

Converting Colors

XYZ(79.3568, 93.7227, 26.2607)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(79.3568, 93.7227, 26.2607)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(79.3490, 93.7196,
26.2195)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | FFFF65 |
| RGB | 255, 255, 101 |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 100%, 40% |
| CMY | 0.0000, 0.0000, 0.6039 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.00, 0.60, 0.00 |
| HSL | 60°, 100%, 70% |
| HSV | 60°, 60%, 100% |
| XYZ | 79.3490, 93.7196, 26.2195 |
| YIQ | 237.4440, 49.4340, -47.8940 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

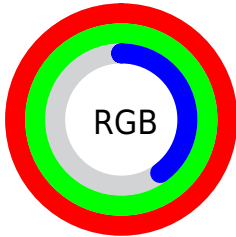
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 101, 255, 101 |
| Decimal | 16777061 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 97.52, -18.50, 71.29 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 98, 73.656, 104.550 |
| Yxy | 93.7196, 0.3982, 0.4703 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294967141 (0xFFFFFFFF65) |
| YUV | 237.4440, -67.2669, 15.3966 |
| Hunter-Lab | 96.8089, -23.1088, 51.7082 |

Details

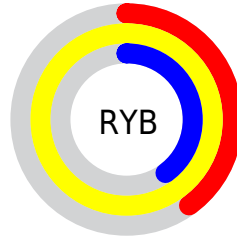
The XYZ color **79.3490, 93.7196, 26.2195** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF66**. A complement of this color would be **28.0716, 19.2953, 96.8526**, and the grayscale version is **81.3138, 85.5484, 93.1622**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83.0858, 95.2143, 45.8974**, and **43.3293, 52.6090, 9.9687** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.2871, 93.2948, 20.6291**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80.7984, 94.2993, 33.8529**.

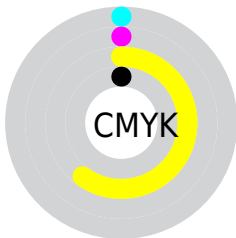
Distribution



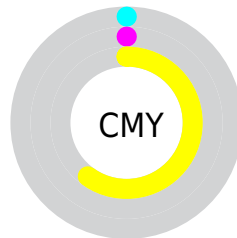
- Red (100%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 79.3490, 93.7196, 26.2195 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 79.3490, 93.7196, 26.2195 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 79.3490, 93.7196,
26.2195

 79.3490, 93.7196,
26.2195


481.5062,
540.0577, 297.4976


 59.4894, 71.0698,
16.7607


 131.4054,
152.4945, 54.6173


 43.2551, 52.3991,
9.9039


 164.3329,
189.3883, 74.3933

 30.2807, 37.3233,
5.2305

 202.3472,
231.7990, 98.4455

 20.2009, 25.4579,
2.3220

 245.8135,
280.1108, 127.1924

 12.6503, 16.4185,
0.7435

295.0972,
334.7082, 161.0525

 7.2635, 9.8208,
0.0000

350.5636,

 3.6752, 5.2803,

395.9755, 200.4444

0.0000

412.5782,
464.2973, 245.7866

■ 1.5201, 2.4127,
0.0000

■ 0.3394, 0.8324,
0.0000

■ 79.3490, 93.7196,
26.2195

■ 79.3490, 93.7196,
26.2195

■ 78.2871, 93.2948,
20.6291

■ 80.7984, 94.2993,
33.8529

■ 77.5756, 93.0102,
16.8823

■ 82.6678, 95.0471,
43.6967

■ 77.1699, 92.8479,
14.7461

■ 84.9861, 95.9744,
55.9049

■ 76.9997, 92.7798,
13.8500

■ 87.7800, 97.0920,
70.6170

91.0738, 98.4095,
87.9616

94.8902, 99.9361,
108.0583

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

Harmonies

Analogous

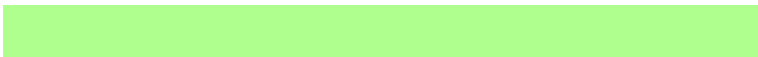
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



100.2297, 93.7196, 26.4093



79.3490, 93.7196, 26.2195



63.7323, 93.7196, 39.9933

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.3490, 93.7196, 26.2195



63.3755, 93.7196, 206.0820



133.7491, 93.7196, 135.9157

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79.3490, 93.7196, 26.2195



28.0716, 19.2953, 96.8526

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



120.3834, 93.7196, 208.1336



79.3490, 93.7196, 26.2195



78.7852, 93.7196, 258.2390

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



79.3490, 93.7196, 26.2195



55.5383, 93.7196, 133.8102



99.5707, 93.7196, 259.1100



133.9637, 93.7196, 75.7519

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79.3490, 93.7196, 26.2195



57.4676, 93.7196, 60.1118



99.5707, 93.7196, 259.1100



130.5623, 93.7196, 159.9903

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.3490, 93.7196, 26.2207



88.5210, 97.3884, 74.5188



48.2433, 31.5080, 15.8521



18.7549, 20.7682, 14.9377



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.3490, 93.7196, 26.2207



78.1500, 93.2400, 19.9069



56.4698, 81.9249, 25.1500



19.5613, 21.0908, 19.1843



40.2340, 48.4795, 7.2369



3.9174, 4.7203, 0.7046

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.0716, 19.2953, 96.8526



22.9568, 13.1323, 95.9326



41.0648, 25.9936, 97.4606



17.0031, 17.3778, 22.7080



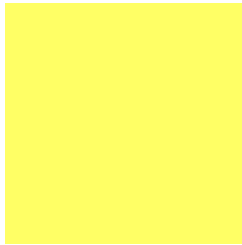
9.4315, 3.7726, 49.6657



0.9183, 0.3673, 4.8358

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 79.3490, 93.7196, 26.2195 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

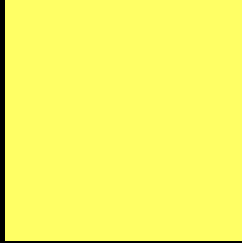
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 79.3490, 93.7196, 26.2195 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

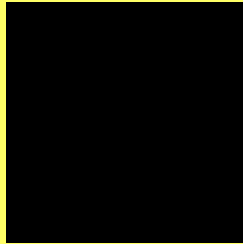
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 79.3490, 93.7196, 26.2195

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 79.3490, 93.7196, 26.2195.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 79.3490, 93.7196,

Color Blindness Simulation

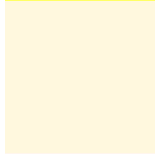
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



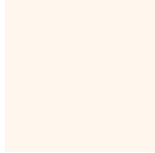
Original Color

79.3490, 93.7196, 26.2195



Protanopia

87.9922, 93.6687, 82.5494



Deuteranopia

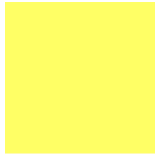
89.4818, 93.2860, 93.4106



Tritanopia

91.3050, 93.5299, 104.5076

Trichromacy



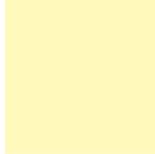
Original Color

79.3490, 93.7196, 26.2195



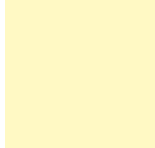
Protanomaly

83.7731, 93.4687, 55.7454



Deuteranomaly

84.1928, 92.6422, 61.0213



Tritanomaly

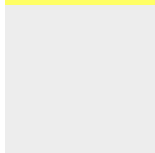
85.0795, 92.9969, 65.6906

Monochromacy



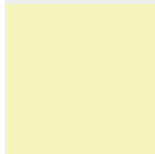
Original Color

79.3490, 93.7196, 26.2195



Achromatopsia

80.4953, 84.6873, 92.2245



Achromatomaly

78.7360, 87.5653, 60.3289

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 79.3490, 93.7196, 26.2195 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 255, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 255, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 255, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 255, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 79.3490, 93.7196, 26.2195 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 255, 101) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 255, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 255, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 255, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255,  
101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 79.3490, 93.7196, 26.2195 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 255, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
255, 101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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