

# Converting Colors

XYZ(78.7555, 75.0605, 94.9985)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(78.7555, 75.0605, 94.9985)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(78.7396, 75.1756,  
95.1543)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F6D8F3
RGB	246, 216, 243
RGB Percent	96%, 85%, 95%
CMY	0.0353, 0.1529, 0.0471
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.01, 0.04
HSL	306°, 63%, 91%
HSV	306°, 12%, 96%
XYZ	78.7396, 75.1756, 95.1543
YIQ	228.0480, 9.2130, 14.7570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

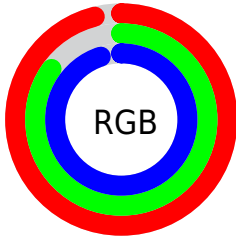
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	246, 216, 243
Decimal	16177395
CIE Lab	89.48, 14.96, -9.36
CIE LCh	89, 17.646, 327.964
Yxy	75.1756, 0.3161, 0.3018
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294367475 (0xFFFF6D8F3)
YUV	228.0480, 7.3713, 15.7439
Hunter-Lab	86.7039, 10.3720, -4.3759

# Details

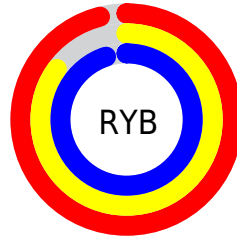
The XYZ color **78.7396, 75.1756, 95.1543** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **74.0638, 85.6272, 79.6460**, and the grayscale version is **73.7228, 77.5622, 84.4652**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **42.9497, 40.0247, 52.4756** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72.5346, 63.3553, 91.2656**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85.8974, 88.8914, 99.3869**.

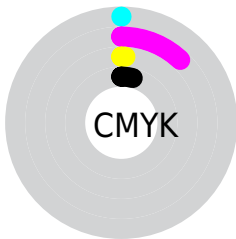
# Distribution



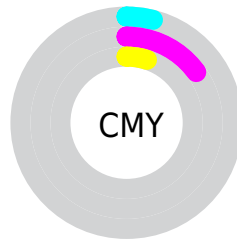
- Red (96%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (5%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 78.7396, 75.1756, 95.1543 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 78.7396, 75.1756, 95.1543 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 78.7396, 75.1756,  
95.1543

 78.7396, 75.1756,  
95.1543


479.4765,  
478.5209, 565.6558

 58.9866, 55.7568,  
71.6658


130.5521,  
126.5609, 156.4752

 42.8487, 40.0079,  
52.4006


163.3423,  
159.2961, 195.1446

 29.9604, 27.5447,  
36.9400


201.2089,  
197.2390, 239.7115

 19.9565, 17.9828,  
24.8656

244.5174,  
240.7738, 290.5943

 12.4715, 10.9376,  
15.7589

293.6330,  
290.2850, 348.2116

 7.1401, 6.0249,  
9.2012

348.9212,

 3.5970, 2.8602,

346.1570, 412.9819

4.7740

410.7472,  
408.7742, 485.3238

■ 1.4768, 1.0592,  
2.0589

■ 0.3099, 0.0000,  
0.5911

■ 78.7396, 75.1756,  
95.1543

■ 78.7396, 75.1756,  
95.1543

■ 72.5346, 63.3553,  
91.2656

■ 85.8974, 88.8914,  
99.3869

■ 67.2341, 53.3370,  
87.7020

■ 90.6979, 97.8857,  
102.8576

■ 62.7952, 45.0342,  
84.4501

■ 91.0822, 98.0394,  
104.8809

■ 59.1693, 38.3494,  
81.4933

■ 91.4714, 98.1951,  
106.9307

■ 56.3026, 33.1751,  
78.8139

■ 91.8167, 98.3331,  
108.7487

■ 54.1349, 29.3911,  
76.3915

■ 52.5969, 26.8587,  
74.2031

■ 51.6049, 25.4106,  
72.2205

■ 51.1105, 24.8347,  
70.7827

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75.4249, 75.1756, 104.7538



78.7396, 75.1756, 95.1543



80.0934, 75.1756, 82.7028

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



78.7396, 75.1756, 95.1543



71.7481, 75.1756, 60.2756



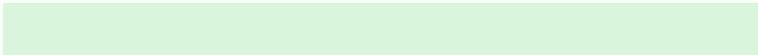
64.3528, 75.1756, 93.5427

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78.7396, 75.1756, 95.1543



74.0638, 85.6272, 79.6460

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.4559, 75.1756, 81.0100



78.7396, 75.1756, 95.1543



67.6214, 75.1756, 62.5603

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



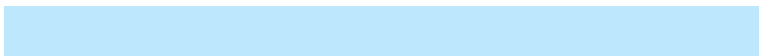
78.7396, 75.1756, 95.1543



75.9569, 75.1756, 63.2705



64.6288, 75.1756, 69.8537



67.1292, 75.1756, 103.7593



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78.7396, 75.1756, 95.1543



79.6622, 75.1756, 74.7223



64.6288, 75.1756, 69.8537



63.8265, 75.1756, 89.4245

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78.7418, 75.1789, 95.1559



91.7181, 93.5983, 106.9811



70.4071, 70.8294, 97.1508



19.5014, 19.7844, 22.8226



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78.7418, 75.1789, 95.1559



83.4285, 77.7329, 102.0175



76.5681, 74.3094, 83.7093



17.1380, 16.7380, 20.4732



27.3103, 13.2676, 37.9382



2.4206, 1.1742, 3.4412



# Inverse Universe

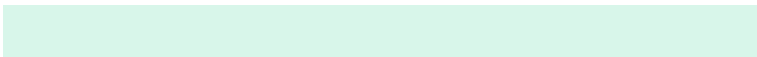
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78.7418, 75.1789, 95.1559



83.4285, 77.7329, 102.0175



76.1286, 86.4531, 90.5191



17.1380, 16.7380, 20.4732



27.3103, 13.2676, 37.9382

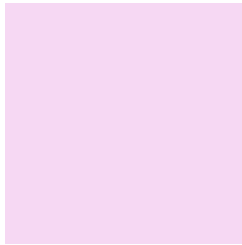


2.4206, 1.1742, 3.4412



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 78.7396, 75.1756, 95.1543 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

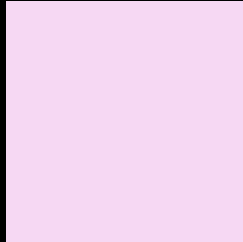
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 78.7396, 75.1756, 95.1543 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

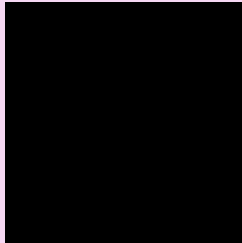
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 78.7396, 75.1756, 95.1543**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 78.7396, 75.1756, 95.1543.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 78.7396, 75.1756,

95.1543.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

78.7396, 75.1756, 95.1543

### Protanopia

73.4552, 75.0823, 99.4278

### Deuteranopia

76.9551, 75.4246, 94.5068



## Tritanopia

77.3203, 74.9787, 88.2390

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

78.7396, 75.1756, 95.1543

## Protanomaly

75.1827, 74.8291, 97.6697

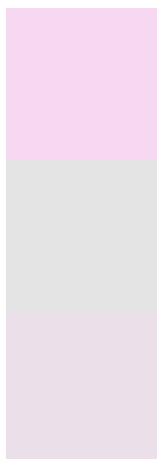
## Deuteranomaly

77.7164, 75.4309, 94.4679

## Tritanomaly

77.7551, 75.1526, 90.5285

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

78.7396, 75.1756, 95.1543

## Achromatopsia

73.7419, 77.5822, 84.4870

## Achromatomaly

75.6246, 76.8567, 87.9398

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 78.7396, 75.1756, 95.1543 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(246, 216, 243) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(246, 216, 243)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(246, 216, 243) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(246, 216, 243) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 78.7396, 75.1756, 95.1543 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(246, 216, 243) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(246, 216, 243) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(246, 216, 243)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(246, 216, 243); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 216, 243);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 216,  
243) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 78.7396, 75.1756, 95.1543 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(246, 216, 243) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(246,  
216, 243) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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