

# Converting Colors

XYZ(78.6243, 82.1102, 88.0959)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(78.6243, 82.1102, 88.0959)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(78.6295, 82.1085,  
88.0482)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EDE9E8
RGB	237, 233, 232
RGB Percent	93%, 91%, 91%
CMY	0.0706, 0.0863, 0.0902
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.02, 0.07
HSL	12°, 12%, 92%
HSV	12°, 2%, 93%
XYZ	78.6295, 82.1085, 88.0482
YIQ	234.0820, 2.7050, 0.5370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

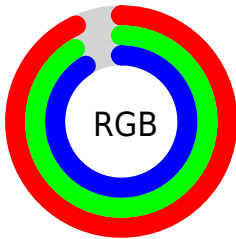
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	237, 233, 232
Decimal	15591912
CIE Lab	92.62, 1.17, 0.95
CIE LCh	93, 1.509, 39.021
Yxy	82.1085, 0.3161, 0.3300
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293781992 (0xFFE9E8)
YUV	234.0820, -1.0264, 2.5591
Hunter-Lab	90.6137, -3.6818, 5.8183

# Details

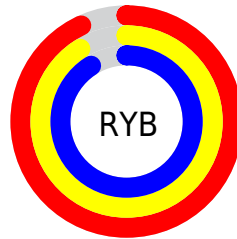
The XYZ color **78.6295, 82.1085, 88.0482** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **78.5604, 83.2603, 92.0524**, and the grayscale version is **78.2769, 82.3534, 89.6828**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **42.6147, 44.4026, 47.3988** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.4106, 70.6991, 69.8044**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87.7695, 94.8125, 108.2824**.

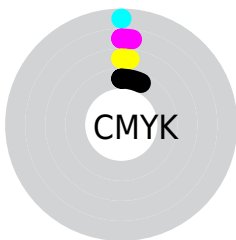
# Distribution



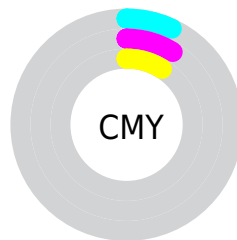
- Red (93%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 78.6295, 82.1085, 88.0482 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 78.6295, 82.1085, 88.0482 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 78.6295, 82.1085,  
88.0482

■ 78.6295, 82.1085,  
88.0482

479.1092,  
502.0105, 542.0665

■ 58.8958, 61.4550,  
65.7984

130.3978,  
136.3261, 146.5360

■ 42.7753, 44.5925,  
47.6533

163.1632,  
170.6591, 183.6111

■ 29.9026, 31.1365,  
33.1944

201.0031,  
210.3205, 226.4650

■ 19.9124, 20.7028,  
22.0031

244.2830,  
255.6950, 275.5164

■ 12.4393, 12.9070,  
13.6608

293.3682,  
307.1669, 331.1836

■ 7.1179, 7.3645,  
7.7491

348.6241,

■ 3.5829, 3.6911,

365.1205, 393.8854

3.8494

410.4160,  
429.9402, 464.0401

■ 1.4690, 1.5023,  
1.5431

■ 0.3046, 0.2904,  
0.2497

■ 78.6295, 82.1085,  
88.0482

■ 78.6295, 82.1085,  
88.0482

■ 70.4106, 70.6991,  
69.8044

■ 87.7695, 94.8125,  
108.2824

■ 63.1830, 60.5756,  
54.0407

■ 88.7356, 96.7448,  
108.6045

■ 56.9106, 51.6959,  
40.6513

■ 51.5527, 44.0114,  
29.5205

■ 47.0656, 37.4705,  
20.5229

■ 43.4017, 32.0178,  
13.5209

■ 40.5088, 27.5931,  
8.3607

■ 38.3283, 24.1300,  
4.8657

■ 36.7922, 21.5539,  
2.8239

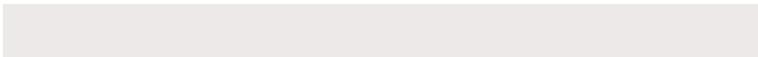
# Harmonies

## Analogous

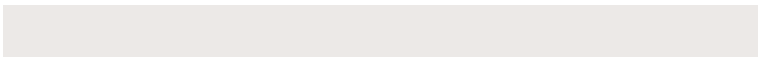
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78.7894, 82.1085, 89.0637



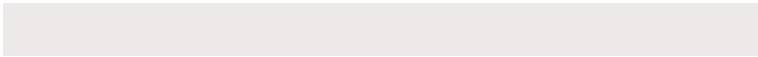
78.6295, 82.1085, 88.0482



78.3122, 82.1085, 87.3991

# Triad

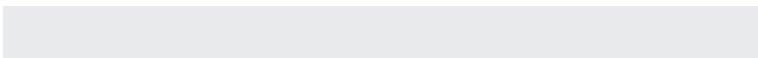
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



78.6295, 82.1085, 88.0482



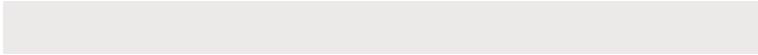
77.3391, 82.1085, 88.6306



78.1601, 82.1085, 91.5540

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



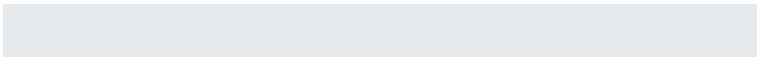
78.6295, 82.1085, 88.0482



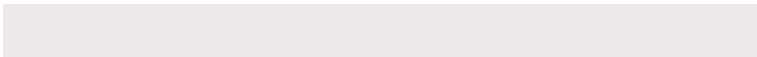
78.5604, 83.2603, 92.0524

# Split Complementary

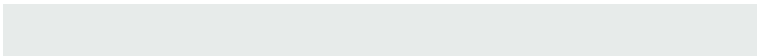
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.7718, 82.1085, 91.4356



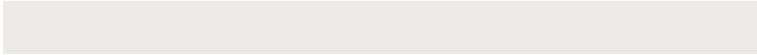
78.6295, 82.1085, 88.0482



77.2986, 82.1085, 89.7415

# Square

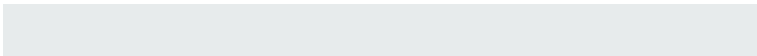
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



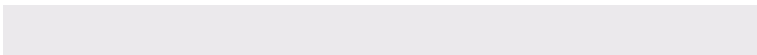
78.6295, 82.1085, 88.0482



77.5674, 82.1085, 87.7334



77.4568, 82.1085, 90.7700

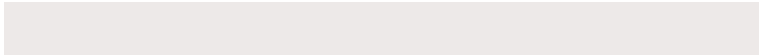


78.5178, 82.1085, 91.0920

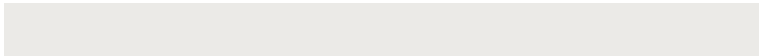


# Rectangle

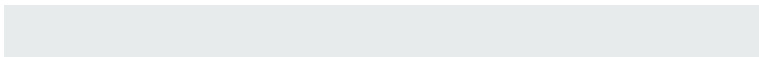
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



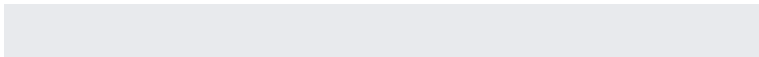
78.6295, 82.1085, 88.0482



78.0546, 82.1085, 87.2584



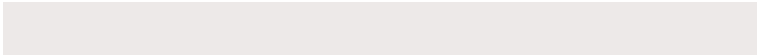
77.4568, 82.1085, 90.7700



78.0288, 82.1085, 91.5808

# Sweetspot

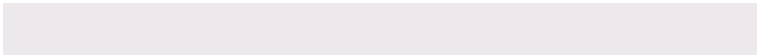
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78.6318, 82.1120, 88.0500



93.9954, 98.5434, 106.5365



78.9233, 81.7752, 90.9827



20.1300, 21.1077, 22.8281



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

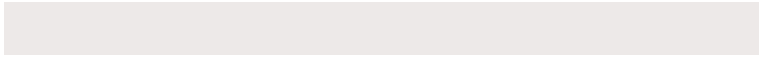


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

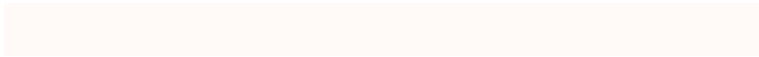


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78.6318, 82.1120, 88.0500



91.9230, 95.6779, 101.9019



79.3435, 83.5355, 88.2872



16.3018, 16.9195, 17.9139



19.7093, 11.1128, 1.1062

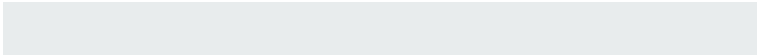


1.6141, 1.0056, 0.1090

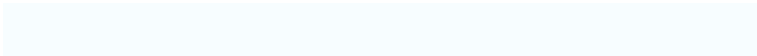


# Inverse Universe

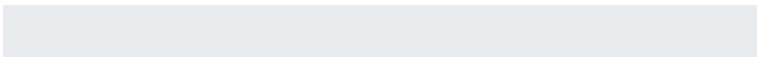
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78.5604, 83.2603, 92.0524



91.8033, 97.6018, 108.6082



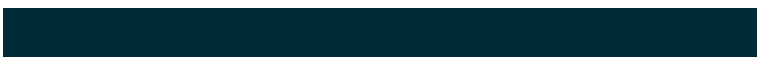
77.8467, 81.8329, 91.8145



16.2750, 17.3497, 19.4133



18.4252, 23.4975, 47.3073

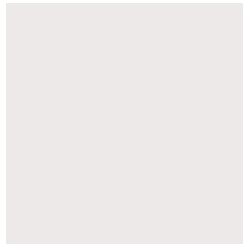


1.5119, 1.9753, 3.7365



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 78.6295, 82.1085, 88.0482 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

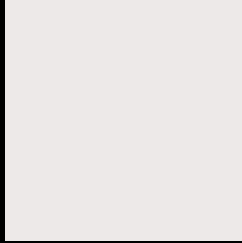
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 78.6295, 82.1085, 88.0482 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

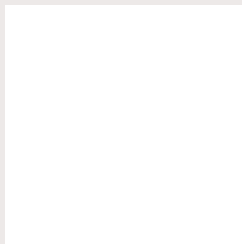
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 78.6295, 82.1085, 88.0482

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 78.6295, 82.1085, 88.0482.



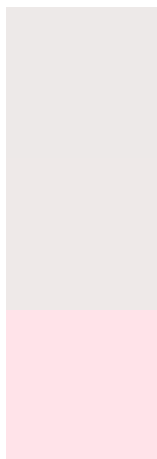
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 78.6295, 82.1085,

88.0482.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

78.6295, 82.1085, 88.0482

### Protanopia

78.9643, 82.2812, 88.0639

### Deuteranopia

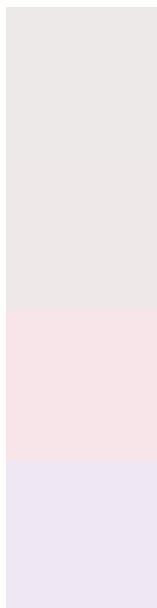
83.4171, 82.0814, 88.5375



## Tritanopia

81.3309, 81.9584, 101.1555

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

78.6295, 82.1085, 88.0482

## Protanomaly

78.9643, 82.2812, 88.0639

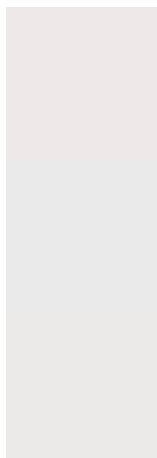
## Deuteranomaly

81.4387, 81.8783, 88.6026

## Tritanomaly

80.3502, 81.9736, 96.3816

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

78.6295, 82.1085, 88.0482

## Achromatopsia

78.2058, 82.2786, 89.6014

## Achromatomaly

78.3917, 82.3910, 88.8622

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 78.6295, 82.1085, 88.0482 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(237, 233, 232) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 233, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 233, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 233, 232) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 78.6295, 82.1085, 88.0482 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 233, 232) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 233, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 233, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 233, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 233, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 233,  
232) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 78.6295, 82.1085, 88.0482 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 233, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237,  
233, 232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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