

# Converting Colors

XYZ(77.7900, 92.2531, 56.0898)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(77.7900, 92.2531, 56.0898)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(77.8284, 92.2671,  
56.3552)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EAFFB3
RGB	234, 255, 179
RGB Percent	92%, 100%, 70%
CMY	0.0824, 0.0000, 0.2980
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.30, 0.00
HSL	77°, 100%, 85%
HSV	77°, 30%, 100%
XYZ	77.8284, 92.2671, 56.3552
YIQ	240.0570, 11.8800, -28.0880

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

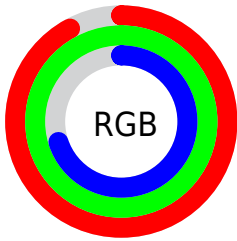
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	179, 255, 200
Decimal	15400883
CIELab	96.93, -18.99, 34.13
CIELCh	97, 39.055, 119.094
Yxy	92.2671, 0.3437, 0.4074
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293590963 (0xFFEAFB3)
YUV	240.0570, -30.1011, -5.3120
Hunter-Lab	96.0558, -23.4694, 32.4540

# Details

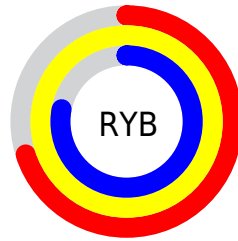
The XYZ color **77.8284, 92.2671, 56.3552** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **57.9906, 51.7408, 101.5383**, and the grayscale version is **83.0901, 87.4173, 95.1974**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.9954, 98.7782, 92.8147**, and **42.3201, 51.3595, 27.4215** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73.2156, 90.1600, 43.8988**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83.0110, 94.6128, 71.3302**.

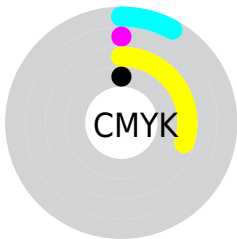
# Distribution



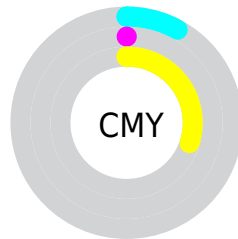
- Red (92%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (30%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 77.8284, 92.2671, 56.3552 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 77.8284, 92.2671, 56.3552 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



77.8284, 92.2671,  
56.3552

77.8284, 92.2671,  
56.3552

476.4326,  
535.3784, 428.4546

58.2353, 69.8625,  
40.0819

129.2748,  
150.4835, 101.0147

42.2419, 51.4144,  
27.2881

161.8589,  
187.0642, 130.2380

29.4827, 36.5385,  
17.5554

199.5040,  
229.1389, 164.6149

19.5924, 24.8504,  
10.4651

242.5755,  
277.0922, 204.5642

12.2056, 15.9656,  
5.5988

291.4388,  
331.3084, 250.5042

6.9571, 9.4998,  
2.5379

346.4591,

3.4814, 5.0686,

392.1719, 302.8536

0.8601

408.0020,  
460.0671, 362.0309

■ 1.4131, 2.2876,  
0.0000

■ 0.2655, 0.7671,  
0.0000

■ 77.8284, 92.2671,  
56.3552

■ 77.8284, 92.2671,  
56.3552

■ 73.2156, 90.1600,  
43.8988

■ 83.0110, 94.6128,  
71.3302

■ 69.1439, 88.2799,  
33.8184

■ 88.7876, 97.2067,  
88.9479

■ 65.5839, 86.6149,  
25.9631

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 62.5022, 85.1514,  
20.1633

■ 59.8609, 83.8742,  
16.2247

■ 57.6149, 82.7651,  
13.9161

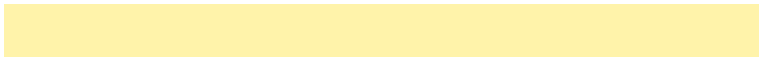
■ 55.6927, 81.7954,  
12.8672

■ 55.6565, 81.7770,  
12.8511

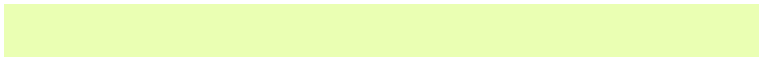
# Harmonies

## Analogous

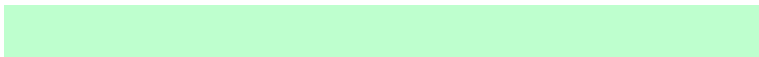
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.0314, 92.2671, 51.3294



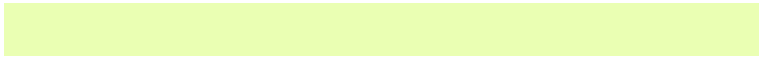
77.8284, 92.2671, 56.3552



70.8038, 92.2671, 72.5012

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.8284, 92.2671, 56.3552



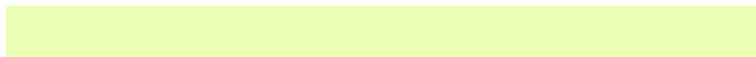
77.2956, 92.2671, 161.7723



110.5417, 92.2671, 101.4224

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77.8284, 92.2671, 56.3552



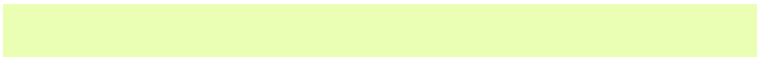
57.9906, 51.7408, 101.5383

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



107.0840, 92.2671, 134.8234



77.8284, 92.2671, 56.3552



87.3637, 92.2671, 173.8430

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77.8284, 92.2671, 56.3552



70.5147, 92.2671, 132.8185



98.3667, 92.2671, 163.0894

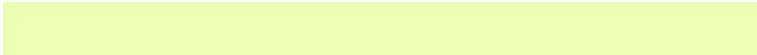


107.4659, 92.2671, 73.8418

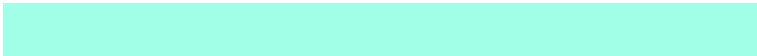


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77.8284, 92.2671, 56.3552



68.5597, 92.2671, 89.4538



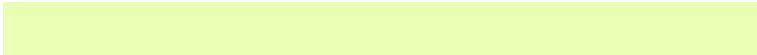
98.3667, 92.2671, 163.0894



110.1005, 92.2671, 112.3408

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.8288, 92.2673, 56.3565



89.2779, 97.4261, 90.4808



69.8622, 65.4853, 51.6070



18.9196, 20.7684, 18.7749



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

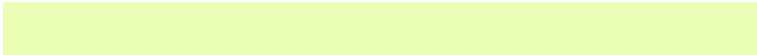


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

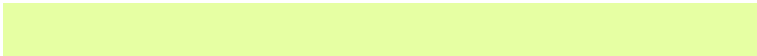


# Same Dimension

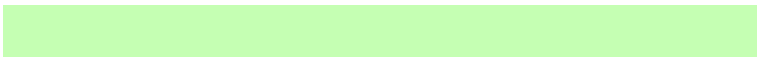
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.8288, 92.2673, 56.3565



74.9046, 90.9340, 48.3485



66.8536, 86.6094, 55.8429



19.0431, 20.8236, 19.1600



29.2336, 42.8086, 6.7221



2.9521, 4.2226, 0.6595



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.9906, 51.7408, 101.5383



52.0615, 44.2489, 100.4047



69.1850, 57.5118, 102.0622



17.4741, 17.6206, 22.7301



10.8916, 4.5253, 49.7340

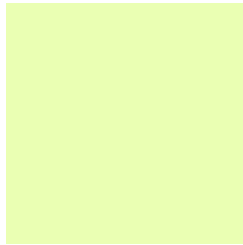


1.1606, 0.4922, 4.8471



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 77.8284, 92.2671, 56.3552 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 77.8284, 92.2671, 56.3552 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

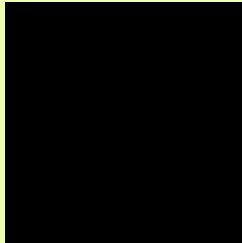
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

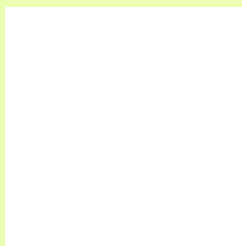
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 77.8284, 92.2671, 56.3552**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 77.8284, 92.2671, 56.3552.



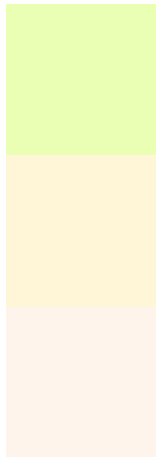
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 77.8284, 92.2671,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

77.8284, 92.2671, 56.3552

### Protanopia

86.5904, 92.1294, 78.1847

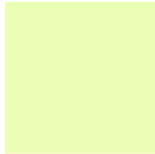
### Deuteranopia

88.7310, 92.0175, 92.4414

## **Tritanopia**

88.7084, 92.1176, 107.7128

# Trichromacy



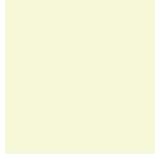
## Original Color

77.8284, 92.2671, 56.3552



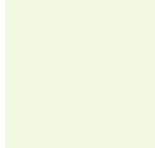
## Protanomaly

83.0129, 91.8373, 69.8510



## Deuteranomaly

84.1909, 91.8153, 77.5748



## Tritanomaly

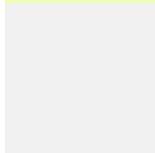
84.3588, 92.1747, 86.0184

# Monochromacy



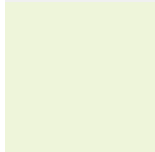
## Original Color

77.8284, 92.2671, 56.3552



## Achromatopsia

82.8234, 87.1367, 94.8919



## Achromatomaly

80.5672, 88.5439, 79.1740

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 77.8284, 92.2671, 56.3552 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(234, 255, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(234, 255, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(234, 255, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(234, 255, 179) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 77.8284, 92.2671, 56.3552 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(234, 255, 179) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(234, 255, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(234, 255, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(234, 255, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 255, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 255,  
179) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 77.8284, 92.2671, 56.3552 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(234, 255, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(234,  
255, 179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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