

# Converting Colors

XYZ(77.9323, 80.9578, 80.3682)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(77.9323, 80.9578, 80.3682)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(78.0364, 81.1265, 80.6533)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# **Color**

**XYZ(78.0364, 81.1265,  
80.6533)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F1E7DE
RGB	241, 231, 222
RGB Percent	95%, 91%, 87%
CMY	0.0549, 0.0941, 0.1294
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.08, 0.05
HSL	28°, 40%, 91%
HSV	28°, 8%, 95%
XYZ	78.0364, 81.1265, 80.6533
YIQ	232.9640, 8.8490, -0.6790

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

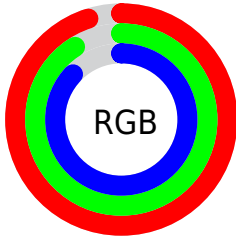
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	241, 239, 222
Decimal	15853534
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	92.19, 1.86, 5.57
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	92, 5.874, 71.503
Yxy	81.1265, 0.3254, 0.3383
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294043614 (0xFFFF1E7DE)
YUV	232.9640, -5.4053, 7.0476
Hunter-Lab	90.0703, -2.9715, 9.9580

# Details

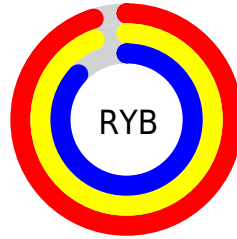
The XYZ color **78.0364, 81.1265, 80.6533** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **74.8580, 79.5926, 94.6376**, and the grayscale version is **77.4617, 81.4957, 88.7488**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **42.3126, 43.7643, 42.7764** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.6140, 73.0861, 63.6992**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85.1822, 89.8729, 100.1284**.

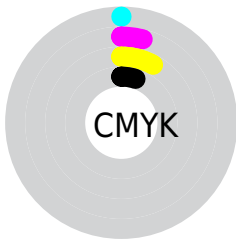
# Distribution



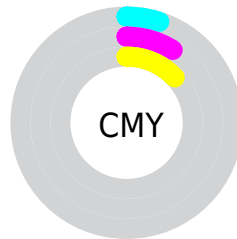
- Red (95%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (94%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 78.0364, 81.1265, 80.6533 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 78.0364, 81.1265, 80.6533 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



78.0364, 81.1265,  
80.6533

78.0364, 81.1265,  
80.6533

477.1284,  
498.7212, 516.8965

58.4068, 60.6458,  
59.7268

129.5665,  
134.9484, 136.1035

42.3803, 43.9394,  
42.7746

162.1977,  
169.0583, 171.4643

29.5916, 30.6228,  
29.3782

199.8935,  
208.4802, 212.4736

19.6753, 20.3118,  
19.1191

243.0192,  
253.5982, 259.5499

12.2661, 12.6219,  
11.5787

291.9402,  
304.7970, 313.1119

6.9987, 7.1687,  
6.3384

347.0218,

3.5076, 3.5678,

362.4608, 373.5779

2.9798

408.6294,  
426.9741, 441.3666

■ 1.4275, 1.4349,  
1.0844

■ 0.2757, 0.2422,  
0.0000

■ 78.0364, 81.1265,  
80.6533

■ 78.0364, 81.1265,  
80.6533

■ 71.6140, 73.0861,  
63.6992

■ 85.1822, 89.8729,  
100.1284

■ 65.8833, 65.7224,  
49.1563

■ 90.0861, 97.4410,  
108.6677

■ 60.8201, 59.0195,  
36.9146

■ 56.3961, 52.9567,  
26.8533

■ 52.5805, 47.5121,  
18.8405

■ 49.3398, 42.6624,  
12.7298

■ 46.6363, 38.3821,  
8.3550

■ 44.4264, 34.6427,  
5.5206

■ 42.6530, 31.4102,  
3.9612

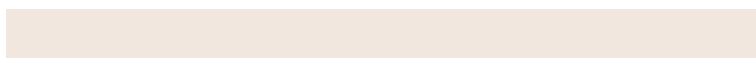
# Harmonies

## Analogous

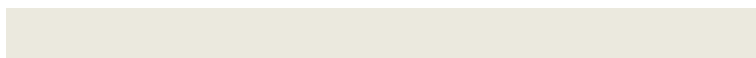
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79.3111, 81.1265, 82.9178



78.0364, 81.1265, 80.6533



76.5287, 81.1265, 80.4056

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



78.0364, 81.1265, 80.6533



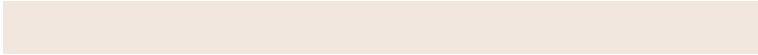
74.2882, 81.1265, 90.0075



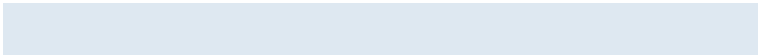
79.0553, 81.1265, 94.7310

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78.0364, 81.1265, 80.6533



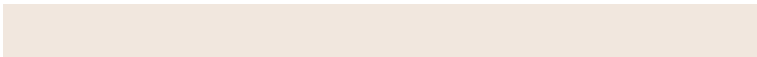
74.8580, 79.5926, 94.6376

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.6908, 81.1265, 96.7650



78.0364, 81.1265, 80.6533



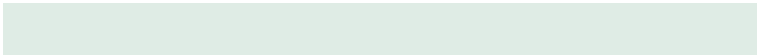
74.9467, 81.1265, 93.9789

# Square

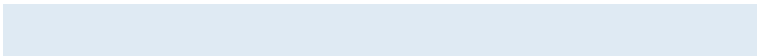
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



78.0364, 81.1265, 80.6533



74.3780, 81.1265, 85.7119



76.1876, 81.1265, 96.4853

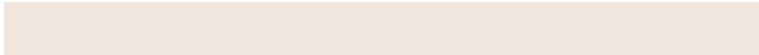


79.9047, 81.1265, 91.0069



# Rectangle

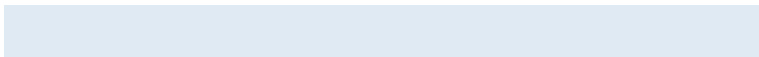
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78.0364, 81.1265, 80.6533



75.5957, 81.1265, 81.4075



76.1876, 81.1265, 96.4853



78.6409, 81.1265, 95.6405

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78.0386, 81.1300, 80.6550



93.3896, 97.9759, 104.3494



76.9825, 76.7783, 87.2067



20.0067, 20.9922, 22.3827



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

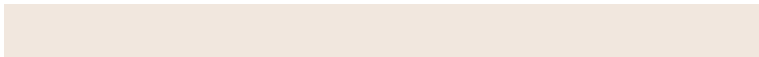


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

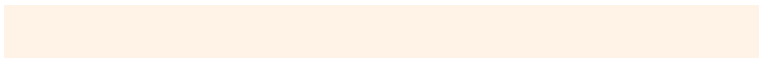


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78.0386, 81.1300, 80.6550



87.8411, 91.1460, 89.3444



80.7297, 86.5121, 81.5521



16.3906, 16.9944, 16.5661



23.0803, 16.9588, 2.0569

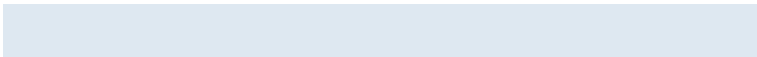


2.0190, 1.6086, 0.2041

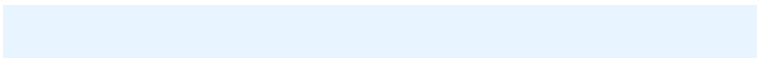


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.8580, 79.5926, 94.6376



83.7329, 89.1602, 107.4042



72.2924, 74.4614, 93.7824



15.5855, 16.6052, 20.1053



12.8469, 11.9180, 46.7512

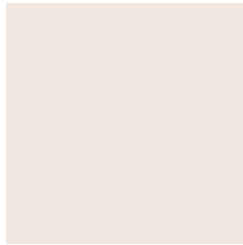


1.1683, 1.1906, 3.9225



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 78.0364, 81.1265, 80.6533 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

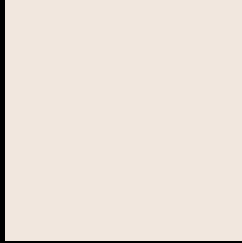
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 78.0364, 81.1265, 80.6533 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

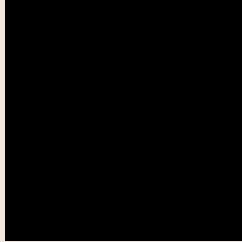
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

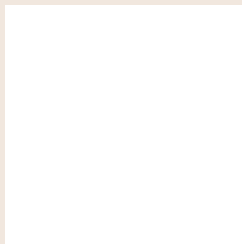
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 78.0364, 81.1265, 80.6533**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 78.0364, 81.1265, 80.6533.



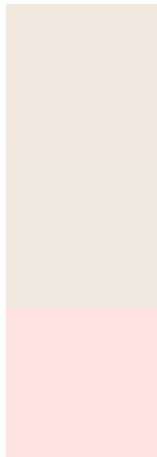
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 78.0364, 81.1265,

80.6533.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

78.0364, 81.1265, 80.6533

### Protanopia

77.6380, 81.3379, 80.7151

### Deuteranopia

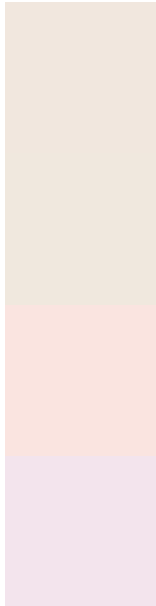
82.0270, 81.0890, 82.5626



## **Tritanopia**

81.2587, 80.7638, 97.6924

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

78.0364, 81.1265, 80.6533

## Protanomaly

77.9766, 81.5124, 80.7309

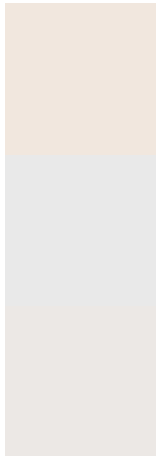
## Deuteranomaly

80.6223, 81.1926, 81.9435

## Tritanomaly

79.9916, 80.6559, 91.4729

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

78.0364, 81.1265, 80.6533

## Achromatopsia

77.4512, 81.4847, 88.7368

## Achromatomaly

77.5915, 81.2032, 85.7130

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 78.0364, 81.1265, 80.6533 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(241, 231, 222) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(241, 231, 222)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(241, 231, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(241, 231, 222) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 78.0364, 81.1265, 80.6533 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(241, 231, 222) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(241, 231, 222) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(241, 231, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(241, 231, 222); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 231, 222);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 231,  
222) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 78.0364, 81.1265, 80.6533 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(241, 231, 222) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(241,  
231, 222) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor