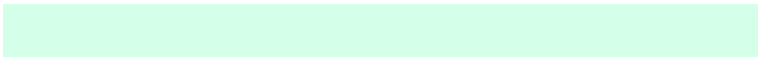
# Harmonies

## Analogous

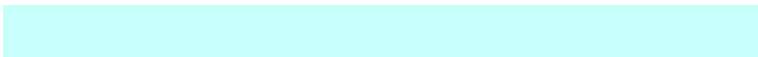
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.3157, 91.3432, 78.6513



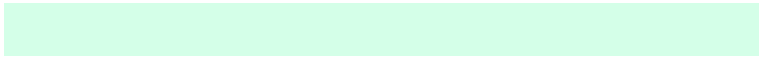
77.4769, 91.3432, 89.8915



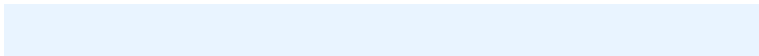
77.0816, 91.3432, 104.8761

# Triad

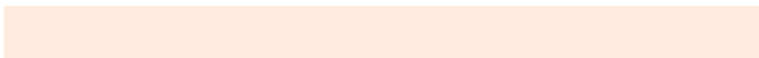
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.4769, 91.3432, 89.8915



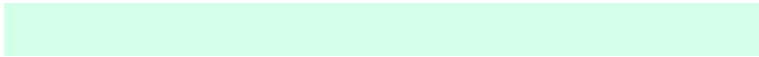
88.6910, 91.3432, 131.3673



94.8973, 91.3432, 81.5449

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77.4769, 91.3432, 89.8915



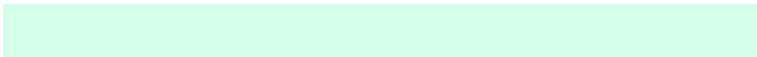
79.7794, 74.3462, 88.7428

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97.3437, 91.3432, 94.2283



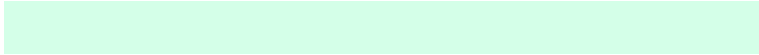
77.4769, 91.3432, 89.8915



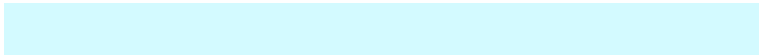
93.6641, 91.3432, 123.6424

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



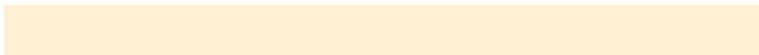
77.4769, 91.3432, 89.8915



83.4113, 91.3432, 129.8997



96.8834, 91.3432, 109.6786

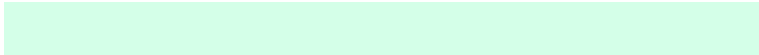


90.3182, 91.3432, 74.1863



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



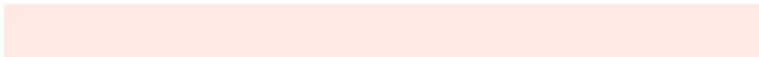
77.4769, 91.3432, 89.8915



78.2387, 91.3432, 115.1367



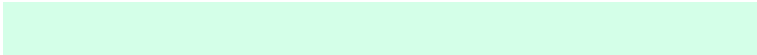
96.8834, 91.3432, 109.6786



96.0047, 91.3432, 85.2700

# Sweetspot

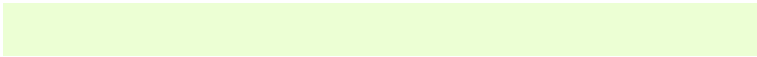
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.4778, 91.3437, 89.8930



89.4351, 97.2300, 103.0073



82.1202, 94.0468, 76.1134



18.9798, 20.7309, 21.8743



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

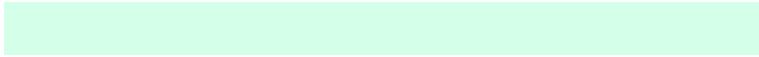


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

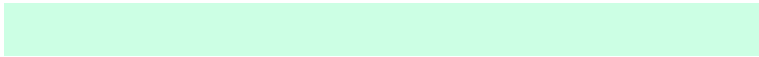


# Same Dimension

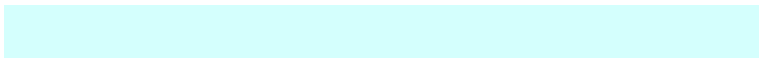
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.4778, 91.3437, 89.8930



74.6268, 89.9434, 86.6241



80.6177, 92.5997, 106.4279



18.1231, 20.3088, 20.9514



20.4867, 38.0913, 15.7143



2.0493, 3.7306, 1.8172



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79.7794, 74.3462, 88.7428



77.2960, 70.2310, 85.2894



76.9410, 73.2108, 73.7960



18.4155, 18.1495, 20.8054



23.9616, 12.0739, 13.7142

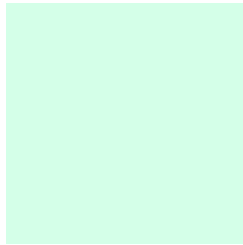


2.3883, 1.1977, 1.6261



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 77.4769, 91.3432, 89.8915 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

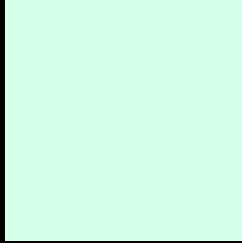
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 77.4769, 91.3432, 89.8915 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

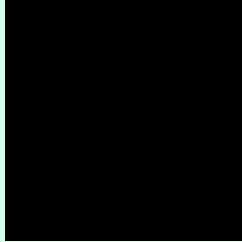
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

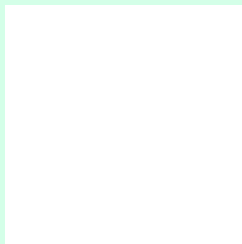
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 77.4769, 91.3432, 89.8915**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 77.4769, 91.3432, 89.8915.



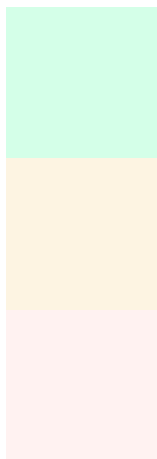
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 77.4769, 91.3432,

89.8915.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

77.4769, 91.3432, 89.8915

### Protanopia

86.5862, 91.0750, 84.9672

### Deuteranopia

88.8693, 91.1151, 96.1222



## **Tritanopia**

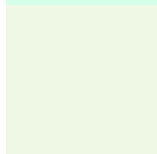
85.5717, 91.4037, 107.7403

# Trichromacy



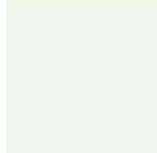
## Original Color

77.4769, 91.3432, 89.8915



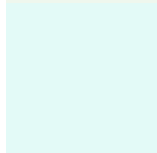
## Protanomaly

82.8309, 90.9134, 86.5812



## Deuteranomaly

84.2900, 91.0453, 94.0199



## Tritanomaly

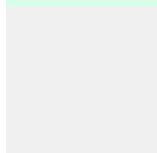
82.6527, 91.4175, 101.2848

# Monochromacy



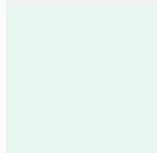
## Original Color

77.4769, 91.3432, 89.8915



## Achromatopsia

82.8234, 87.1367, 94.8919



## Achromatomaly

80.5716, 88.2422, 92.9066

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 77.4769, 91.3432, 89.8915 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(212, 255, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 255, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 255, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 255, 232) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 77.4769, 91.3432, 89.8915 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 255, 232) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 255, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(212, 255, 232)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(212, 255, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 255, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 255,  
232) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 77.4769, 91.3432, 89.8915 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 255, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212,  
255, 232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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