

# Converting Colors

XYZ(79.1163, 92.4279, 79.1458)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(79.1163, 92.4279, 79.1458)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(79.0249, 92.3770, 79.3111)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(79.0249, 92.3770,  
79.3111)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E0FFD9
RGB	224, 255, 217
RGB Percent	88%, 100%, 85%
CMY	0.1216, 0.0000, 0.1490
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.15, 0.00
HSL	109°, 100%, 93%
HSV	109°, 15%, 100%
XYZ	79.0249, 92.3770, 79.3111
YIQ	241.3990, -6.2780, -18.3900

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

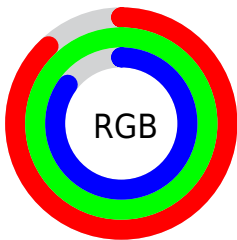
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	217, 255, 248
Decimal	14745561
CIE Lab	96.97, -16.80, 14.83
CIE LCh	97, 22.409, 138.557
Yxy	92.3770, 0.3152, 0.3685
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292935641 (0xFFE0FFD9)
YUV	241.3990, -12.0287, -15.2589
Hunter-Lab	96.1130, -21.4334, 18.3538

# Details

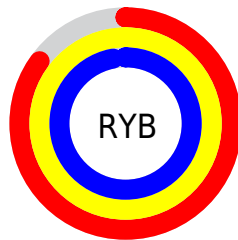
The XYZ color **79.0249, 92.3770, 79.3111** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **81.5749, 76.8033, 105.1328**, and the grayscale version is **84.0184, 88.3939, 96.2610**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **43.0779, 51.4318, 41.8393** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69.9022, 88.0282, 62.8873**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89.4505, 97.3383, 98.4739**.

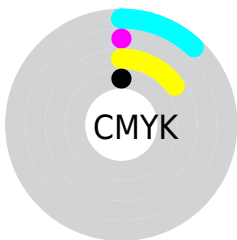
# Distribution



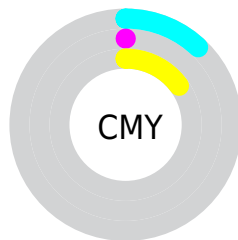
- Red (88%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 79.0249, 92.3770, 79.3111 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 79.0249, 92.3770, 79.3111 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



79.0249, 92.3770,  
79.3111

79.0249, 92.3770,  
79.3111

480.4273,  
535.7332, 512.2536

59.2220, 69.9538,  
58.6288

130.9517,  
150.6358, 134.1994

43.0389, 51.4889,  
41.8963

163.8062,  
187.2402, 169.2424

30.1103, 36.5978,  
28.6952

201.7420,  
229.3404, 209.9095

20.0708, 24.8963,  
18.6067

245.1244,  
277.3209, 256.6191

12.5551, 15.9998,  
11.2125

294.3188,  
331.5660, 309.7897

7.1978, 9.5240,  
6.0940

349.6905,

3.6335, 5.0845,

392.4602, 369.8400

2.8326

411.6049,  
460.3878, 437.1884

■ 1.4970, 2.2969,  
1.0098

■ 0.3238, 0.7721,  
0.0000

■ 79.0249, 92.3770,  
79.3111

■ 79.0249, 92.3770,  
79.3111

■ 69.9022, 88.0282,  
62.8873

■ 89.4505, 97.3383,  
98.4739

■ 62.0283, 84.2667,  
49.0732

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 55.3486, 81.0672,  
37.7358

■ 49.8036, 78.4023,  
28.7285

■ 45.3285, 76.2420,  
21.8892

■ 41.8514, 74.5533,  
17.0352

■ 39.2914, 73.2991,  
13.9538

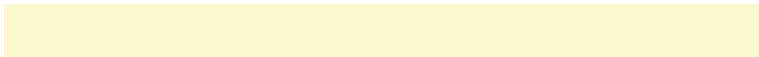
■ 37.5533, 72.4361,  
12.3831

■ 36.9311, 72.1237,  
11.9748

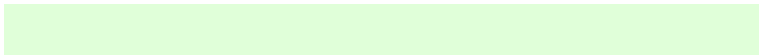
# Harmonies

## Analogous

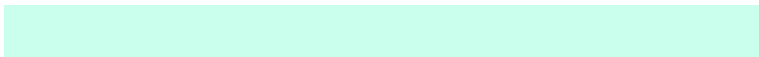
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.0001, 92.3770, 71.1315



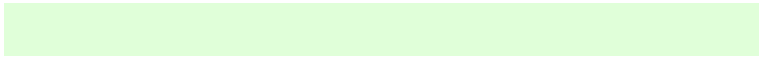
79.0249, 92.3770, 79.3111



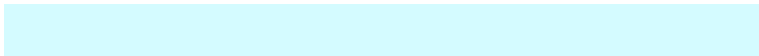
76.4488, 92.3770, 93.8518

# Triad

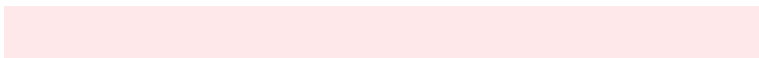
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.0249, 92.3770, 79.3111



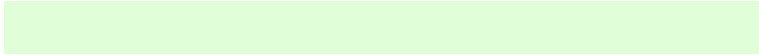
85.4187, 92.3770, 138.5889



99.8015, 92.3770, 89.9342

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79.0249, 92.3770, 79.3111



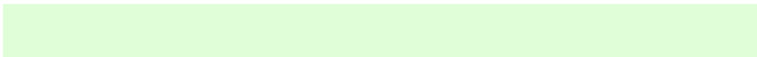
81.5749, 76.8033, 105.1328

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



100.2261, 92.3770, 107.6283



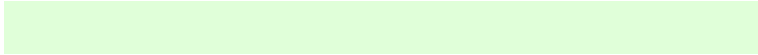
79.0249, 92.3770, 79.3111



91.7161, 92.3770, 137.2128

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



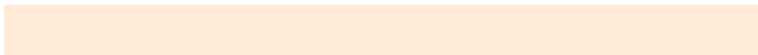
79.0249, 92.3770, 79.3111



80.0206, 92.3770, 128.9147



97.2051, 92.3770, 125.3538

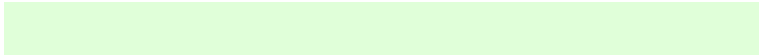


96.0713, 92.3770, 76.7395

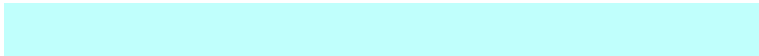


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79.0249, 92.3770, 79.3111



76.3522, 92.3770, 105.8373



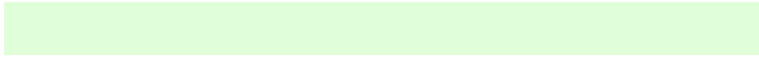
97.2051, 92.3770, 125.3538



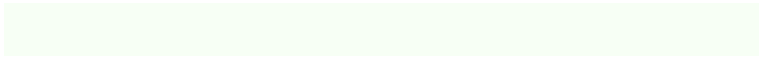
100.3419, 92.3770, 95.5052

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.0256, 92.3774, 79.3125



90.4555, 97.8162, 100.3391



87.1480, 93.0365, 79.0117



19.1815, 20.8512, 21.1431



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

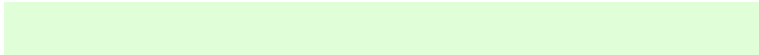


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

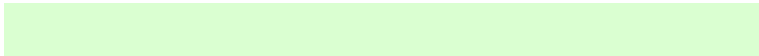


# Same Dimension

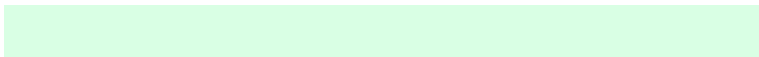
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.0256, 92.3774, 79.3125



76.0616, 90.9654, 73.9357



78.4353, 91.8958, 87.2950



18.0836, 20.3290, 19.1151



19.3863, 37.7321, 6.2613



1.9674, 3.7150, 0.6134



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81.5749, 76.8033, 105.1328



79.0724, 72.5615, 104.4459



82.3219, 77.3941, 95.8701



18.4453, 18.1213, 22.7755



23.1456, 10.8425, 50.3075

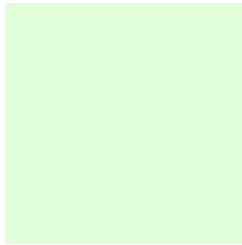


2.3348, 1.0976, 4.9021



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 79.0249, 92.3770, 79.3111 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

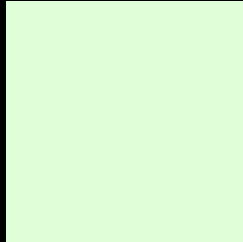
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 79.0249, 92.3770, 79.3111 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

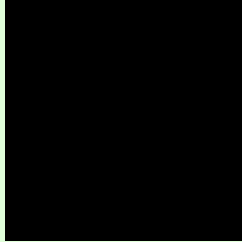
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

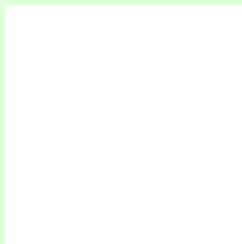
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 79.0249, 92.3770, 79.3111**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 79.0249, 92.3770, 79.3111.



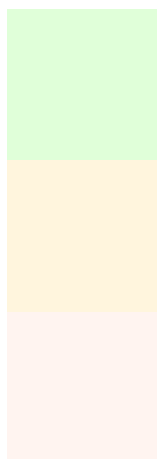
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 79.0249, 92.3770,

79.3111.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79.0249, 92.3770, 79.3111

### Protanopia

86.9436, 91.7853, 81.5405

### Deuteranopia

89.3189, 92.2526, 95.5370

## **Tritanopia**

87.2459, 92.2668, 107.8187

# Trichromacy



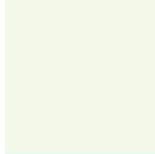
## Original Color

79.0249, 92.3770, 79.3111



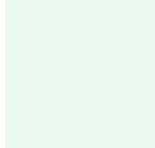
## Protanomaly

84.1022, 92.1518, 81.0646



## Deuteranomaly

85.4411, 92.1941, 89.6359



## Tritanomaly

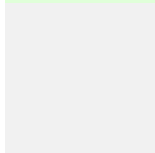
83.9945, 92.2145, 96.5913

# Monochromacy



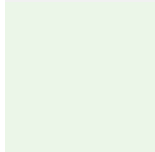
## Original Color

79.0249, 92.3770, 79.3111



## Achromatopsia

83.6081, 87.9622, 95.7909



## Achromatomaly

81.7822, 89.3999, 89.2895

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 79.0249, 92.3770, 79.3111 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 255, 217)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 255, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 255, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 255, 217) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 79.0249, 92.3770, 79.3111 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 255, 217) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 255, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(224, 255, 217)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 255, 217); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 255, 217);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 255,  
217) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 79.0249, 92.3770, 79.3111 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 255, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
255, 217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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