

Converting Colors

XYZ(79.6286, 83.7754, 91.2315)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(79.6286, 83.7754, 91.2315)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(79.7278, 83.8799,
91.3452)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ECECEC
RGB	236, 236, 236
RGB Percent	93%, 93%, 93%
CMY	0.0745, 0.0745, 0.0745
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	124°, 0%, 93%
HSV	124°, 0%, 93%
XYZ	79.7278, 83.8799, 91.3452
YIQ	236.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	236, 236, 236
Decimal	15527148
CIE Lab	93.40, 0.00, -0.01
CIE LCh	93, 0.011, 296.417
Yxy	83.8799, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293717228 (0xFFECECEC)
YUV	236.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	91.5860, -4.8869, 4.9760

Details

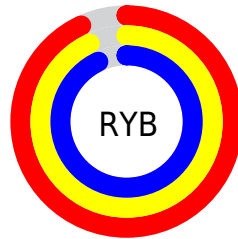
The XYZ color **79.7278, 83.8799, 91.3452** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **79.7309, 83.8820, 91.3496**, and the grayscale version is **79.7309, 83.8831, 91.3487**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **43.3819, 45.6411, 49.7032** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69.3763, 78.8957, 75.0567**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89.2871, 88.4742, 106.9790**.

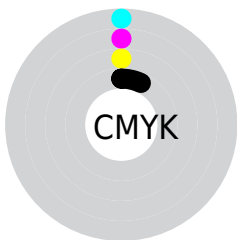
Distribution



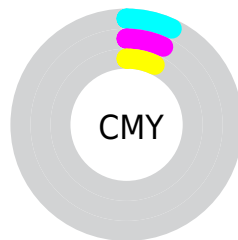
- Red (93%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 79.7278, 83.8799, 91.3452 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 79.7278, 83.8799, 91.3452 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 79.7278, 83.8799,
91.3452

■ 79.7278, 83.8799,
91.3452

482.7655,
507.9143, 553.0797

■ 59.8021, 62.9163,
68.5169

131.9355,
138.8072, 151.1573

■ 43.5080, 45.7735,
49.8491

164.9482,
173.5396, 188.9783

■ 30.4801, 32.0671,
34.9231

203.0539,
213.6304, 232.6338

■ 20.3532, 21.4128,
23.3206

246.6180,
259.4640, 282.5425

■ 12.7618, 13.4261,
14.6229

296.0059,
311.4249, 339.1229

■ 7.3406, 7.7226,
8.4115

351.5829,

■ 3.7242, 3.9180,

369.8972, 402.7935

4.2678

413.7143,
435.2656, 473.9730

■ 1.5473, 1.6278,
1.7734

■ 0.3577, 0.3762,
0.4103

■ 79.7278, 83.8799,
91.3452

■ 79.7278, 83.8799,
91.3452

■ 69.3763, 78.8957,
75.0567

■ 89.2871, 88.4742,
106.9790

■ 60.4039, 74.5755,
60.8476

■ 52.7546, 70.8945,
48.6359

■ 46.3657, 67.8223,
38.3321

■ 41.1695, 65.3262,
29.8400

■ 37.0920, 63.3701,
23.0547

■ 34.0508, 61.9141,
17.8608

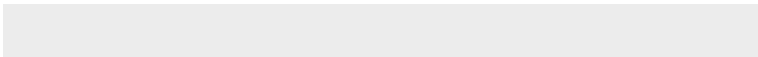
■ 31.9522, 60.9127,
14.1288

■ 30.6856, 60.3120,
11.7085

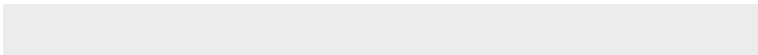
Harmonies

Analogous

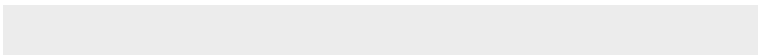
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79.7250, 83.8799, 91.3468



79.7278, 83.8799, 91.3452



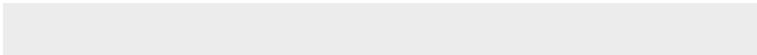
79.7300, 83.8799, 91.3398

Triad

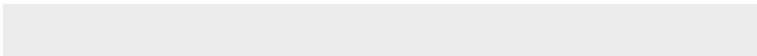
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.7278, 83.8799, 91.3452



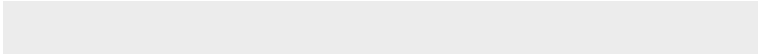
79.7284, 83.8799, 91.3177



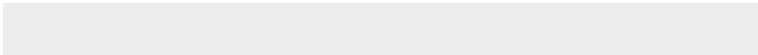
79.7198, 83.8799, 91.3300

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



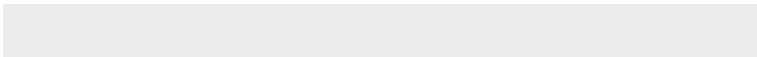
79.7278, 83.8799, 91.3452



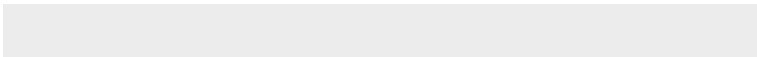
79.7309, 83.8820, 91.3496

Split Complementary

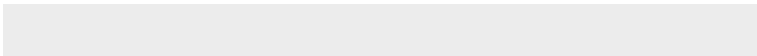
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79.7207, 83.8799, 91.3222



79.7278, 83.8799, 91.3452



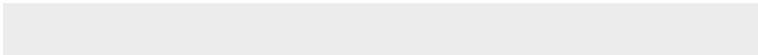
79.7257, 83.8799, 91.3151

Square

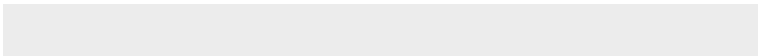
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



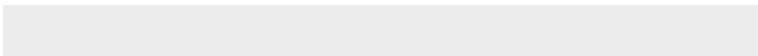
79.7278, 83.8799, 91.3452



79.7303, 83.8799, 91.3239



79.7229, 83.8799, 91.3167



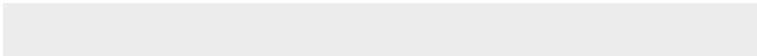
79.7204, 83.8799, 91.3380

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



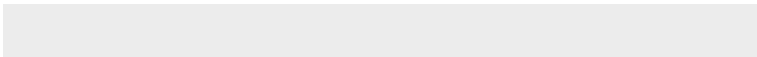
79.7278, 83.8799, 91.3452



79.7307, 83.8799, 91.3347



79.7229, 83.8799, 91.3167



79.7199, 83.8799, 91.3272

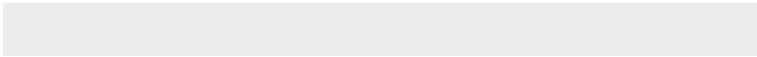
Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.7302, 83.8835, 91.3470

95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000



79.7315, 83.8842, 91.3469



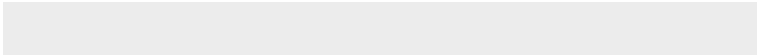
20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

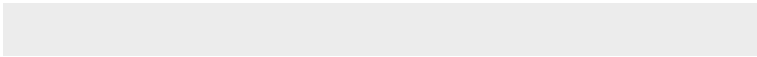
Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.7302, 83.8835, 91.3470

95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000



79.7305, 83.8836, 91.3486



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



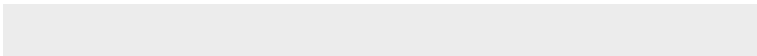
16.5929, 33.0916, 5.8214



1.3157, 2.6036, 0.5244

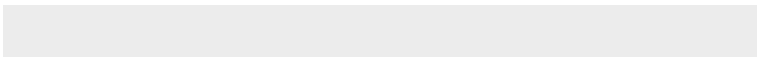
Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79.7309, 83.8820, 91.3496

95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000



79.7306, 83.8819, 91.3480



17.0014, 17.8868, 19.4787



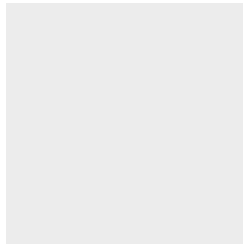
26.3533, 12.7440, 39.2573



2.0811, 1.0054, 3.1446

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 79.7278, 83.8799, 91.3452 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

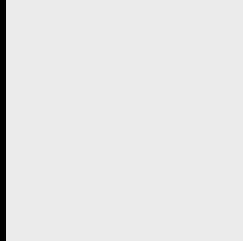
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 79.7278, 83.8799, 91.3452 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

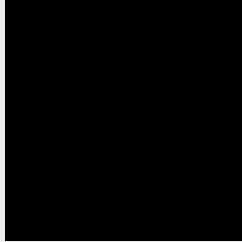
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

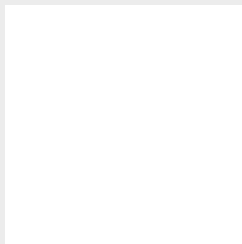
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 79.7278, 83.8799, 91.3452

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 79.7278, 83.8799, 91.3452.



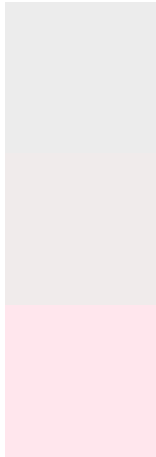
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 79.7278, 83.8799,

91.3452.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

79.7278, 83.8799, 91.3452

Protanopia

80.6389, 83.9401, 90.5492

Deuteranopia

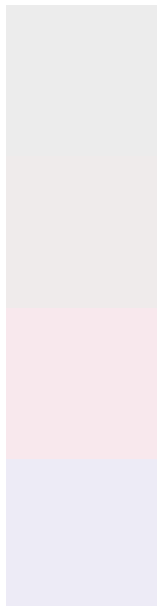
84.8229, 83.9681, 91.8576



Tritanopia

82.2534, 84.0511, 103.9837

Trichromacy



Original Color

79.7278, 83.8799, 91.3452

Protanomaly

80.3003, 83.7655, 90.5333

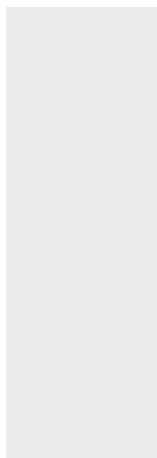
Deuteranomaly

82.8541, 83.7841, 91.9258

Tritanomaly

81.2679, 84.0750, 99.1336

Monochromacy



Original Color

79.7278, 83.8799, 91.3452

Achromatopsia

79.7278, 83.8799, 91.3452

Achromatomaly

79.7278, 83.8799, 91.3452

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 79.7278, 83.8799, 91.3452 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(236, 236, 236) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(236, 236, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(236, 236, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(236, 236, 236) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 79.7278, 83.8799, 91.3452 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(236, 236, 236) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(236, 236, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(236, 236, 236)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(236, 236, 236); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 236, 236);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 236,  
236) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 79.7278, 83.8799, 91.3452 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(236, 236, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(236,  
236, 236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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