

# Converting Colors

XYZ(79.1596, 91.4268,  
108.0827)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(79.1596, 91.4268, 108.0827)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(79.2239, 91.3690,  
108.0682)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CFFEFF
RGB	207, 254, 255
RGB Percent	81%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.1882, 0.0039, 0.0000
CMYK	0.19, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	181°, 100%, 91%
HSV	181°, 19%, 100%
XYZ	79.2239, 91.3690, 108.0682
YIQ	240.0610, -28.3330, -9.6530

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

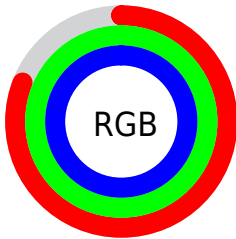
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	207, 231, 255
Decimal	13631231
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	96.56, -14.63, -5.43
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	97, 15.601, 200.360
Yxy	91.3690, 0.2843, 0.3279
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291821311 (0xFFCFEFFF)
YUV	240.0610, 7.3649, -28.9945
Hunter-Lab	95.5871, -19.3343, -0.1207

# Details

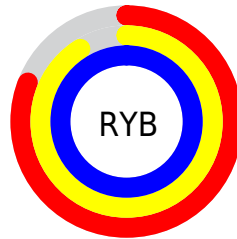
The XYZ color **79.2239, 91.3690, 108.0682** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **75.0580, 70.8756, 68.7575**, and the grayscale version is **82.8342, 87.1481, 94.9042**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **43.1082, 50.6851, 60.9372** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72.5000, 87.6565, 107.7060**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87.1035, 95.6829, 108.4855**.

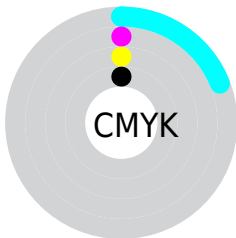
# Distribution



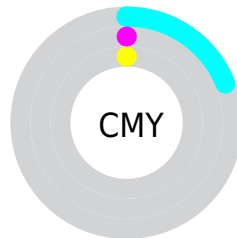
- Red (81%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 79.2239, 91.3690, 108.0682 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 79.2239, 91.3690, 108.0682 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



79.2239, 91.3690,  
108.0682

79.2239, 91.3690,  
108.0682

481.0899,  
532.4742, 607.2281

59.3862, 69.1166,  
82.4012

131.2303,  
149.2385, 174.3496

43.1716, 50.8067,  
61.1585

164.1297,  
185.6245, 215.8010

30.2149, 36.0548,  
43.9217

202.1136,  
227.4905, 263.3510

20.1507, 24.4765,  
30.2722

245.5476,  
275.2209, 317.4181

12.6135, 15.6875,  
19.7915

294.7968,  
329.2000, 378.4208

7.2381, 9.3033,  
12.0610

350.2267,

3.6591, 4.9395,

389.8124, 446.7776

6.6622

412.2026,  
457.4423, 522.9072

■ 1.5111, 2.2118,  
3.1765

■ 0.3334, 0.7264,  
1.1855

■ 79.2239, 91.3690,  
108.0682

■ 79.2239, 91.3690,  
108.0682

■ 72.5000, 87.6565,  
107.7060

■ 87.1035, 95.6829,  
108.4855

■ 66.8697, 84.5059,  
107.3946

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 62.2755, 81.8902,  
107.1319

■ 58.6522, 79.7757,  
106.9147

■ 55.9269, 78.1249,  
106.7397

■ 54.0167, 76.8949,  
106.6030

■ 52.8233, 76.0351,  
106.4999

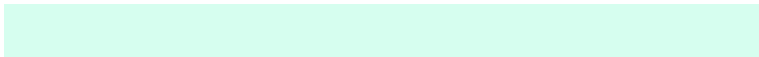
■ 52.2038, 75.4719,  
106.4238

■ 52.1470, 75.4139,  
106.4157

# Harmonies

## Analogous

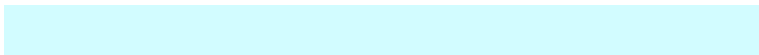
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78.8435, 91.3690, 95.5215



79.2239, 91.3690, 108.0682



81.6079, 91.3690, 119.1282

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.2239, 91.3690, 108.0682



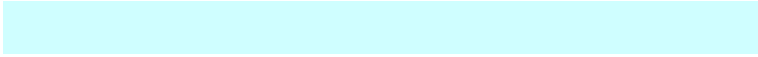
93.4557, 91.3690, 115.5898



88.2539, 91.3690, 77.6570

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



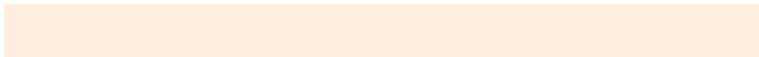
79.2239, 91.3690, 108.0682



75.0580, 70.8756, 68.7575

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.2983, 91.3690, 82.1299



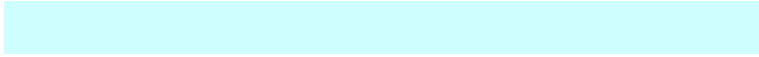
79.2239, 91.3690, 108.0682



95.3671, 91.3690, 103.5573

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



79.2239, 91.3690, 108.0682



89.7908, 91.3690, 123.7163



94.9366, 91.3690, 91.3693



83.9614, 91.3690, 78.6447

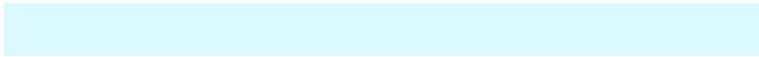


# Rectangle

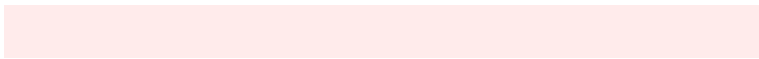
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



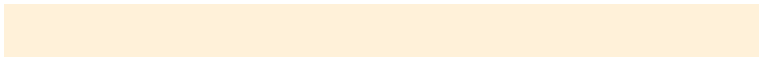
79.2239, 91.3690, 108.0682



84.0581, 91.3690, 123.8356



94.9366, 91.3690, 91.3693



89.6897, 91.3690, 78.5566

# Sweetspot

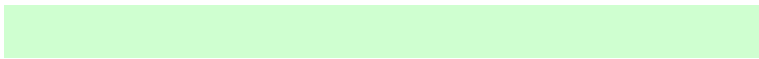
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.2263, 91.3726, 108.0688



89.5423, 97.0106, 108.6133



72.8537, 89.3301, 72.9498



19.0431, 20.6976, 23.2413



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

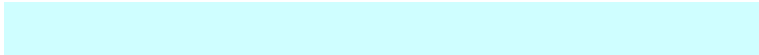


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

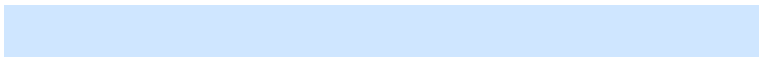
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.2263, 91.3726, 108.0688



76.2795, 89.7496, 107.9108



72.1357, 77.1915, 105.7052



18.5207, 20.4130, 23.2139



27.2625, 39.4347, 55.6094



2.6643, 3.8594, 5.4178



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81.4436, 73.0429, 103.5764



78.9138, 68.0399, 102.5588



81.3035, 83.3665, 70.8393



18.7755, 18.2935, 22.7007



30.5491, 14.7089, 48.4033



2.9794, 1.4342, 4.7391



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 79.2239, 91.3690, 108.0682 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

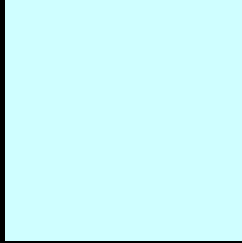
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 79.2239, 91.3690, 108.0682 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

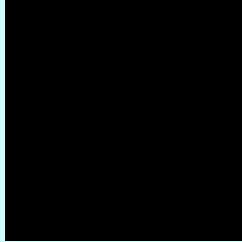
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 79.2239, 91.3690, 108.0682

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 79.2239, 91.3690, 108.0682.



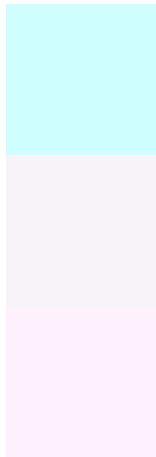
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 79.2239, 91.3690,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79.2239, 91.3690, 108.0682

### Protanopia

87.8609, 90.8972, 102.5367

### Deuteranopia

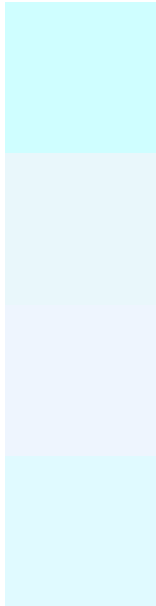
90.1297, 90.6720, 105.6796



## Tritanopia

84.9150, 91.0652, 107.7096

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

79.2239, 91.3690, 108.0682

## Protanomaly

84.2776, 90.8102, 104.3530

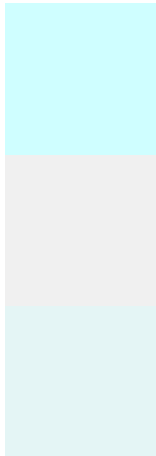
## Deuteranomaly

85.8017, 90.6377, 106.7385

## Tritanomaly

82.9761, 91.4385, 107.8838

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

79.2239, 91.3690, 108.0682

## Achromatopsia

82.8234, 87.1367, 94.8919

## Achromatomaly

81.1287, 88.3914, 99.1715

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 79.2239, 91.3690, 108.0682 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(207, 254, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(207, 254, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 254, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(207, 254, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 79.2239, 91.3690, 108.0682 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(207, 254, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(207, 254, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(207, 254, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(207, 254, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 254, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 254,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 79.2239, 91.3690, 108.0682 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(207, 254, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(207,  
254, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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