

# Converting Colors

XYZ(79.0870, 85.7234, 79.1323)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(79.0870, 85.7234, 79.1323)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(78.8713, 85.4392,  
79.3523)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EDF0DB
RGB	237, 240, 219
RGB Percent	93%, 94%, 86%
CMY	0.0706, 0.0588, 0.1412
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.09, 0.06
HSL	69°, 41%, 90%
HSV	69°, 9%, 94%
XYZ	78.8713, 85.4392, 79.3523
YIQ	236.7090, 4.9530, -7.1670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

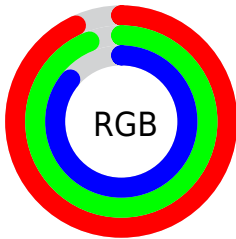
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	219, 240, 222
Decimal	15593691
CIE Lab	94.07, -4.59, 9.80
CIE LCh	94, 10.821, 115.122
Yxy	85.4392, 0.3237, 0.3506
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293783771 (0xFFEDF0DB)
YUV	236.7090, -8.7305, 0.2552
Hunter-Lab	92.4333, -9.4482, 13.8040

# Details

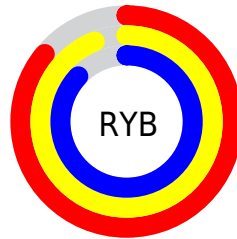
The XYZ color **78.8713, 85.4392, 79.3523** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **71.1873, 72.4863, 92.6819**, and the grayscale version is **80.3368, 84.5206, 92.0429**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **42.8974, 46.7851, 41.8914** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74.8021, 83.6831, 63.8405**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83.4228, 87.3963, 97.2683**.

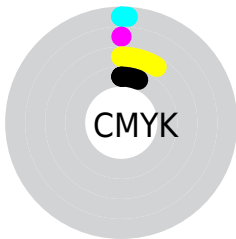
# Distribution



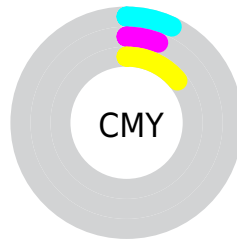
- Red (93%)
- Green (94%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (94%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (14%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 78.8713, 85.4392, 79.3523 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 78.8713, 85.4392, 79.3523 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 78.8713, 85.4392,  
79.3523

■ 78.8713, 85.4392,  
79.3523

479.9155,  
513.0802, 512.3964

■ 59.0953, 64.2043,  
58.6625

130.7365,  
140.9866, 134.2579

■ 42.9365, 46.8162,  
41.9233

163.5565,  
176.0680, 169.3107

■ 30.0296, 32.8904,  
28.7161

201.4551,  
216.5337, 209.9883

■ 20.0092, 22.0425,  
18.6224

244.7977,  
262.7680, 256.7092

■ 12.5101, 13.8881,  
11.2237

293.9497,  
315.1555, 309.8919

■ 7.1667, 8.0429,  
6.1015

349.2764,

■ 3.6138, 4.1224,

374.0804, 369.9550

2.8371

411.1432,  
439.9272, 437.3170

■ 1.4861, 1.7423,  
1.0121

■ 0.3163, 0.4508,  
0.0000

■ 78.8713, 85.4392,  
79.3523

■ 78.8713, 85.4392,  
79.3523

■ 74.8021, 83.6831,  
63.8405

■ 83.4228, 87.3963,  
97.2683

■ 71.1887, 82.1091,  
50.6250

■ 86.4743, 88.7532,  
107.1811

■ 68.0124, 80.7124,  
39.5982

■ 87.6761, 89.3727,  
107.2374

■ 65.2506, 79.4841,  
30.6416

■ 88.9002, 90.0038,  
107.2947

■ 62.8786, 78.4141,  
23.6255

■ 90.1467, 90.6464,  
107.3530

■ 60.8689, 77.4915,  
18.4055

■ 90.4518, 90.8037,  
107.3673

■ 59.1900, 76.7037,  
14.8174

■ 57.8050, 76.0359,  
12.6665

■ 56.6593, 75.4662,  
11.6662

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.6808, 85.4392, 78.0574



78.8713, 85.4392, 79.3523



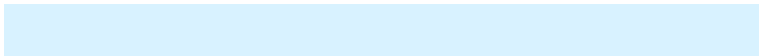
76.7340, 85.4392, 84.2228

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



78.8713, 85.4392, 79.3523



78.0714, 85.4392, 106.7031



86.8703, 85.4392, 94.3885

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78.8713, 85.4392, 79.3523



71.1873, 72.4863, 92.6819

# Split Complementary

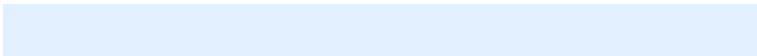
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85.8514, 85.4392, 102.4281



78.8713, 85.4392, 79.3523



80.7358, 85.4392, 109.8016

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



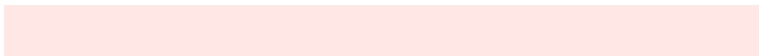
78.8713, 85.4392, 79.3523



76.2799, 85.4392, 99.9492



83.5892, 85.4392, 108.1928



86.3426, 85.4392, 86.4354

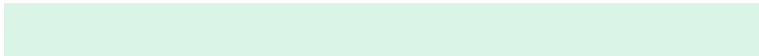


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78.8713, 85.4392, 79.3523



75.9549, 85.4392, 89.0025



83.5892, 85.4392, 108.1928



86.6966, 85.4392, 97.1747

# Sweetspot

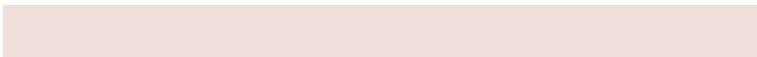
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78.8736, 85.4429, 79.3541



93.4411, 99.3101, 102.5230



74.7924, 75.7785, 77.7038



19.9100, 21.2177, 21.5886



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

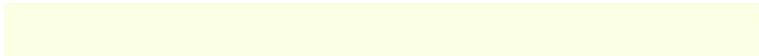


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78.8736, 85.4429, 79.3541



89.3972, 97.5701, 86.7580



75.5333, 83.7209, 79.1978



16.8877, 18.3378, 16.7992



31.0274, 41.3167, 6.3396



2.6415, 3.4682, 0.5302



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71.1873, 72.4863, 92.6819



78.4484, 79.1136, 105.7435



74.4387, 74.1624, 92.8341



15.1076, 15.3372, 19.8857



9.0427, 3.6671, 45.3591

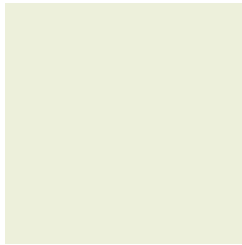


0.8167, 0.3383, 3.7765



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 78.8713, 85.4392, 79.3523 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

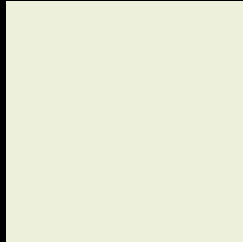
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 78.8713, 85.4392, 79.3523 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

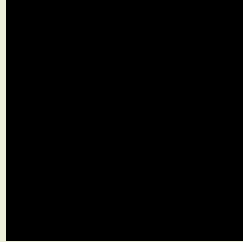
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

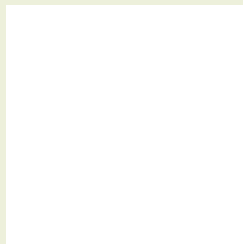
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 78.8713, 85.4392, 79.3523**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 78.8713, 85.4392, 79.3523.



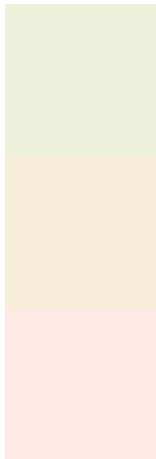
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 78.8713, 85.4392,

79.3523.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

78.8713, 85.4392, 79.3523

### Protanopia

81.1663, 85.3523, 77.8424

### Deuteranopia

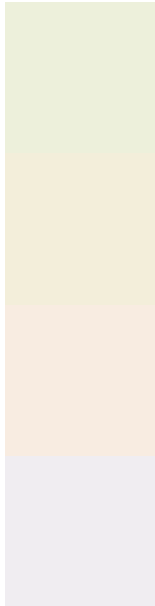
84.3825, 85.1393, 85.3849



## Tritanopia

84.0559, 85.3858, 104.9794

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

78.8713, 85.4392, 79.3523

## Protanomaly

80.1916, 85.2657, 78.5610

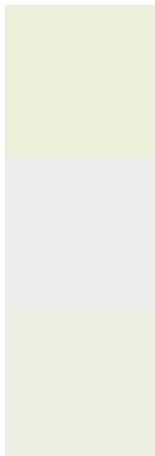
## Deuteranomaly

82.2975, 85.3836, 83.3773

## Tritanomaly

82.0966, 85.4445, 95.3846

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

78.8713, 85.4392, 79.3523

## Achromatopsia

80.4953, 84.6873, 92.2245

## Achromatomaly

79.7825, 84.8668, 87.0388

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 78.8713, 85.4392, 79.3523 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(237, 240, 219) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 240, 219)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 240, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 240, 219) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 78.8713, 85.4392, 79.3523 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 240, 219) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 240, 219) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(237, 240, 219)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 240, 219); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 240, 219);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 240,  
219) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 78.8713, 85.4392, 79.3523 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 240, 219) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237,  
240, 219) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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