

# Converting Colors

XYZ(77.4051, 72.2958, 89.4478)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(77.4051, 72.2958, 89.4478)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(77.2538, 72.2891,  
89.2383)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F9D2EC
RGB	249, 210, 236
RGB Percent	98%, 82%, 93%
CMY	0.0235, 0.1764, 0.0745
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.05, 0.02
HSL	320°, 76%, 90%
HSV	320°, 16%, 98%
XYZ	77.2538, 72.2891, 89.2383
YIQ	224.6250, 14.8980, 16.3540

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

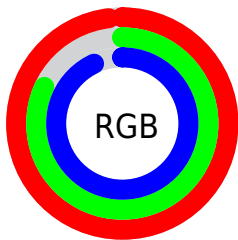
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	249, 210, 236
Decimal	16372460
CIE Lab	88.11, 17.88, -7.67
CIE LCh	88, 19.457, 336.783
Yxy	72.2891, 0.3235, 0.3027
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294562540 (0xFFFF9D2EC)
YUV	224.6250, 5.6079, 21.3769
Hunter-Lab	85.0230, 13.3989, -2.7134

# Details

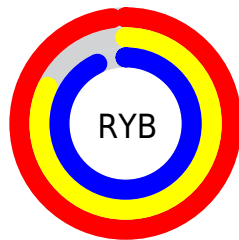
The XYZ color **77.2538, 72.2891, 89.2383** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **73.7761, 86.7826, 82.6784**, and the grayscale version is **71.2542, 74.9650, 81.6369**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **41.6978, 37.9444, 48.3063** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.4005, 60.4670, 81.1416**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85.1239, 86.0529, 97.9521**.

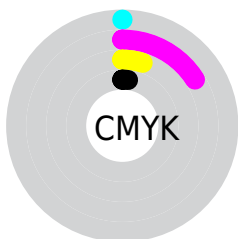
# Distribution



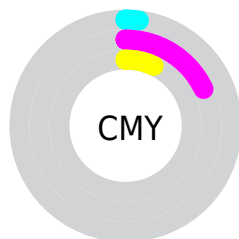
- Red (98%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 77.2538, 72.2891, 89.2383 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 77.2538, 72.2891, 89.2383 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



77.2538, 72.2891,  
89.2383

77.2538, 72.2891,  
89.2383

474.5076,  
468.5472, 546.0560

57.7619, 53.3949,  
66.7789

128.4686,  
122.4675, 148.2062

41.8597, 38.1181,  
48.4445

160.9222,  
154.5204, 185.5517

29.1821, 26.0744,  
33.8165

198.4271,  
191.7283, 228.6964

19.3636, 16.8793,  
22.4765

241.3485,  
234.4757, 278.0588

12.0389, 10.1485,  
14.0058

290.0519,  
283.1469, 334.0574

6.8425, 5.4975,  
7.9859

344.9027,

3.4093, 2.5420,

338.1263, 397.1108

3.9983

406.2661,  
399.7983, 467.6375

■ 1.3737, 0.8976,  
1.6244

■ 0.2374, 0.0000,  
0.3081

■ 77.2538, 72.2891,  
89.2383

■ 77.2538, 72.2891,  
89.2383

■ 70.4005, 60.4670,  
81.1416

■ 85.1239, 86.0529,  
97.9521

■ 64.5127, 50.4885,  
73.6389

■ 92.4938, 98.7265,  
106.7786

■ 59.5442, 42.2614,  
66.7117

■ 92.8773, 98.8799,  
108.7983

■ 55.4425, 35.6817,  
60.3385

■ 52.1492, 30.6342,  
54.4962

■ 49.5988, 26.9889,  
49.1587

■ 47.7146, 24.5940,  
44.2963

■ 46.4021, 23.2618,  
39.8732

■ 45.9495, 22.8928,  
38.0692

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.2003, 72.2891, 101.0418



77.2538, 72.2891, 89.2383



77.9710, 72.2891, 75.7262

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.2538, 72.2891, 89.2383



67.6585, 72.2891, 55.9315



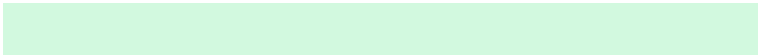
61.7963, 72.2891, 95.0531

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77.2538, 72.2891, 89.2383



73.7761, 86.7826, 82.6784

# Split Complementary

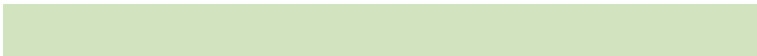
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.2105, 72.2891, 81.7723



77.2538, 72.2891, 89.2383



63.4949, 72.2891, 59.9387

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



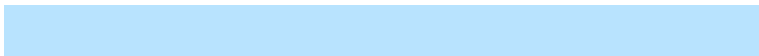
77.2538, 72.2891, 89.2383



72.2925, 72.2891, 57.4531



60.8180, 72.2891, 69.0452



65.2452, 72.2891, 104.6546



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77.2538, 72.2891, 89.2383



77.0000, 72.2891, 67.7311



60.8180, 72.2891, 69.0452



61.0349, 72.2891, 90.8167

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.2559, 72.2923, 89.2398



90.4397, 91.8624, 104.0244



70.5799, 68.6244, 99.1493



19.2240, 19.4268, 22.1217



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.2559, 72.2923, 89.2398



79.0015, 71.8909, 91.2563



74.5755, 71.2201, 75.1250



17.7326, 17.4204, 20.4478



24.6645, 12.2815, 20.7393



2.3335, 1.1571, 2.1797



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.2559, 72.2923, 89.2398



79.0015, 71.8909, 91.2563



76.5586, 87.8956, 97.3307



17.7326, 17.4204, 20.4478



24.6645, 12.2815, 20.7393



2.3335, 1.1571, 2.1797



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 77.2538, 72.2891, 89.2383 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

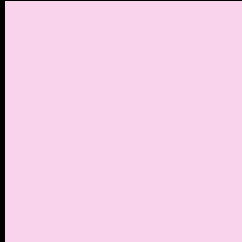
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 77.2538, 72.2891, 89.2383 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

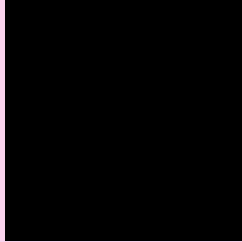
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 77.2538, 72.2891, 89.2383**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 77.2538, 72.2891, 89.2383.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 77.2538, 72.2891,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

77.2538, 72.2891, 89.2383

### Protanopia

70.8336, 72.6573, 94.2953

### Deuteranopia

73.8879, 72.4319, 88.6837



## **Tritanopia**

76.0093, 72.1464, 83.3183

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

77.2538, 72.2891, 89.2383

## Protanomaly

72.9172, 72.2260, 92.5359

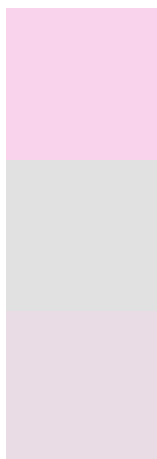
## Deuteranomaly

75.0653, 72.2874, 88.5938

## Tritanomaly

76.4295, 72.3145, 85.5311

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

77.2538, 72.2891, 89.2383

## Achromatopsia

71.5672, 75.2942, 81.9954

## Achromatomaly

73.6677, 74.3360, 84.5943

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 77.2538, 72.2891, 89.2383 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(249, 210, 236) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(249, 210, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(249, 210, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(249, 210, 236) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 77.2538, 72.2891, 89.2383 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(249, 210, 236) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(249, 210, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(249, 210, 236)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(249, 210, 236); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 210, 236);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 210,  
236) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 77.2538, 72.2891, 89.2383 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(249, 210, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(249,  
210, 236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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