

# Converting Colors

XYZ(78.8675, 93.5270, 23.6843)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(78.8675, 93.5270, 23.6843)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(78.8883, 93.5353,  
23.7938)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFF5B
RGB	255, 255, 91
RGB Percent	100%, 100%, 36%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0000, 0.6431
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.64, 0.00
HSL	60°, 100%, 68%
HSV	60°, 64%, 100%
XYZ	78.8883, 93.5353, 23.7938
YIQ	236.3040, 52.6440, -51.0040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

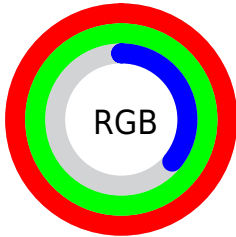
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	91, 255, 91
Decimal	16777051
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	97.44, -19.10, 75.13
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	97, 77.517, 104.262
Yxy	93.5353, 0.4020, 0.4767
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294967131 (0xFFFFFFFF5B)
YUV	236.3040, -71.6349, 16.3964
Hunter-Lab	96.7136, -23.6483, 53.1128

# Details

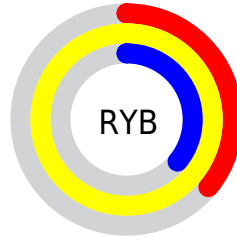
The XYZ color **78.8883, 93.5353, 23.7938** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF66**. The color can be described as light muted yellow. A complement of this color would be **26.1065, 16.9275, 96.4991**, and the grayscale version is **80.4648, 84.6552, 92.1896**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.3453, 94.9181, 41.9979**, and **43.0838, 52.5108, 8.6755** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77.9685, 93.1674, 18.9518**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80.1817, 94.0526, 30.6055**.

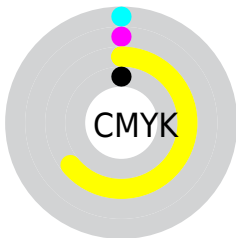
# Distribution



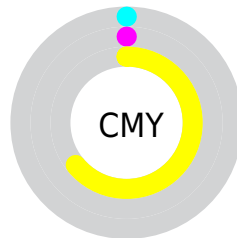
- Red (100%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (64%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 78.8883, 93.5353, 23.7938 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 78.8883, 93.5353, 23.7938 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 78.8883, 93.5353,  
23.7938

 78.8883, 93.5353,  
23.7938


479.9722,  
539.4652, 285.0292


 59.1093, 70.9165,  
14.9699


 130.7604,  
152.2395, 50.6331


 42.9478, 52.2741,  
8.6519


 163.5841,  
189.0937, 69.4856

 30.0385, 37.2236,  
4.4211


 201.4868,  
231.4618, 92.5182

 20.0160, 25.3806,  
1.8591

 244.8338,  
279.7283, 120.1492

 12.5150, 16.3609,  
0.4665

293.9905,  
334.2775, 152.7973

 7.1701, 9.7799,  
0.0000

349.3222,

 3.6160, 5.2533,

395.4937, 190.8809

0.0000

411.1943,  
463.7615, 234.8188

■ 1.4873, 2.3966,  
0.0000

■ 0.3172, 0.8241,  
0.0000

■ 78.8883, 93.5353,  
23.7938

■ 78.8883, 93.5353,  
23.7938

■ 77.9685, 93.1674,  
18.9518

■ 80.1817, 94.0526,  
30.6055

■ 77.3828, 92.9331,  
15.8673

■ 81.8827, 94.7331,  
39.5629

■ 77.0824, 92.8129,  
14.2857

■ 84.0217, 95.5887,  
50.8267

■ 76.9996, 92.7798,  
13.8500

■ 86.6261, 96.6304,  
64.5411

89.7211, 97.8684,  
80.8386

93.3299, 99.3120,  
99.8423

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

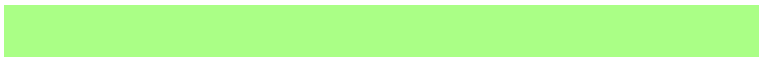
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



100.8710, 93.5353, 24.1015



78.8883, 93.5353, 23.7938



62.5382, 93.5353, 37.4104

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



78.8883, 93.5353, 23.7938



61.9307, 93.5353, 211.8861



136.1227, 93.5353, 138.3457

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78.8883, 93.5353, 23.7938



26.1065, 16.9275, 96.4991

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



121.7965, 93.5353, 215.5031



78.8883, 93.5353, 23.7938



77.9203, 93.5353, 268.5023

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



78.8883, 93.5353, 23.7938



53.8987, 93.5353, 134.6808



99.7302, 93.5353, 270.0468



136.4977, 93.5353, 74.8319



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78.8883, 93.5353, 23.7938



55.9968, 93.5353, 57.7911



99.7302, 93.5353, 270.0468



132.6852, 93.5353, 163.9968

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78.8883, 93.5353, 23.7950



88.2075, 97.2630, 72.8680



46.8701, 29.4985, 13.1222



18.6940, 20.7439, 14.6173



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78.8883, 93.5353, 23.7950



77.7801, 93.0920, 17.9593



54.8827, 81.1600, 22.6716



19.5613, 21.0908, 19.1843



40.2340, 48.4794, 7.2369



3.9174, 4.7203, 0.7046



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.1065, 16.9275, 96.4991



21.3790, 11.2312, 95.6488



39.0257, 23.5876, 97.1037



17.0031, 17.3778, 22.7080



9.4315, 3.7726, 49.6657

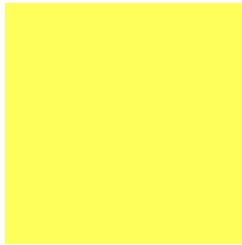


0.9183, 0.3673, 4.8358



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 78.8883, 93.5353, 23.7938 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

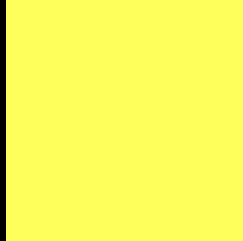
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 78.8883, 93.5353, 23.7938 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 78.8883, 93.5353, 23.7938**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 78.8883, 93.5353, 23.7938.



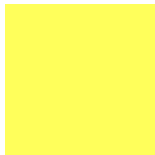
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 78.8883, 93.5353,



# Color Blindness Simulation

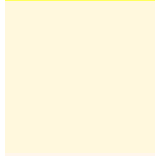
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



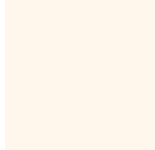
### Original Color

78.8883, 93.5353, 23.7938



### Protanopia

87.8585, 93.6153, 81.8455



### Deuteranopia

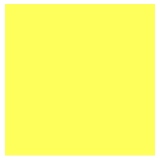
89.3361, 93.2277, 92.6431



## Tritanopia

91.3050, 93.5299, 104.5076

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

78.8883, 93.5353, 23.7938



## Protanomaly

83.3772, 93.3104, 53.6607



## Deuteranomaly

83.6629, 92.4303, 58.2311



## Tritanomaly

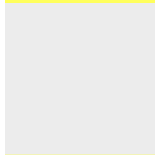
84.7413, 92.8616, 63.9098

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

78.8883, 93.5353, 23.7938



## Achromatopsia

79.7278, 83.8799, 91.3452



## Achromatomaly

77.5600, 86.5748, 57.4225

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 78.8883, 93.5353, 23.7938 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 255, 91)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 255, 91)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 255, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 255, 91) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 78.8883, 93.5353, 23.7938 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 255, 91) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 255, 91) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 255, 91)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 255, 91); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 91);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255,  
91) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 78.8883, 93.5353, 23.7938 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 255, 91) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
255, 91) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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