

# Converting Colors

XYZ(77.6004, 84.2442, 80.8279)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(77.6004, 84.2442, 80.8279)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(77.5219, 84.2771,  
80.5879)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E9EFDD
RGB	233, 239, 221
RGB Percent	91%, 94%, 87%
CMY	0.0863, 0.0627, 0.1333
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.08, 0.06
HSL	80°, 36%, 90%
HSV	80°, 8%, 94%
XYZ	77.5219, 84.2771, 80.5879
YIQ	235.1540, 2.2020, -6.8700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

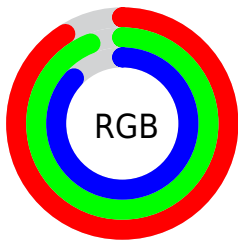
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	221, 239, 227
Decimal	15331293
CIE Lab	93.57, -5.13, 8.00
CIE LCh	94, 9.505, 122.649
Yxy	84.2771, 0.3198, 0.3477
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293521373 (0xFFE9EFDD)
YUV	235.1540, -6.9779, -1.8891
Hunter-Lab	91.8026, -9.9217, 12.2147

# Details

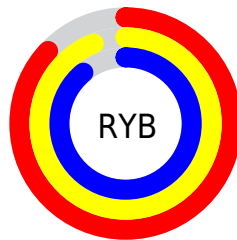
The XYZ color **77.5219, 84.2771, 80.5879** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **73.1183, 74.2781, 92.1492**, and the grayscale version is **79.1352, 83.2564, 90.6662**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **41.9479, 45.9673, 42.7381** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72.0185, 81.7846, 64.8744**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83.6009, 87.0189, 98.6982**.

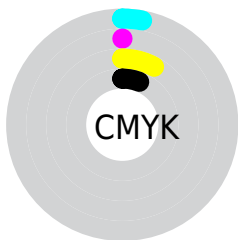
# Distribution



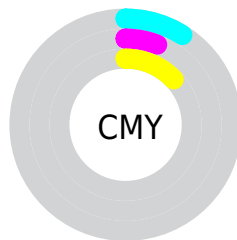
- Red (91%)
- Green (94%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (94%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 77.5219, 84.2771, 80.5879 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 77.5219, 84.2771, 80.5879 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



77.5219, 84.2771,  
80.5879

77.5219, 84.2771,  
80.5879

475.4063,  
509.2330, 516.6708

57.9827, 63.2442,  
59.6732

128.8449,  
139.3627, 136.0108

42.0380, 46.0388,  
42.7317

161.3594,  
174.1843, 171.3562

29.3223, 32.2765,  
29.3449

198.9297,  
214.3709, 212.3489

19.4703, 21.5728,  
19.0940

241.9213,  
260.3069, 259.4074

12.1166, 13.5433,  
11.5607

290.6993,  
312.3767, 312.9503

6.8959, 7.8037,  
6.3264

345.6293,

3.4428, 3.9696,

370.9647, 373.3961

2.9726

407.0765,  
436.4553, 441.1635

■ 1.3920, 1.6566,  
1.0807

■ 0.2505, 0.3953,  
0.0000

■ 77.5219, 84.2771,  
80.5879

■ 77.5219, 84.2771,  
80.5879

■ 72.0185, 81.7846,  
64.8744

■ 83.6009, 87.0189,  
98.6982

■ 67.0632, 79.5220,  
51.4517

■ 87.9650, 89.0857,  
107.1668

■ 62.6363, 77.4840,  
40.2142

■ 90.1582, 90.2164,  
107.2694

■ 58.7141, 75.6609,  
31.0456

■ 55.2710, 74.0423,  
23.8190

■ 52.2786, 72.6166,  
18.3935

■ 49.7047, 71.3708,  
14.6092

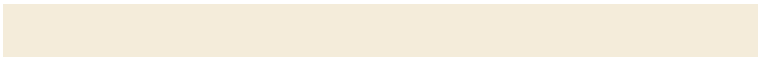
■ 47.5119, 70.2897,  
12.2779

■ 45.6510, 69.3535,  
11.1498

# Harmonies

## Analogous

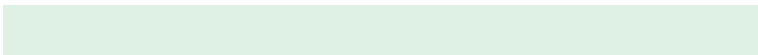
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79.8796, 84.2771, 78.6108



77.5219, 84.2771, 80.5879



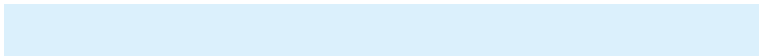
75.8834, 84.2771, 85.5455

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.5219, 84.2771, 80.5879



77.9013, 84.2771, 104.6241



85.0319, 84.2771, 91.1249

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77.5219, 84.2771, 80.5879



73.1183, 74.2781, 92.1492

# Split Complementary

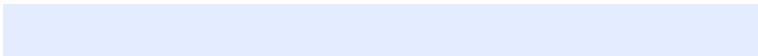
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.4759, 84.2771, 98.2756



77.5219, 84.2771, 80.5879



80.3266, 84.2771, 106.3069

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



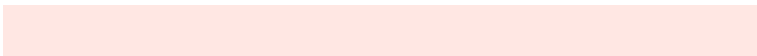
77.5219, 84.2771, 80.5879



76.0992, 84.2771, 99.4406



82.7405, 84.2771, 103.9271



84.2445, 84.2771, 84.4919

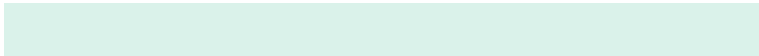


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



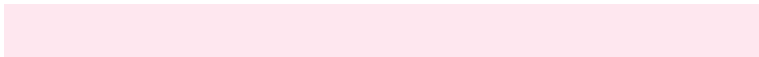
77.5219, 84.2771, 80.5879



75.4013, 84.2771, 90.0025



82.7405, 84.2771, 103.9271



84.9959, 84.2771, 93.5472

# Sweetspot

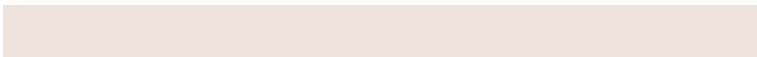
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.5242, 84.2807, 80.5897



93.6166, 99.3547, 104.6035



76.1199, 78.5122, 79.5503



20.0529, 21.2728, 22.4344



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

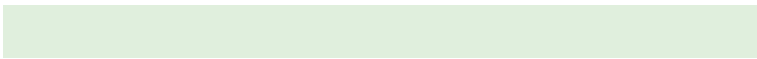
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.5242, 84.2807, 80.5897



88.8125, 97.1861, 90.4591



74.6608, 82.8046, 80.4557



16.5809, 18.1797, 16.7848



25.1356, 38.2794, 6.0639



2.1960, 3.2386, 0.5094



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73.1183, 74.2781, 92.1492



82.7555, 83.4349, 106.3506



76.0315, 75.7799, 92.2855



15.3940, 15.4848, 19.8991



10.5487, 4.4435, 45.4296

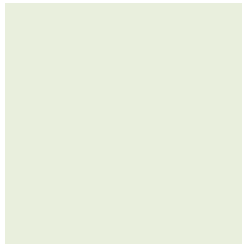


0.9792, 0.4221, 3.7841



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 77.5219, 84.2771, 80.5879 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

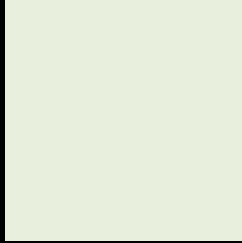
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 77.5219, 84.2771, 80.5879 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

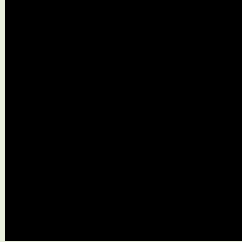
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

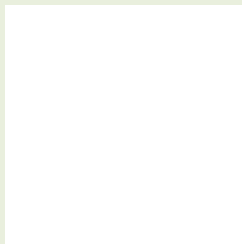
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 77.5219, 84.2771, 80.5879**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 77.5219, 84.2771, 80.5879.



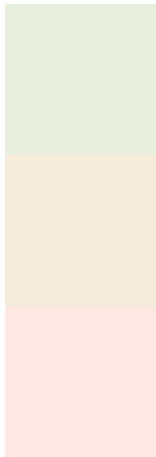
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 77.5219, 84.2771,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

77.5219, 84.2771, 80.5879

### Protanopia

80.1507, 83.9436, 78.9962

### Deuteranopia

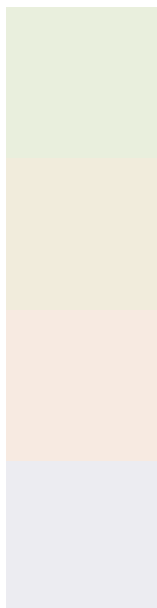
83.8195, 84.0133, 85.1972



## Tritanopia

82.4123, 84.1146, 104.8207

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

77.5219, 84.2771, 80.5879

## Protanomaly

79.1893, 83.8590, 79.7228

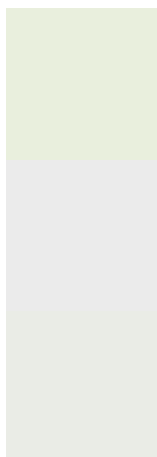
## Deuteranomaly

81.3712, 84.0560, 83.1699

## Tritanomaly

80.4647, 84.1746, 95.2255

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

77.5219, 84.2771, 80.5879

## Achromatopsia

78.9647, 83.0770, 90.4708

## Achromatomaly

78.2101, 83.1965, 86.7993

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 77.5219, 84.2771, 80.5879 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(233, 239, 221) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 239, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 239, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 239, 221) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 77.5219, 84.2771, 80.5879 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 239, 221) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 239, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(233, 239, 221)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(233, 239, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 239, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 239,  
221) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 77.5219, 84.2771, 80.5879 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 239, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233,  
239, 221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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