

Converting Colors

XYZ(78.8048, 85.9649, 46.5910)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(78.8048, 85.9649, 46.5910)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(78.9217, 86.1888,
46.6589)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | FFF0A2 |
| RGB | 255, 240, 162 |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 94%, 64% |
| CMY | 0.0000, 0.0588, 0.3647 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.06, 0.36, 0.00 |
| HSL | 50°, 100%, 82% |
| HSV | 50°, 36%, 100% |
| XYZ | 78.9217, 86.1888, 46.6589 |
| YIQ | 235.5930, 33.9780, -21.0780 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

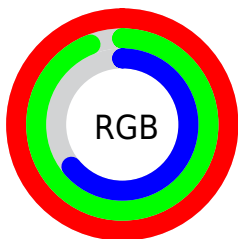
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 180, 255, 162 |
| Decimal | 16773282 |
| CIE Lab | 94.39, -5.88, 39.55 |
| CIE LCh | 94, 39.983, 98.453 |
| Yxy | 86.1888, 0.3727, 0.4070 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294963362 (0xFFFFF0A2) |
| YUV | 235.5930, -36.2813, 17.0199 |
| Hunter-Lab | 92.8379, -10.7232, 35.1883 |

Details

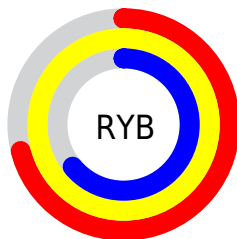
The XYZ color **78.9217, 86.1888, 46.6589** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF99**. A complement of this color would be **48.6721, 46.3443, 100.9878**, and the grayscale version is **79.6698, 83.8188, 91.2787**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.6549, 97.8420, 80.4897**, and **42.9268, 47.2554, 21.3267** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75.6850, 82.9825, 35.5084**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82.6497, 89.6417, 60.2427**.

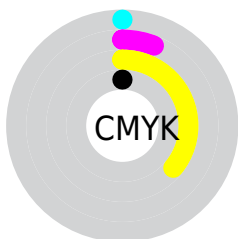
Distribution



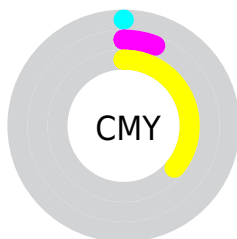
- Red (100%)
- Green (94%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 78.9217, 86.1888, 46.6589 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 78.9217, 86.1888, 46.6589 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 78.9217, 86.1888,
46.6589


 78.9217, 86.1888,
46.6589


480.0835,
515.5535, 389.8056

 59.1368, 64.8241,
32.4137


 130.8071,
142.0329, 86.5489

 42.9701, 47.3185,
21.4102


 163.6384,
177.2811, 113.0307

 30.0561, 33.2875,
13.2300


201.5492,
217.9260, 144.4285

 20.0294, 22.3468,
7.4546

244.9049,
264.3519, 181.1608

 12.5248, 14.1119,
3.6652

294.0708,
316.9432, 223.6461

 7.1769, 8.1986,
1.4436

349.4123,

 3.6203, 4.2223,

376.0843, 272.3030

0.1753

411.2947,
442.1596, 327.5500

■ 1.4896, 1.7987,
0.0000

■ 0.3188, 0.4863,
0.0000

■ 78.9217, 86.1888,
46.6589

■ 78.9217, 86.1888,
46.6589

■ 75.6850, 82.9825,
35.5084

■ 82.6497, 89.6417,
60.2427

■ 72.9052, 79.9995,
26.6386

■ 86.8884, 93.3399,
76.3893

■ 70.5532, 77.2308,
19.8878

■ 91.6639, 97.2973,
95.2255

■ 68.5936, 74.6622,
15.0713

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 66.9852, 72.2768,
11.9720

■ 65.6762, 70.0535,
10.3187

■ 65.2582, 69.2963,
9.9361

Harmonies

Analogous

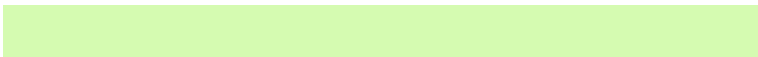
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



89.7407, 86.1888, 48.8842



78.9217, 86.1888, 46.6589



69.7372, 86.1888, 54.7310

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



78.9217, 86.1888, 46.6589



66.7887, 86.1888, 135.6374



102.6677, 86.1888, 117.2850

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78.9217, 86.1888, 46.6589



48.6721, 46.3443, 100.9878

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



95.4446, 86.1888, 148.1976



78.9217, 86.1888, 46.6589



74.5671, 86.1888, 160.3021

Square

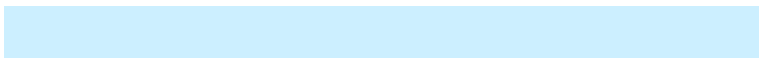
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



78.9217, 86.1888, 46.6589



63.1442, 86.1888, 102.8096



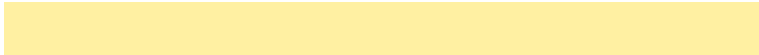
84.9930, 86.1888, 165.3421



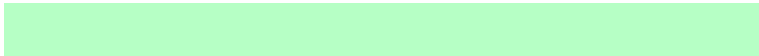
104.0911, 86.1888, 85.4172

Rectangle

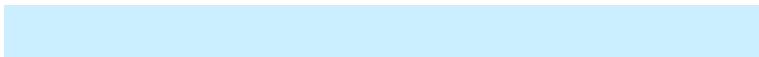
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78.9217, 86.1888, 46.6589



65.5513, 86.1888, 66.1780



84.9930, 86.1888, 165.3421



100.8089, 86.1888, 128.3138

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78.9238, 86.1927, 46.6607



89.4324, 95.4717, 86.3512



62.1467, 50.2959, 48.2904



19.0040, 20.3202, 17.9379



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

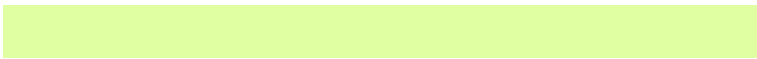
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78.9238, 86.1927, 46.6607



76.4411, 83.7537, 38.0444



73.0225, 89.9761, 47.7020



19.2972, 20.5626, 19.0962



34.1918, 36.3948, 5.2228



3.3929, 3.6711, 0.5298

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.6721, 46.3443, 100.9878



42.0686, 38.4929, 99.8204



52.9635, 44.3992, 100.3862



17.2395, 17.8506, 22.7868



9.9172, 4.7439, 49.8276



1.0299, 0.5904, 4.8730

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 78.9217, 86.1888, 46.6589 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

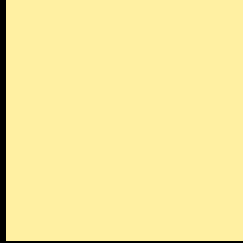
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 78.9217, 86.1888, 46.6589 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

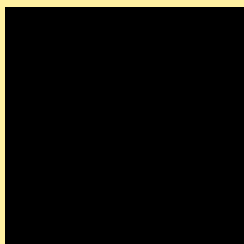
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 78.9217, 86.1888, 46.6589

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 78.9217, 86.1888, 46.6589.

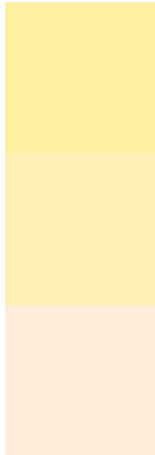


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 78.9217, 86.1888,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

78.9217, 86.1888, 46.6589

Protanopia

80.3447, 86.2883, 55.6007

Deuteranopia

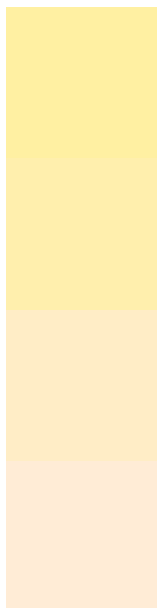
83.8903, 86.3129, 78.5682



Tritanopia

86.7080, 86.0695, 97.6310

Trichromacy



Original Color

78.9217, 86.1888, 46.6589

Protanomaly

79.6493, 86.0101, 51.9388

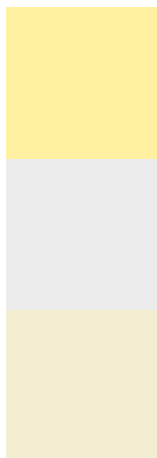
Deuteranomaly

81.7172, 85.9056, 65.7006

Tritanomaly

83.3731, 86.1059, 75.8442

Monochromacy



Original Color

78.9217, 86.1888, 46.6589

Achromatopsia

79.7278, 83.8799, 91.3452

Achromatomaly

78.7550, 84.2265, 72.4281

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 78.9217, 86.1888, 46.6589 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 240, 162)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 240, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 240, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 240, 162) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 78.9217, 86.1888, 46.6589 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 240, 162) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 240, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 240, 162)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 240, 162); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 240, 162);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 240,  
162) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 78.9217, 86.1888, 46.6589 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 240, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
240, 162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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