

# Converting Colors

XYZ(79.2441, 93.6776, 25.6671)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(79.2441, 93.6776, 25.6671)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(79.2521, 93.6809,  
25.7096)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFF63
RGB	255, 255, 99
RGB Percent	100%, 100%, 39%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0000, 0.6117
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.61, 0.00
HSL	60°, 100%, 69%
HSV	60°, 61%, 100%
XYZ	79.2521, 93.6809, 25.7096
YIQ	237.2160, 50.0760, -48.5160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

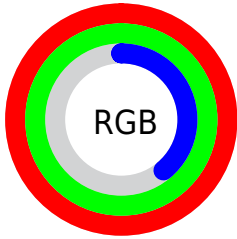
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	99, 255, 99
Decimal	16777059
CIE Lab	97.50, -18.63, 72.08
CIE LCh	98, 74.448, 104.491
Yxy	93.6809, 0.3990, 0.4716
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294967139 (0xFFFFFFFF63)
YUV	237.2160, -68.1405, 15.5966
Hunter-Lab	96.7889, -23.2223, 52.0033

# Details

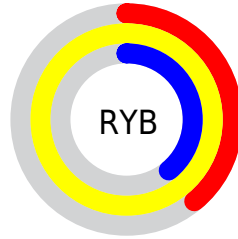
The XYZ color **79.2521, 93.6809, 25.7096** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF66**. A complement of this color would be **27.6585, 18.7976, 96.7783**, and the grayscale version is **81.1435, 85.3693, 92.9672**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83.0008, 95.1803, 45.4495**, and **43.2790, 52.5889, 9.7033** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.2191, 93.2676, 20.2713**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80.6699, 94.2479, 33.1765**.

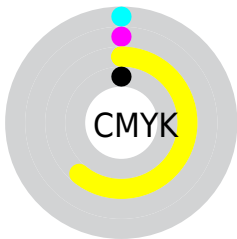
# Distribution



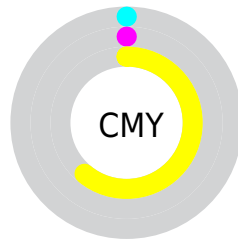
- Red (100%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (61%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 79.2521, 93.6809, 25.7096 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 79.2521, 93.6809, 25.7096 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 79.2521, 93.6809,  
25.7096

 79.2521, 93.6809,  
25.7096


481.1838,  
539.9334, 294.9136


 59.4095, 71.0376,  
16.3827


 131.2698,  
152.4410, 53.7844


 43.1905, 52.3729,  
9.6381


 164.1755,  
189.3265, 73.3694

 30.2297, 37.3024,  
5.0572


 202.1663,  
231.7282, 97.2108

 20.1620, 25.4417,  
2.2215

 245.6075,  
280.0305, 125.7272

 12.6218, 16.4064,  
0.6868

294.8645,  
334.6177, 159.3372

 7.2438, 9.8122,  
0.0000

350.3027,

 3.6627, 5.2746,

395.8744, 198.4592

0.0000

412.2873,  
464.1848, 243.5118

■ 1.5132, 2.4093,  
0.0000

■ 0.3348, 0.8307,  
0.0000

■ 79.2521, 93.6809,  
25.7096

■ 79.2521, 93.6809,  
25.7096

■ 78.2191, 93.2676,  
20.2713

■ 80.6699, 94.2479,  
33.1765

■ 77.5332, 92.9932,  
16.6599

■ 82.5052, 94.9821,  
42.8411

■ 77.1493, 92.8397,  
14.6385

■ 84.7874, 95.8949,  
54.8587

■ 76.9995, 92.7797,  
13.8500

■ 87.5431, 96.9972,  
69.3697

90.7968, 98.2987,  
86.5033

94.5715, 99.8086,  
106.3801

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

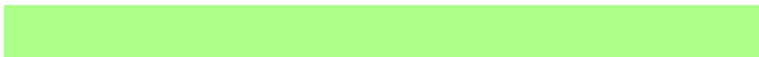
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



100.3582, 93.6809, 25.9239



79.2521, 93.6809, 25.7096



63.4847, 93.6809, 39.4559

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.2521, 93.6809, 25.7096



63.0778, 93.6809, 207.2668



134.2328, 93.6809, 136.4045

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79.2521, 93.6809, 25.7096



27.6585, 18.7976, 96.7783

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



120.6726, 93.6809, 209.6230



79.2521, 93.6809, 25.7096



78.6081, 93.6809, 260.3215

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



79.2521, 93.6809, 25.7096



55.1993, 93.6809, 133.9929



99.6042, 93.6809, 261.3229



134.4788, 93.6809, 75.5580



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79.2521, 93.6809, 25.7096



57.1629, 93.6809, 59.6336



99.6042, 93.6809, 261.3229



130.9954, 93.6809, 160.7988

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.2521, 93.6808, 25.7108



88.5209, 97.3884, 74.5188



47.9547, 31.0856, 15.2782



18.7549, 20.7682, 14.9377



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.2521, 93.6808, 25.7108



78.0692, 93.2076, 19.4820



56.1444, 81.7683, 24.6294



19.5613, 21.0908, 19.1843



40.2339, 48.4794, 7.2369



3.9174, 4.7203, 0.7046



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.6585, 18.7976, 96.7783



22.6126, 12.7176, 95.8707



40.6443, 25.4920, 97.3860



17.0031, 17.3778, 22.7080



9.4315, 3.7726, 49.6657

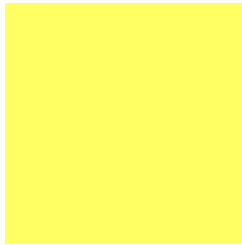


0.9183, 0.3673, 4.8358



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 79.2521, 93.6809, 25.7096 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

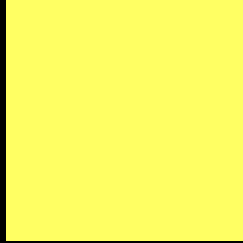
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 79.2521, 93.6809, 25.7096 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 79.2521, 93.6809, 25.7096**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 79.2521, 93.6809, 25.7096.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 79.2521, 93.6809,



# Color Blindness Simulation

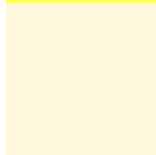
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



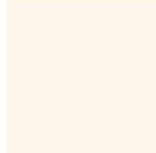
### Original Color

79.2521, 93.6809, 25.7096



### Protanopia

87.9922, 93.6687, 82.5494



### Deuteranopia

89.4818, 93.2860, 93.4106



## Tritanopia

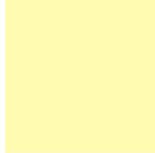
91.3050, 93.5299, 104.5076

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

79.2521, 93.6809, 25.7096



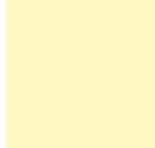
## Protanomaly

83.6730, 93.4287, 55.2185



## Deuteranomaly

84.0853, 92.5992, 60.4554



## Tritanomaly

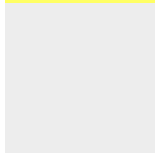
85.0795, 92.9969, 65.6906

# Monochromacy



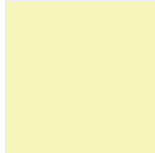
## Original Color

79.2521, 93.6809, 25.7096



## Achromatopsia

80.4953, 84.6873, 92.2245



## Achromatomaly

78.6286, 87.5223, 59.7630

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 79.2521, 93.6809, 25.7096 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 255, 99)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 255, 99)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 255, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 255, 99) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 79.2521, 93.6809, 25.7096 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 255, 99) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 255, 99) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 255, 99)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 255, 99); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 99);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255,  
99) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 79.2521, 93.6809, 25.7096 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 255, 99) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
255, 99) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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